

Roosevelt Likens Fight On Inflation To War Front

'Restraints' Urged In Radio Address To Bait 'Dangerous' Threat to Economy

House Farm Vote
HOUSE LOWERS CEILING on soil conservation payments and will vote today on surplus sales at less than parity prices. Page 4.
(Text of President's Radio Talk, Page 4.)

Another Front

President Roosevelt warned the country last night that if prices keep going up "we shall have inflation of a very dangerous" kind which would hamper the war effort and "inevitably plunge everyone... into ruinous deflation later."

Though his radio address was directed primarily at farm gatherings throughout the country, his warning was spoken to "city workers and farm workers alike."

The fight against inflation, he declared, is as vital as the struggle with bullets and bombs, and it calls for cooperation and restraint on the part of every group.

Compulsory Denial

The Chief Executive had been expected since he was addressing farmers observing the anniversary of the Administration's farm program, to attack the Congressional farm bloc's efforts to force through a prohibition against the sale of Government-owned surplus commodities at less than parity prices. Mr. Roosevelt declared the restrictive clause would contribute to inflation and add a billion dollars a year to the Nation's cost of living. But in his talk last night he made no direct reference to the issue.

He told his hearers that the fight to prevent inflation "calls for mutual good will and a willingness to live in the other fellow's shoes. It calls for unflinching vigilance and effective action by the Government to prevent profiteering and unfair returns, alike, for services and for goods."

"Indispensable to Victory"

Unless the upward trend is halted, he said, "we shall have such a steep rise in prices and the cost of living that the entire Nation will be hurt."

Mr. Roosevelt referred to a considerable amount of discussion lately about the alleged complacency of the American people but said that he was certain "that the American people are not now, and have not been, complacent."

"Americans are preparing with all possible speed to take their

See ROOSEVELT, Page 4, Column 1.

Court of Appeals Orders New Trial In Rape Case Here

The United States Court of Appeals here yesterday ordered a new trial for James R. McKenzie, 21, Negro, who was sentenced to death for the rape and robbery of a laundry clerk last summer.

The court found that Federal Judge T. Whitfield Davidson, who was presiding, failed to instruct the jurors to acquit McKenzie if they entertained reasonable doubts of the proof of any element of the prosecution case.

The appeal was presented by Attorney John H. Wilson.

WPB to 'Freeze' Slim Silhouette

The WPB is drafting regulations for women's styles designed to "more or less freeze" the present slim fashion silhouette, it was announced yesterday.

Maximum lengths and sweeps of skirts will be dealt with, it was made clear, but the regulations will be intended to prevent rapidly changing styles making present garments out of date.

(Detailed Story, Page 13.)

'Fighting Words' Ruled Illegal

The Supreme Court found yesterday that the terms "damned racketeer" and "damned fascist" are in effect "fighting words." It upheld a New Hampshire law forbidding use of epithets likely to disturb the peace.

(Detailed Story on Page 1.)

The Great Boondoggle

Mellett's Monster Won't Lack For Funds Despite Congress

Lowell Mellett's fast growing monster—the huge information bureau being constructed on Pennsylvania Avenue between Fourteenth and Fifteenth Streets Northwest—is regarded as a favorite son of the Office of Government Reports, and stands to receive ample supplies of Federal funds in spite of rising Congressional criticism. The Post learned yesterday.

OGR officials plan to ask anew for money to staff and equip the information center the next time the House considers a deficiency appropriation bill, Philip C. Hamblet, its executive officer, said yesterday. Previously, a Senate subcommittee declined to remove an \$800,000 ceiling on the amount the agency could receive from lump-sum funds at the disposal of the President. The request had been made to enable OGR to spend \$285,000 for staff and equipment for the new center.

But if Congress does not comply with a second request, OGR will just reshuffle its various subordinate divisions, close some out-of-town offices, fire some employees and thus secure funds for the needed staff and equipment, Hamblet said. Since, in the interval, some time has been

lost, OGR will be able to save some of the additional staff expenses, reducing the amount needed to about \$250,000, Hamblet said.

Meanwhile, Senator Harry F. Byrd (Democrat), of Virginia, chairman of the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures, took two steps to throw a floodlight on the whole proceeding. In a letter to Mellett, who is director of OGR, Byrd asked for an accounting of where the money for the information bureau was coming from, how many additional employees would be needed, and a complete list of all present and prospective employees and their salaries.

As a second step, Byrd directed his aides to submit a questionnaire to all Government agencies which might use lump-sum appropriations available at the direction of President Roosevelt.

"In cases like this, where agencies take advantage of such funds to do things for which Congress has refused to appropriate money, Congress has virtually lost its appropriation power," Byrd declared.

Chief Congressional complaint is that Mellett went ahead with this. See BUREAU, Page 6, Column 4.

Petticoat Precedent

Women's Army Auxiliary Bill May Come Up in House Today

On schedule for consideration by the House today provided action is completed on the agricultural appropriations measure, is the bill introduced by Congresswoman Edith Nourse Rogers (Republican), of Massachusetts, to establish a Women's Army Auxiliary Corps.

Indorsed by the War Department and approved unanimously by the Military Affairs Committee, the bill is expected to pass, accompanied by little opposition but much discussion. It would permit women between the ages of 21 and 45 to volunteer for service with the Army in noncombatant jobs assigned by the Secretary of War.

The first block of volunteers would be assigned to aircraft watch duty, according to War Department plans, and could serve abroad. This would be the first time the United States has permitted military service for women except in Nurse Corps and in the Navy's yeomanette section during the World War. Since no special legislation was needed for the yeomanettes, this will be the first time members of Congress have had the chance to "go to town"

on what they think about military duty for the womenfolk.

Despite all the stories about women in aircraft jobs and munitions plants, womanpower of this country scarcely has been touched by the war effort to date.

Arguments in favor of the bill will not be based on a shortage of manpower, either—except in prospect—but will take the line suggested by the War Department to the effect that some Army jobs "naturally can be done better by women than by men."

In the British Isles, on the other hand, 6000 women are being placed in war jobs every day—many of them by conscription—and "the problem of manpower becomes increasingly the problem of womanpower."

"According to the British Press Service, five million women actually have been registered under the national service act, and 50,000 of them are being interviewed weekly. Registration of all women between 20 and 41 years of age will be completed by June, and registration of girls from 18 to 19 will begin immediately thereafter."

'Failure on Domestic Front'

Tolan Inquiry Asks Single War Procurement Agency

By Alfred Friendly
Post Staff Writer

In a report outspokenly critical of both organization and personnel of the armament program, a special House committee yesterday demanded a single war procurement agency to remedy past and present "failure to organize the domestic front of the battle of production."

The study, prepared by the Tolan Committee investigating defense migration, declared that although America must surpass Axis production by three or four times, "it is clear that to date we have not even begun to equal their output."

The explanation of the failure, the report contended, lay in the fact that "authority over procurement operations has been divided," with the result that the full manufacturing capabilities of the Nation remain unrealized.

An ineffective procurement system constituted a "virtually insurmountable obstacle to effective planning," which has been hampered by "the limited production experience

of the supply branches of the armed services, and particularly by their limited conception of conversion," the report stated.

Alluding to the appointment of Donald M. Nelson as War Production Board chairman with final authority, the committee argued that "centralization of procurement in a civilian board has not yet been accomplished."

It was also critical of the "absence of any considerable changes in the personnel of the independent procurement agencies as well as in the division heads of the WPB." This indicates, the report explained, that the "faulty procedures" of the past may be continued and that improvement will be limited by a personnel "which has no adequate conception of the production necessities of total war."

More "reshuffling" of personnel is inadequate, the report asserted, implying that the Nelson reorganization, See TOLAN, Page 6, Column 3.

Charge and Countercharge

Defense Council Asks Probe Of Raid Warden Suspensions

Immediate investigation of all the suspensions of air-raid wardens ordered in the last few days by Chief Air Raid Warden Clement Murphy was asked by the District Defense Council yesterday of Brig. Gen. Walter Reed, inspector general.

In the meantime, Chief Murphy is caught between quarrels coming at him from two directions—Southeast Washington and Columbia Heights.

Suspension from warden duties was announced yesterday for the following four Columbia Heights volunteers: Hallett Hill, 3314 Fourteenth Street Northwest; Percy C. Smith, 1436 Park Road Northwest; Charles E. Wolfe, 1448 Girard Street Northwest and Mrs. Ernest W. How-

ard, 1521 Monroe Street Northwest. In a similar letter to these four, Murphy wrote: "Investigations have disclosed the fact that the efficiency and morale of the air-raid warden services demand that this suspension action be taken at this time."

S. Alfred Nash was named acting deputy warden to replace Hill at least until the investigation is completed.

In Southeast Washington, William A. Robinson, 211 Sixth Street Southeast, and five of his assistants were suspended for demanding the resignation of Deputy Warden G. Cornelius "in an unauthorized manner." Murphy, who declared Robinson to be a "swell guy," said

See WARDEN, Page 4, Column 2.

Army, Navy Setup Shuffled, Stark's Duties Given to King; Our Subs Hit 5 Jap Warships

Destroyer Sunk; Plane Carrier And 3 Cruisers Are Torpedoed

By John G. Norris
Post Staff Writer

American submarines torpedoed six Japanese vessels—five of them large warships—during operations in Far Eastern waters last week, the Navy announced yesterday.

Two of the ships, a destroyer leader and a large tanker, were sunk, while an aircraft carrier and three cruisers were damaged and "definitely put out of action," the Navy communique stated.

These operations, dealing Japanese sea power one of the heaviest blows of the war, brings the total number of Japanese aircraft carriers and cruisers sunk or seriously damaged to approximately one-third of the probable prewar Japanese strength in these categories.

Few details of last week's submarine action were given in the Navy communique, but it was emphasized that the ships torpedoed had not been listed in any prior reports either from here or the United Nations' headquarters in the Southwest Pacific.

Two torpedo hits were scored on the Japanese aircraft carrier and two on one of the cruisers, it was said. The other two cruisers were each hit once.

The destroyer leader sunk probably was a vessel of 2000 tons or more. Japan has a number of such large-size destroyers, used as fleet leaders. The 395-foot craft carry six 5-inch guns and numerous torpedo tubes.

Fourth Jap Carrier Hit
American Army and Navy communique, prior to yesterday's announcement, have listed one Japanese aircraft carrier as definitely sunk, one as probably sunk, and another as "seriously damaged."

They have listed two cruisers as sunk, one probably sunk and 14 "seriously damaged."

Japan's carrier strength at the beginning of the war was believed to total about 11 vessels, and she was variously estimated to have from 40 to 70 cruisers. The Dutch have also sunk or damaged a number of Jap cruisers.

With such a large proportion of their carrier and cruiser strength probably out of action, the Japanese may find their future conquest plans distinctly handicapped, naval men here believe.

The submarine actions reported yesterday covered the week ended

See NAVY, Page 2, Column 1.

Winant Believes Churchill Won't Be Thrown Out

John G. Winant, United States Ambassador to Great Britain, said last night, following a two-hour conference with President Roosevelt, that he did not believe the Churchill government would be unseated as a result of recent United Nations reverses in the Pacific.

Winant, who arrived here earlier, spent most of the afternoon with the President.

He said "a definite increase in efficiency, production and drive" had resulted in Great Britain from the Allied reverses in the Pacific, that the fall of Singapore and Hongkong and the plight of Java had made the British people only "more determined" to win.

Bi-Partisan Group Assists Langer

A bipartisan group of about a dozen Senators yesterday attacked charges by the Senate Elections Committee that William Langer, of North Dakota, is guilty of "moral turpitude" and therefore is unfit to sit in the Senate.

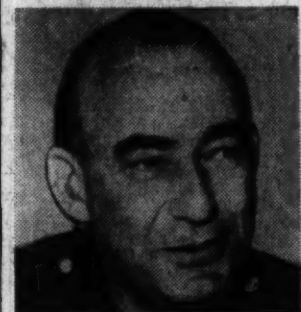
It was the first day of the Senate debate on the committee's report recommending that the former North Dakota Governor be "excluded" from the Senate, which he entered in January, 1941.

(Details on Page 6.)

McNarney, Air Officer, Made Second in Army To Gen. Marshall

A shake-up of key men of the Army high command, ordered in connection with the sweeping reorganization of the War Department, was announced last night.

The personnel shifts put a 48-year-old air officer, Maj. Gen. Joseph T. McNarney, into the post of deputy chief of staff, second to Gen. George C. Marshall, who remains as chief. Other moves



MAJ. GEN. McNARNEY

bring younger men to the top ranking staff jobs.

The streamlining of the Army, disclosed by Secretary of War Stimson last week, became effective yesterday, and last night's announcement listed the new general staff chiefs and the staffs of three new overall commanders for the ground, air, and naval forces.

To Be Only Deputy

McNarney, head of the Army reorganization board, which worked out the new streamlined system, will be the only deputy chief of staff under the revised setup. Previously there were three deputies—Lieut. Gen. Henry H. Arnold, Maj. Gen. Richard C. Moore and Maj. Gen. William E. Blyden.

Arnold, 58, is commander of the air forces under the change, while Moore and Blyden, both 61, will be assigned to other duties.

No immediate change was made in the five assistant chief of staff posts, but the War Department announcement said that in the near future two of the present staff division heads would be succeeded by air force officers. Their successors are not available at present to relieve them, it was said.

Virtually all of the assistant chiefs of staff for the ground, air and supply forces are under 50 years old. Youngest is Brig. Gen. Laurence S. Kuter, 37, who takes the key post of deputy chief of air staff. He is

See COMMAND, Page 2, Column 6.

Ed Flynn Fears Accuser Suffers From Delusions

New York, March 9 (AP)—Paul J. Kern, ousted chairman of the municipal civil service commission, asserted today that Mayor F. H. LaGuardia and Bronx Borough President James J. Lyons had made a "complete deal" to cover up an investigation of the paving of a courtyard on a country estate owned by Edward J. Flynn, Democratic national chairman.

Kern charged Saturday that 27 city employees built the antique Belgian yard with city-owned granite blocks.

Flynn, in a statement telephoned from Florida, said in part: "I am afraid Kern is suffering from a delusion of self-importance and self-righteousness which has unbalanced his mind."

Morgenthau Bars Tax-Exemption Cut

Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau yesterday asserted that low-income groups are making their "fair contribution in taxes," and opposed further taxation at this time of such persons either through lowering of present personal exemptions or through a general sales tax.

(Details on Page 3.)

Two Vs. Man o' War

Flying D. C. Marine Helped Sink Jap Cruiser at Wake

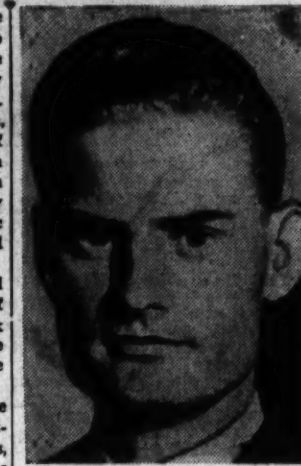
A native Washingtonian was one of two Marine Corps aviators who sank a Japanese cruiser during the Battle of Wake Island, the Navy Department announced last night. He was Capt. Frank C. Tharin, who, with Maj. Henry T. Elrod, of Thomasville, Ga., accounted for a cruiser off the beleaguered island on December 11. It was the first heavy warship to be sunk in the Pacific area by pilots of the American naval service.

It also was disclosed that Second Lieut. David D. Kilewer, of Wheaton, Ill., was the flier who sank a Japanese submarine in these waters the following day in the late afternoon.

Maj. Elrod and Capt. Tharin were flying Grumman single-seated fighters when a fleet of enemy cruisers, destroyers, gunboats and transports attacked at dawn on December 11, the report stated. Two other pilots, as yet unidentified, participated in the defense.

The four pilots were members of Maj. Paul A. Putnam's squadron that was reduced to a strength of four planes in the first Japanese attack, it was said. The Marine aviators attacked in pairs.

The cruiser was hit with eight



CAPT. FRANK THARIN

100-pound bombs. The ship then sank. The other two pilots badly damaged another ship, which was seen to be trailing smoke as it left the area.

During the entire action the Marine pilots dropped 20 bombs and fired a total of 20,000 50-caliber

See MARINE, Page 6, Column 6.

Organized Resistance Ends in Java

Japanese Report Complete Surrender; Exiled Dutch Deny It

Australia Prepares

AUSTRALIA takes over broad legal powers to carry out "scorched earth" policy as Jap bombers attack Port Moresby in follow-up of landings on New Guinea, Page 3.

BRITISH RETREAT from Rangoon after putting torch to city, Page 3.

JAPS CLAIM conquest of India and occupation of Rangoon, Page 3.

Sourabaya Falls

By The Associated Press
London, March 9.—The last strong Dutch position on Java, Bandoeng, has fallen and the Japanese have overrun substantially all the island, appeared tonight to be stamping out the last sparks of Dutch resistance.

The Imperial Japanese headquarters officially claimed that the main Allied bodies—93,000 Dutch and 5000 British and American troops—had surrendered unconditionally in or near Bandoeng and Sourabaya, the great naval base.

Of this, there was no confirmation here, but there could be no certain disproof of it for again there was only silence from Java.

Netherlands authorities here rejected the idea of any such total surrender and expressed the conviction that Dutchmen still were fighting whenever and wherever a single company could make a useful stand.

The Netherlands government in London issued a statement that any

See JAVA, Page 3, Column 2.

Guerillas Burn Nazi Supplies In Smolensk

Russians Launch Attacks Against 3 Strong Points Guarding Orel Citadel

R. A. F. Strikes Again

R. A. F. CONTINUES brisk pace of spring offensive with heavy raids from Ruhr Valley to northern France, Page 3.

Drive to the West

By The United Press
Moscow (Tuesday), March 10.—Red army troops have launched attacks against three strong points guarding the German fortified citadel at Orel while Soviet guerrillas have penetrated into German-held Smolensk, burning warehouses containing food, clothing and ammunition, according to reports from the front today.

To the southward, it was said, Soviet forces totaling 90,000 men are attacking along a 50-mile front between Taganrog and Stalino and have driven into German positions at several points.

Heavy fighting was continuing around Kharkov with the Soviet offensive continuing.

In the Leningrad area the Soviet steel ring drawn around the German Sixteenth army was being tightened, it was reported, and Russian forces have captured the fortified garrison town of "V" (probably Vinetjino) on the shores of Lake Imen, 25 miles northwest of Staraya Russa.

The Russian encirclement of Orel was described as complete, with Red army troops battling for three strong points in the main German defense line—the villages of Chotinet, Pesochkaya and Kromi.

Last night's reports said Russian shock troops were driving the German forces back.

See RUSSIA, Page 3, Column 4.

Perhaps on Himself

Conqueror of Singapore Sent To Try Sword on MacArthur

(MacArthur the Magnificent, Page 12.)

Japan has put her most successful military commander in charge of the invasion forces in the Philippines, evidently to head a supreme effort to crush Gen. Douglas MacArthur's little army on Batan.

Lieut. Gen. Tomoyuki Yamashita, conqueror of Malaya and Singapore, has replaced Lieut. Gen. Masanaru Homma in command of the Japanese forces in the Philippines, the War Department said yesterday.

Homma is reported to have committed suicide because of his loss of "face" in failing to crush MacArthur. The greatly outnumbered American-Philippine forces in Luzon have beaten back every Japanese drive

on Batan Peninsula for weeks and recently have counterattacked successfully.

Yamashita's appointment, coinciding with the fall of the Dutch East Indies, strongly indicated to military observers here that Japan will now launch a mighty effort to knock out the American forces in Manila Bay and the defending Army in Batan.

Large forces of bombing planes, released by the fall of Java, are now available for use in the Philippines. If sent to Luzon, they may well tip the balance against MacArthur and do the job Homma and his

See ACTION, Page 2, Column 1.

Naval Operations Chief to Head Our Forces in Europe's Waters

By Marshall Andrews
Post Staff Writer

Admiral Ernest J. King, commander in chief of the United States Fleet, was placed in charge of all activities of the Navy yesterday under an order which streamlined the high command of the Nation's sea forces.

In addition to his present duties, King will assume those of the Chief of Naval Operations. Admiral Harold R. Stark, present Chief of Naval Operations, was relieved from that post and named commander of United States forces operating in European waters, with headquarters at London.

Admiral Stark will relieve Vice Admiral Robert L. Ghormley, present senior United States officer in Great Britain. After a period of temporary duty in Washington, Ghormley will take a command at sea.

As supreme Navy commander, Admiral King will bring under one head the functions preparing long range plans for the war and of the execution of such plans.

Each function will be administered by a staff of officers and it was understood the staffs are now in process of formation. Rear Admiral Russell Wilson, present chief of staff to Admiral King, will continue

to administer Admiral King's duties as commander in chief, United States Fleet. His duties as Chief of Naval Operations will be administered by Rear Admiral F. J. Horne.

See CHANGE, Page 2, Column 2.

Vichy Handed Over 40 Warships To Nazis, Reds Say

By The Associated Press

London, March 9.—The Russian news agency Tass reported from Cairo tonight that about 40 French warships still building at the time of the French armistice of June, 1940, have been handed over by the Vichy government to Germany.

Among them, said the account from Tass' Cairo correspondent, was the battleship Clemenceau, which was at Brest, and an 8000-ton cruiser. "Many" submarines also have been transferred to the Germans, it reported.

"An agreement between Vichy and the Germans for gradual transfer of a large part of the French navy to the Germans was reached a long time ago," it said.

"Under this plan, (Admiral Jean) Darlap recently undertook to turn over to them the battleship Dunkerque after repairs at Toulon."

The Germans claimed that they had seized as prizes of war the incomplete French battleships Richelieu and Clemenceau at Brest.

This report later proved untrue as far as the Richelieu was concerned, that vessel having escaped to Dakar. It probably was correct on the Clemenceau.

See TODAY'S INDEX, Page 14.

Today's Index

Pages	Pages
Amusements 20	Leonard Lyons 20
Bridal 21	Mary Haworth 14
Clubs 17	Picture Page 12
Columnists 11	Radio 28
Crossword 28	Society 18
Death Notices 25	Vital Statistics 25
Editorials 16	Weather 24
Federal Diary 19	What's Going On 24
Financial 24	And Where 29
Legal Record 29	Women's Page 14

Witness Tells How Fleet Bagged Japs

18 of 20 Bombers Shot Down West Of Gilbert Islands in 'Magnificent Victory'

(The following is an eyewitness account of the recent engagement between United States naval and air arms and Japanese bombers in the "honey's nest" of Japanese mandate islands. The battle came several weeks after the United States fleet's successful raid on the Marshall and Gilbert Islands.)

By Tom Yarbrough
Associated Press Staff Writer

With the U. S. fleet in the Pacific, Feb. 20 (Delayed).—The flame and smoke and thunder of bombs and guns have died away now and the score is in.

It is a magnificent victory for Uncle Sam. Twenty Japanese heavy bombers came out to get us and all but two were shot into the sea. We lost two planes but rescued the pilot. Not a single surface vessel was damaged.

Two of the 18 were four-motored Japanese scout planes which were shot down by our air patrols before the battle.

(The United States Navy communiqué of March 3, telling of the battle, did not mention these two. It said 18 of 20 bombers had been shot down.)

The outstanding fliers were Lieut. Edward Henry "Butch" O'Hare, 29-year-old Missourian, who was credited with assisting in the destruction of at least six enemy planes, and his squadron leader, a 38-year-old native of Arkansas.

The commander of this task force reported that the entire squadron "attacked the enemy with determination and skill and deadly effect."

At Japs' Front Door

This spectacular battle of planes against plane-protected ships was our first brush with the Japanese in these waters—at their own front door about 300 miles from Pearl Harbor. It bore out the recent statement of Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, commander in chief of the Pacific Fleet, that we would carry the fight to the enemy across this trackless battlefield of 70 million square miles.

The engagement occurred west of the Gilbert Islands. Our compact force of warships was in geometrical formation around an aircraft carrier and was out here protecting the Allied life line. The carrier of course, was the prize target, but the Japanese didn't touch her. The bombs all fell wide of their mark and their vaunted torpedo bombers—so successful at Pearl Harbor—didn't even appear. With ships on the move it's a different story.

From the highest point on the destroyer beside the aircraft carrier, I watched the battle from beginning to end.

The carrier and her brood had been petting the broad reaches of the blue Pacific but this was her baptism of fire. She came through majestically, launching more planes in the midst of the attack and blazing away with her own guns in chorus with the screen of cruisers and destroyers around her.

Breath-Taking Moment

There was one breath-taking moment—when a Japanese pilot tried to crash his flaming bomber on the stern of the carrier's big flat deck. As the staggering raider glided in crackling with flames started by an attack by our own fighters, the carrier held her fire until the right instant. Then her guns lashed out with a sheet of flame and steel.

The bomber flutered like a stricken bird, turned on its side and shuddered into the sea.

It would be hard to imagine a more fascinating sight.

By this time bombs were falling all around us, sending up eyecatching spray in the tropical sunlight. The metallic blast of the antiaircraft guns was almost deafening but every man on our swaying director platform sang out with loud and long cheer. The carrier steamed on, ready for the next one.

More bombs came down and I made a silent prayer: "God be with us all."

Minutes before, several hundred yards away we had seen the first two victims of our air fighters fall. They were knocked out of their formation, like ducks in a shooting gallery, as the fighters swept down on them. They streaked the sky with red and left great columns of flame rising from the sea. It was

surprising how long the fires lasted. Those babies must have carried a lot of gasoline.

That was this afternoon. The prelude to the battle sounded this morning when our patrol planes shot down two big four-motored Japanese scouts—the only ones they could find.

A total of 18 bombers came at us in two waves about 4:30 p. m. and 7 p. m. Seven got through to the ships the first time and eight the second time.

Antiaircraft gunners were credited with shooting down four and the aerial fighters got 12, possibly 13. Our destroyer laid proud claim to one of the four brought down by the ships' guns.

From the moment we heard our scouts had met and destroyed an enemy patrol plane we were doubly alert for an attack. He might have had time to flash word back to his land base. When the second Japanese patrol went down, that

the alarm sounded more sharply. All afternoon we kept telling each other, "the hour is approaching."

I decided to risk time out for a shave and was just getting ready. The alarm sounded again.

"This is it," said my cabin mate, slipping his bare feet into shoes. "No time for socks this time."

He strapped on a pistol—something he hadn't done for several previous alarms.

With my shirt tail flapping in the breeze, I struck out for my post above the bridge. The executive officer yelled: "You're going to get some news."

U. S. Pilot Rescued

Fluffy white cumulus clouds were all around the horizon and overhead. The enemy formation was in plain sight. Then our fighters bolted out of the clouds above them. The fight was on.

Surprisingly soon it seemed less than a minute—the first bomber came plunging down, trailing a stream of fire. While a red column still stood over the spot where he had been, another one dropped like a gannet's sea bird diving for fish. And there was a second pillar of fire.

Then came what turned out to be the fiercest attraction—a dying pilot's desperate attempt to plant his inferno on the deck of the carrier.

Directly ahead of us a parachute opened. It was one of our pilots. Our destroyer got a call to pick him up. We aimed our nose at the orange lifejacket and tossed out lines. The smile on that pilot's face said a thing to remember. He said later he was the tail of a bomber when they got him. With motor faltering rapidly, he managed to get ahead of the fleet before balling out.

It was still nearly an hour before sunset when a second formation of bombers appeared. Shells seemed to burst all around them and among them, pepping the sky with black puffs. But on they came, still in formation. One dropped out, wheeling and plunging desperately. Others passed right over us—more than 50 bombs fell everywhere.

Fragment Hits Bridge

A small piece of metal zinged against the bridge and the captain yelled: "Give 'em hell—give 'em hell." His voice sounded strange. It occurred to me that I had no cotton in my ears and now, hours later, voices still sound like a phonograph that needs a new needle.

That second formation gave us a breath-taking moment of our own. When we picked up the pilot we lagged behind the other ships. Before we had time to catch up, a bomb fell fairly close to our stern—and presently our rudder jammed.

We went around in crazy, helpless circles, the rest of the fleet steamed ahead. This was no time for towing and, besides, night was falling. With deepest gloom, I pictured us as a sitting bird for the attack that morning might bring with greater numbers and hotter fury.

Nobody else seemed alarmed. I went to work on a piece of chewing gum, and now the story has a happy ending. The rudder trouble cleared in half an hour, and we caught up with our friends.

for 55 ships sunk, probably sunk or seriously damaged. Naval air power, submarines, combined fleet action or Marine Corps shore batteries, the care of the remainder.

The list of Japanese vessels sunk or put out of action—probably for periods of several months—includes three battleships, four aircraft carriers, 20 cruisers, and 16 destroyers. No indication was given by the Navy as to the locale of last week's submarine action, other than it occurred in "Far Eastern waters." The undersea craft probably were under the command of Vice Admiral William A. Glassford, Jr., commander of the Southwest Pacific Area, or of Vice Admiral Herbert F. Leary, commander of the New Zealand forces.

The text of the Navy communiqué follows:

Navy Communiqué No. 32

"Far East—During the week ended March 6, United States submarines operating in Far Eastern waters reported the following casualties inflicted on the naval forces of the enemy:

"1 destroyer leader—sunk.
"1 large naval tanker—sunk.
"Ships damaged and definitely put out of action:
"1 aircraft carrier—two torpedo hits.
"1 cruiser—torpedo hit.
"1 cruiser—two torpedo hits.
"These vessels have not been mentioned previously in any other communiqué."

Bullet Wound Fatal to Soldier

Private William Austin Johnson, 28, attached to Company F, 178th Infantry, was found dead of a gunshot wound in his head Sunday night shortly before 8 o'clock, in his tent at the Anacostia Recreation Area, Anacostia, D. C.

Metropolitan Police said the wound was inflicted by a .30-caliber Springfield rifle aimed by the victim.

Navy Officers Shifted



STARK GHORMLEY WILLSON HORNE
CHANGE, from Page 1.

now assistant Chief of Naval Operations. This shakeup places at the top of the Navy a 63-year-old flying officer at a time when the importance of air power to success at sea has been repeatedly demonstrated. The Navy he commands eventually will have the most powerful air arm afloat.

A Navy spokesman said Admiral Stark, who is 61, would assume duties comparable to those of Admiral William S. Sims, American commander in European waters during the first World War. His duties will be much more inclusive than those exercised up to now by Admiral Ghormley in London.

It was pointed out that creation of the command in European waters did not necessarily mean that large fleet forces now are operating in that area, but was in preparation for possible future increase of operations there. Forces under command of Vice Admiral Royal E. Ingersoll in the Atlantic Fleet will not be altered to provide for Stark's command.

Last night's order ends a rather anomalous situation which has existed in the Navy since Admiral King was appointed commander in

chief of the United States Fleet the first of the year.

Stark, as chief of naval operations, was legally No. 1 officer of the Navy, but under an executive order issued when King was named, the latter became in fact the top officer of the service, exercising broad command over all operations.

Under this order and a subsequent reorganization of the Navy Department approved by President Roosevelt, King took over the greater part of the offices and units under the chief of naval operations. Stark was left with the preparation of the long-range plans for the war and general supervision over supply, procurement and training matters.

About the same time, however, Vice Admiral Samuel M. Robinson was made boss of the Navy's procurement program.

Under the revised setup, King will have powers far greater than any ever placed in the hands of an American naval man before.

It is understood that some further reorganization may be expected in the Navy Department system, probably to increase the power of the Bureau of Aeronautics, a bureau once headed by King.

Conqueror of Singapore Sent To Try Sword on MacArthur

ACTION, from Page 1.

200,000 men failed to do, military men here believe.

The assignment of Yamashita to the Philippines was reported in a communiqué yesterday morning which told of "brisk skirmishes" near Digos on Davao Gulf in Mindanao. There was no fighting in Bataan during the preceding 24 hours, the War Department said.

Yamashita has already set up his field headquarters at San Fernando, an important road junction north-east of Bataan Peninsula in Pampanga Province.

The new Japanese commander scored a brilliant success in Malaya by repeatedly landing troops behind the British lines on the long peninsula, forcing them to drop back.

Similar tactics failed in Luzon, partially because of a shortage of barges, and partially because the Japanese forces in the Philippines had been defeated in the Philippines.

The commander in chief of the Japanese forces in the Philippines is General Tomoyuki Yamashita, who was in command of the successful Japanese drive in Malaya which resulted in the capture of Singapore.

Gen. Yamashita succeeds Gen. Homma, who is reported to have committed suicide because of his failure to destroy Gen. MacArthur's troops. The new Japanese commander has established his field headquarters at San Fernando.

"There is nothing to report from other areas."

haven't had enough bombers to do the job.

Yamashita is known as the foremost advocate of Nazi military tactics in the Japanese army. He headed a mission to Berlin last year and returned, applying his observations to Japanese war plans.

The Jap military leader held important posts in the Chinese campaigns. He was chief of staff of the North China expeditionary army in 1938, and the following year commanded a division in that force. Last year he served on the supreme military council and was commander of Japanese forces in China for a time.

The text of yesterday's War Department communiqué, No. 140 of the day, follows:

"In Mindanao there were some brisk skirmishes in the vicinity of Digos, on Davao Gulf.

"The commander in chief of the Japanese forces in the Philippines is General Tomoyuki Yamashita, who was in command of the successful Japanese drive in Malaya which resulted in the capture of Singapore.

Gen. Yamashita succeeds Gen. Homma, who is reported to have committed suicide because of his failure to destroy Gen. MacArthur's troops. The new Japanese commander has established his field headquarters at San Fernando.

"There is nothing to report from other areas."

Ex-Officer in Jap Army Gets Prison Term in Honolulu

Honolulu, March 9 (P).—Keizaburo Hirano, 56, an alien and former lieutenant in the Japanese imperial army, was fined \$5000 and sentenced to five years at hard labor by a provost court today for failing to report possession of maps showing military establishments in California.

Hirano was lucky that he was not being shot, Lieut. Col. John R. Hermann said in giving the maximum sentence.

The maps showed the location of military installations at Sacramento, Los Angeles, San Jose, Salinas and Fresno.

Police said they found in Hirano's possession three suitcases full of radio tubes and a shortwave radio receiving set registered as owned by a citizen housemaid in his home. Hirano is owner of the Honolulu Gold Exchange Co.

U. S. Craft, Brazilian Ship Torpedoed

BULLETIN
Port Au Prince, Haiti, March 9 (P).—The United States steamer Caredia was reported today to have been sunk Saturday off Mole Saint Nicholas. Twenty-two survivors, including the captain, were understood to have landed at a northwest Haitian port.

By the United Press

Norfolk, Va., March 9.—An Axis submarine, probably Italian, torpedoed and sank the 25-year-old Brazilian cargo ship Arabutan off the North Carolina coast Saturday and then crash-dived when two United States Navy planes appeared overhead; survivors revealed today.

All but one of the Arabutan's 55 crew members survived the attack and landed safely. They were rescued by a warship after 20 hours afloat in four lifeboats. Killed by the torpedo's explosion as he slept in his bunk was Manoel Florencio Goim.

The 7874-ton vessel was the thirty-first attacked off the United States Atlantic seaboard and the twenty-eighth sent to the bottom, but this was the first known instance in which an Italian submarine was believed to have participated in the undersea warfare.

Belief the attacker was an Italian was expressed by Jose Lobo de Medeiros, third officer, who said: "The submarine came possibly within 200 yards of the lifeboats."

Four men were in the conning tower. They were small of stature, of swarthy complexion and all appeared to have black hair. This led us to believe they were Italian."

(Rome claimed last week that Italian submarines had sunk some 27,500 tons of Allied shipping recently in the western Atlantic.)

Medeiros said the submarine struck without warning in mid-afternoon. He was on the bridge with the captain.

"The captain," he said, "notified all aboard to stand by the lifeboats. We stood there for about five minutes and then he gave the order to abandon ship. We were loaded in four lifeboats."

"We pulled about two or three hundred yards away from the ship and waited until the smoke which was about 20 minutes after we had abandoned ship."

Crash Dive as Planes Appear

He said that after the ship sank the submarine came to the surface and circled the lifeboats before it crash dived when two U. S. Navy planes appeared overhead. He said the submarine was about 200 feet long.

Chief Officer Augusto Gomes said the torpedo struck aft and that the Arabutan began sinking almost immediately. He said the navy planes dropped a buoy, then headed for the coast, but it was not until 6 p. m. Sunday that they were rescued.

Aboard the ship was Elyseu Propheta Nascimento, a crew member of the Buarque—first Brazilian ship sunk in U. S. waters.

The Arabutan, carrying a cargo of coal destined for Brazilian railroads, was the third Brazilian ship sunk off the United States Coast in the past three weeks.

This, however, was the first known sinking off the U. S. Eastern Seaboard this month, indicating a slight relaxation in the Axis undersea campaign.

Subs "Hijack" Gas

Atlanta, March 9 (P).—Zack B. Cravey, State commissioner of natural resources, said today he had reliable information that in one or two instances commercial fishing boats had been halted off the Georgia coast by enemy submarines, had their gasoline and oil "hijacked" and had been left stranded.

The incidents occurred in recent weeks, according to reports reaching him, he said, and accounted in part for the curtailment of Georgia's fishing industry since the outbreak of war.

Apprehensive about encountering hostile submarines, many fishermen have been loath to venture out to sea and have had particular difficulty in signing on crews, Cravey said.

New Air Staff Chiefs



BRIG. GEN. LAURENCE S. KUTER
Deputy Chief of Air Staff
MAJ. GEN. MILLARD F. HARMON
Chief of Air Staff

COMMAND, from Page 1.

the Army's youngest general. Brig. Gen. Mark W. Clark, 45, becomes chief of staff to Lieut. Gen. Lesley J. McNair, commander of the ground force. Maj. Gen. Millard F. Harmon is chief of the air staff under Gen. Arnold.

McNair, the new deputy chief of staff, became a flier in pre-World War days. He was chief of the air service of the Third Corps during the fight at Chateau Thierry in France in 1918. Recently he served as a member of the Roberts Board which investigated the Pearl Harbor attack.

Virtually the only exception to the "youth rule" which apparently governed the selection of the new staff, is the appointment of 53-year-old Col. Charles D. Young to the post of procurement and distribution under Maj. Gen. Brehon B. Somervell, commander of the services of supply.

Young, a reservist, is a veteran of the Spanish-American and first World Wars and a railroad equipment official in private life.

Other Assignments

Aside from Gen. Marshall and McNair the assignments to new small general staff were:

Assistant chief of staff, G-1 (personal): Brig. Gen. John H. Hilldring, 48, Infantry.

Assistant chief of staff, G-2 (Military Intelligence): Brig. Gen. Raymond E. Lee, 55, Field Artillery, of Washington, D. C.

Acting assistant chief of staff, G-3 (Plans and Operations): Brig. Gen. H. R. Bull, 49.

Acting assistant chief of staff, G-4 (Supply): Col. Raymond G. Moses, 30, Engineers.

Assistant chief of staff, War Plans Division: Brig. Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, 51, Infantry.

Secretary general staff: Col. J. R. Deane, 45, Infantry.

Assignments to the reorganized ground forces announced were: Commander, Lieut. Gen. Lesley J. McNair, 58, Field Artillery.

Chief of Staff, Brig. Gen. Mark W. Clark, 45, Infantry.

Deputy chief of staff, Col. Floyd L. Parks, 48, Infantry.

Assistant chief of staff, G-1, Col. Alexander R. Bolling, 46, Infantry.

Assistant chief of staff, G-2, Col. J. T. Duke, 48, Cavalry, of Morgantown, St. Marys County, Md.

Assistant chief of staff, G-3, Col. Lloyd D. Brown, 49, Infantry.

Assistant chief of staff, G-4, Col. Willard S. Paul, 48, Infantry.

Assignments announced for the Army air forces were:

Chief of the Air Staff, Maj. Gen. Millard F. Harmon, 54.

Deputy Chief of Staff, Brig. Gen. Laurence S. Kuter, 37.

Assistant Chief of Staff, A-1, Col. F. Trubee Davison, 46, former Assistant Secretary of War for Air.

Assistant Chief of Staff, A-2, Col. Robert L. Walsh, 48, of Washington, D. C.

Assistant Chief of Staff, A-4, Col. Thomas J. Hanley, 48.

Assistant Chief of Staff, Plans, Lieut. Col. Howard A. Bragg, 44.

Assignments announced for the

D. C. Youth Believed Lost With Ship

Charles Peter Lund, Jr., 21-year-old engineer, aboard an American freighter torpedoed off Halifax last Thursday, has been given up for dead by his

parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Lund, of 2400 Tunlaw Road Northwest.

Lund was married three weeks ago in Boston to Miss Rita Ehler, 19, of that city, and was called to his ship a week later. His parents formerly of New York City, have resided here since last August. The father is employed in the Army War College photographic laboratory.

The New York office of the line the young engineer sailed for has notified the parents that a boatload of survivors from the ship has been landed at an Eastern port. Lund was not among those accounted for, it was said. The parents were told that the ship sunk within seven minutes after being struck by the torpedo. Lund, it was said, was on duty at the time and probably unable to reach a lifeboat.

Lund was born in New York City and was graduated from the New York State Merchant Marine School in engineering. A graduate at 18, he was one of the line's youngest engineer officers. It was said. He has a brother, Robert Lund, and a sister, Mrs. Adeline Dunbar, both New York City.

Canada Sets Vote On Overseas Draft

Ottawa, March 9 (P).—Canada's plebiscite on releasing the government from its obligations not to conscript men for military service overseas will be held April 27, State Secretary Norman MacLarty announced today.

King Gustaf Under Knife

Stockholm, March 9 (P).—King Gustaf V of Sweden was operated on today for removal of a large bladder stone. The King's condition was "quite satisfactory," Prof. John Hellstrom said afterward.

Hickey-Freeman

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We have just received our new spring and summer samples from Hickey-Freeman. Those gentlemen who have availed themselves of our made-to-measure service in past seasons know the painstaking exactness of our custom made clothes, tailored by Hickey-Freeman. We suggest immediate selection of all spring and summer needs as the present too strenuous demand will undoubtedly exhaust the limited amount of available woolsens in advance of our normal selling time.

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Fireworks Banned To Save Material For War Purposes

Add Fourth of July fireworks to the growing list of wartime restrictions.

The Bureau of Mines yesterday prohibited the sale and manufacture of firecrackers and "torpedoes" and drastically limited the size of other fireworks for the duration.

Under the new regulations, promulgated by Dr. R. R. Sayers, director of the bureau, no person may sell fireworks of any kind, except caps for toy pistols, without a Federal license. Patriotic groups may obtain permits to purchase rockets and similar fireworks for pyrotechnic displays.

Sayers said the ban would save materials for the war program and lessen the danger of fires. He added that the new regulations do not permit the manufacture or sale of fireworks in areas where they are now prohibited by local, State or Federal laws.

SPECIAL NOTICES

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Text of Address By President on Air

The text of President Roosevelt's address last night to a series of community dinners observing the anniversary of the Administration's farm program follows:

No one can think back over the last nine years without coming to the conclusion that the most significant single fact in recent American history is the ability of the American people to face a tough situation and to take orderly and united action in their own behalf and in behalf of the things in which they believe.

There has been a considerable amount of discussion lately about the alleged complacency of the American people. Newspaper editors and commentators have been telling us that the American people are complacent—that they are apathetic.

I think I know the American people pretty well. A lot of them write to me. A lot of them send me messages of one sort or another. They talk to me pretty frankly. If there is one single thing of which I am certain, it is that the American people are not now, and have not been, complacent.

Facing Up to the Job

On the contrary, they are keenly aware of the situation in which they find themselves, and they are wholeheartedly and entirely up to the job they have to do, and they propose to see to it that the job is done.

Americans are preparing with all possible speed to take their places on the battlefronts. Work-

ers in the mills and mines are laboring long hours, under great pressure, to turn out the weapons and equipment without which the war cannot be won. Men and women in thousands of communities are giving their time and energy in the work of civilian defense. And out in the country, farmers are straining every effort to produce the food which is absolutely indispensable to victory.

The members of each of these various groups know the extent to which they themselves are responding. But they do not always know what is being done by the others. And that gives an opportunity to the enemy to get in some deadly blows. That gives an opportunity to the enemy to spread malicious words.

Increased Incomes

Labor, says the evil whisperer, is sabotaging the war program with strikes and slowdowns and demands for higher wages. Business, it says, is gouging the country with unconscionable profits. And the farmer, according to this treacherous voice, is using the war to grab all he can.

Now it happens that, as a result of the war program, the incomes of all three groups on the average are substantially increased. Of course, there are instances where a few businessmen or a few workers, or a few farmers are demanding and getting more than they ought.

But, in general, the increase to the different groups has been kept fairly well in balance, and there has been only a moderate rise in the cost of living in city and country.

It seems to me that we ought to feel proud of the undoubted fact that we are getting cooperation and a reasonably fair balance among 90 per cent of our population and that less than 10 per cent of the population is chiseling. We still have a pretty good national record.

Inflation Feared

But if all prices keep on going up, we shall have inflation of a very dangerous kind—we shall have such a steep rise in prices and the cost of living that the entire Nation will be hurt. That would greatly increase the cost of the war and the national debt, hamper the drive for victory, and inevitably plunge everyone—workers and farm workers alike—into ruinous deflation later on.

I wish someone would invent a better word than "inflation." What we really mean is that even though we may not realize it at the moment, it is not a good thing for the country to upset all the old standards if the cost of living goes up through the roof and goes so up through the roof. Actually, in such a case, we are no better off than we were before as individuals or heads of families, and it comes close to being true that the thing which goes up has to come down.

This fight against inflation is not fought with bullets or with bombs, but it is equally vital. It calls for cooperation and restraint on the part of every group. It calls for mutual good will and willingness to believe in the other fellow's good faith. It calls for unforgiving vigilance and effective action by the Government to prevent profiteering and unfair returns, alike, for services and for goods.

Hard Days Ahead

So, on this ninth anniversary of the founding of the national farm program, we can all rededicate ourselves to the spirit with which this common effort by the farmers came to birth. Never before in our history has there been as much need for unstinting service to the country.

Hard, trying, difficult days are ahead. How hard and how bitter they will be depends on how well we can keep our eyes, our thoughts and our efforts directed toward the only thing that matters now for every one of us in the United Nations—winning the war.

Foreign Agents' Trail Expected To Be Set Today

Justice T. Alan Goldsborough is expected to fix a date this morning for the trial in the District Court of three Americans and one Japanese accused of criminal conspiracy and violating the Foreign Agents Act. Those accused are Ralph Townsend, former writer for Scribner's; Frederick Vincent Williams, David Warren Ryder, and Tautoma Obara, secretary of the Japanese Chamber of Commerce in San Francisco.

The men, with two other Japanese who left for Japan before the war began, were indicted after an investigation by Special Prosecutors Albert E. Arent and Arthur B. Caldwell.

A. & P. Official Dies

Orange, N. J., March 9 (AP)—William G. Wrightson, 59, vice president of the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., died last night in his sleep at his home. He had been ill with a heart ailment for some time.

'Biting Block' Relieves Pain Aviators Suffer in Dives



DENTAL DEMONSTRATION—Helen Johnson and Adeline Cronin demonstrated use of dental equipment yesterday at convention in Mayflower Hotel.

The frequently terrible pain in the teeth experienced by pilots diving their planes from great heights can be at least partially controlled, made bearable, by a "biting block," devised by the dental profession, it was disclosed at the Five State Post Graduate Clinic here yesterday.

Approximately 3000 dentists from both nearby and distant States are attending the four-day meeting at the Mayflower Hotel.

Of the "biting block," which is fashioned of acrylic resin, Commander C. Raymond Wells, U. S. N., explained that during the dive of an airplane the oxygen bubbles in the pilot's blood stream enlarge, setting up a pounding on the teeth nerves. The block, fitting over the lower teeth and lengthening the jaw, takes pressure off the arterial centers at the ears, at least reducing the pain, it was claimed.

Dentists Urged to Serve Country

Every dentist under the age of 45 was called on yesterday to serve either in the armed forces or wartime agencies by Dr. Oren A. Oliver, of Nashville, Tenn., president of the American Dental Association.

"Every dental practitioner, man or woman, old or young, should make a return on the new questionnaire soon to be distributed by the Procurement and Assignment Office (set up by Executive order)," said Dr. Oliver. It represents a

sound approach to a difficult problem in attempting to "meet the request of Government agencies for physicians and dentists in a way that will not seriously reduce the dental or medical service in any community," he stated.

Major Samuel Sealey, Medical Corps, U. S. A., said that for every 1,000,000 men the Navy requires 2000 dentists, that for every 1,000,000 men the Army requires 1500 dentists. The number of dentists in the Nation was fixed at 71,000, and of these only 42,000 are 45 years of age or under.

Senator Thomas Speaks

Comdr. Wells urged more women to enter dentistry, particularly as technicians and hygienists, leaving the available men to concentrate on strict dental work.

Senator Elbert D. Thomas (Democrat), of Utah, speaking on "The Far East" at the opening session, asserted that as far back as 1910 the Japanese navy clique was planning on expansion of the empire to the south. He said America should have anticipated everything the Axis has done.

The delegates were welcomed here by Dr. David J. Fitzgibbon, president of the District Dental Society. Technical sessions were held during the afternoon and will carry over into today. A fashion show and dance will be held at the hotel at 9 p. m. today.

Probe of Warden Suspensions Sought

WARDEN, from Page 1.

complaints against superiors or other fellow workers must be made in writing to defense officials and "not to the press first."

All sorts of "Communist" and "radical" charges are accompanying the warden fight. Mrs. Howard, for instance, is an active worker in the Federation of Women's Clubs which recently demanded the ouster from a defense job of Mrs. Sarah V. Montgomery, on grounds she is a Communist.

At District headquarters yesterday, receipt of resolutions from the Federation was acknowledged, but it was not revealed whether Mrs. Howard's signature was among those at the bottom. Judge Advocate General Sam Whitaker will investigate the Montgomery charges, it was declared. Already before Judge Whitaker are two complaints against Hallett Hill, according to Chief Murphy.

The Southeast fight also has a C. I. O.—A. F. of L. angle. Robinson, a builder, is a staunch A. F. of L. man, according to Chief Murphy, "while Cornelius, a Library of Congress employee, is a staunch C. I. O. man."

Cornelius, who lives at 307 B Street Southeast, formerly was connected with the American League for Peace and Democracy, it is complained.

Investigations by Inspector General Reed and his recently appointed 20 assistants will be followed by recommendations to be passed on to Judge Whitaker.

Col. Lemuel Bolles, director of the District Defense Council, remarked that "a little house cleaning is not a bad thing."

"We will not pass on the merits of these cases until every chance has been given for a hearing, but the fact that citizens are questioning some of the defense leaders and demanding investigations is all right with us."

"In orders sent out the middle of

House Lowers Ceiling on Soil Payments

By Robert C. Albright
Post Staff Writer

The House in a pitched battle on farm program economies yesterday lowered the ceiling on soil conservation payments, but drew up short behind an Administration amendment to permit continued Government surplus sales below parity.

A vote on the amendment removing restrictions on sales went over until today, when it will have the full backing of the President's radio warning last night against inflationary price movements.

Modification Supported

Farm bloc members claimed the votes to retain in the bill a committee rider forbidding below-parity sales of Government-owned crops to hold prices, but the House balked at a vote before the President had spoken.

Sponsored by Representative Pierce (Democrat), of Oregon, the test amendment would strike the farm bloc rider from the bill and leave the Commodity Credit Corporation free to market stocks of cotton, corn and wheat without parity price restrictions.

Pending the showdown, the House tentatively approved modifications in the sales ban to permit the Government to market deteriorated stocks at below parity prices for

use as feed, seed or the manufacture of industrial alcohol. Offered by Representative Reed (Republican), of New York, the modification was later broadened by Representative Face (Democrat), of Georgia, to permit below parity sales of cotton in the Agriculture Department's new uses program.

Representative Hope (Republican), of Kansas, failed to compromise the farm bloc's fight with the Administration when the House rejected his amendment to allow below parity sales for export well as feed and alcohol, and to delay the parity price requirement until the start of the next crop year.

Economy forces meanwhile claimed a saving of 50 million dollars annually from an amendment by Representative Johnson (Democrat), of Oklahoma, lowering top soil conservation benefits to \$1000 per person. The present law places a \$10,000 maximum.

Special Protection

The Johnson amendment, the economy bloc's only successful foray of the day, was modified to give special protection to share croppers and tenant farmers. The \$1000 ceiling would not apply to landowners where there was an agreement between tenant and landlord approved by the local committee.

Johnson charged that "drug store farmers," including insurance companies, mortgage companies and banks, now receive far in excess of \$1000 in soil benefits. He said there were cases of families dividing farms so each member could receive the present \$10,000 maximum.

An effort by Representative Rees (Republican), of Kansas, to limit the soil payments to \$500 was rejected, and Representative Taber (Republican), of New York, failed in two attempts to restrict the parity payment program.

\$312,000,000 Limit

Taber proposed that the total authorization for parity payments be limited to 212 million dollars. He was defeated by a 74-to-37 tally vote. Another Taber amendment provided that conservation and other benefits be considered part of the farmer's parity price, a formula recently suggested by the Administration. This was rejected 63 to 84, by tally.

Economy forces, which last week succeeded in lopping only about two million dollars from the 690-million-dollar farm bill, will renew their drive today with an effort to halve Farm Security Administration appropriations, to cut deeply into outlays for tenant farmers, the Farm Credit Administration and the Rural Electrification Administration, and to stop parity payments under the Sugar Act.

Republicans led by Taber and Representative Dirksen (Democrat), of Illinois, will charge that the committee curb on the below-parity sales of Government-held crops is "meaningless" and "designed to deceive farmers," Taber and Dirksen

Roosevelt Hits Inflation Trend

ROOSEVELT, from Page 1.

places on the battle front," he declared. "Workers in the mills and mines are laboring long hours, under great pressure, to turn out the weapons and equipment without which the war cannot be won. Men and women in thousands of communities are giving their time and energy in the work of civilian defense. And out in the country farmers are straining every effort to produce food which, like the tanks and planes, is absolutely indispensable to victory."

Mr. Roosevelt observed that the members of these groups know the extent of their own work but do not always know what the others are doing and that situation "gives opportunity to the enemy to spread malicious words."

"The Evil Whisperer"

"Labor, says the evil whisperer, is sabotaging the war program with strikes and slowdowns and demands for higher wages. Business, it says, is gouging the country with unconscionable profits. And the farmer, according to this treacherous voice, is using the war to grab all he can."

But, the President said, although there are "instances where a few businessmen or a few workers or a few farmers are demanding and getting more than they ought," in general increases had been kept fairly well in balance.

"It seems to me," he said, "that we ought to feel proud of the undoubted fact that we are getting cooperation and a reasonably fair balance among 90 per cent of our population and that less than 10 per cent of the population is chiseling—we still have a pretty good national record."

Wallace Also Speaks

Speaking on the same program with the President was Vice President Wallace who was Secretary of Agriculture when the farm programs were started and Secretary of Agriculture Wickard.

Both emphasized the importance in the war effort of stocks accumulated under the ever-normal granary program, and Wickard said he had made it possible to send between 1,200,000 long tons of foods under lend-lease in the period between last spring and last February.

"Without those foods," Wickard declared, "it is unlikely that Britain could have withstood the battering which she has received at the hands of the enemy. The American farmer stands on the front line in some of our most strategic battle areas."

Wallace declared the ever normal granary program would enable tens of millions of people in this country to have enough to eat during the years of war.

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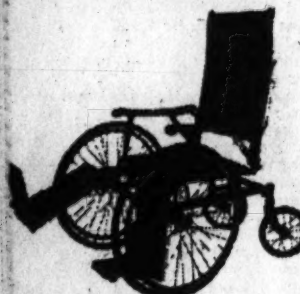
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CROWDED HOSPITALS mean that many invalids must remain at home. Our equipment is a comfort to the sick and an efficient aid to those attending. For sale or rental prompt delivery.

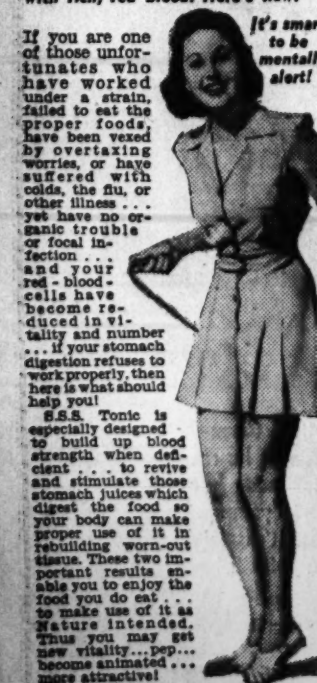
- ★ Hospital Beds
- ★ Wheel Chairs
- ★ Crutches
- ★ Commodes
- ★ Phone Metropolitan 1843.

★ 418 10th St. ★

I found
the way to
amazing new
pep... vitality...
better looks!

A truly marvelous change can be brought about by overcoming miserable digestive complaints, under-weight, sluggishness, loss of appetite—all by two important steps—

● Restore vital digestive juices in the stomach... energize your body with rich, red blood. Here's how!



Build sturdy health. Because S.S.S. is in liquid form it gets its work as soon as you take it. Surprising results may be had by making the S.S.S. treatment a part of your daily diet. Thousands and thousands of users have testified to the benefits S.S.S. has brought to them and scientific research shows that it usually gets results—that's why so many say S.S.S. builds sturdy health and makes you feel like yourself again. S.S.S. Co.

S.S.S. helps build STURDY HEALTH

Loans TO BUY OR REFINANCE

Current Interest Rates
Low Monthly Payment
No Commissions or Renewals
Under U. S. Supervision

Buy Your Defense Bonds Here

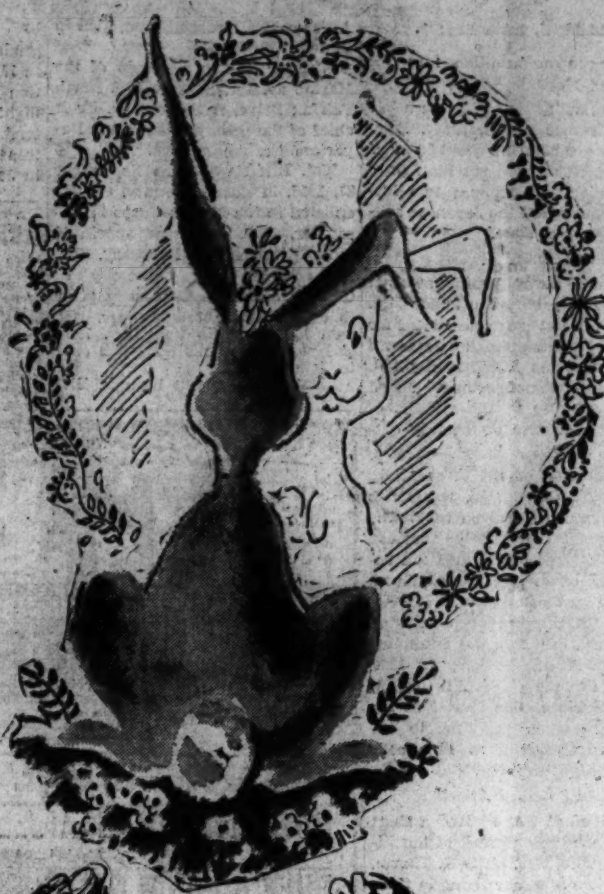
ORIENTAL BUILDING ASSOCIATION
1000 W. St. N.W.
Washington's Oldest Savings & Loan Association

WOODWARD & LOTHROP
102 11th F. AND G. STREETS
PHONE DISTRICT 5300

Store Hours: 9:30 A.M. to 6:15 P.M.

For You— Our Collection of Washington Fashions Looks Toward Easter

Consider this your very special invitation to come see what wholly charming, yet intensely practical fashions we have assembled for you. We know you have less time to shop—that it is more important than ever for you to find the right frock easily—that, whenever possible, fashions must do double or triple duty (we selected our suits with a weather eye to just that fact)—that your off-duty hats must be more enchanting than ever when furloughs are fleeting. As always—but never more importantly than in this spring, 1942—our Collection of Washington Fashions is tuned and timed for you whose busy days are spent in the Capital of the Nation. We picture examples—let us show you many, more.



Dining at home, you "dress"—and you make it even more of an occasion with:

A—You captivate every eye with a little show of the same rayon print as your dress—ageless feminine artifice, but worn as your imagination dictates. Smoky oriental print dramatizes pink or green. Sizes 12 to 20 —————\$29.75

MISS' FORMAL FASHIONS, THIRD FLOOR.

B—A flowering dinner dress that stems from black. Individual flowers, plucked from the print that forms the flattering long torso top are quilted to blossom at neckline and sleeves. Women's sizes —————\$35

WOMEN'S FORMAL FASHIONS, THIRD FLOOR.



Open secret: That men like big brims, but they like to see you, too. So, why you select:

A—Fur felt brim, softly adjustable to the most flattering angle. Its crocheted straw-cloth crown reveals your gleaming locks. Eleven colors for exciting choice. Headsizes 21 1/2 to 23 —————\$11.50

MILLINERY, THIRD FLOOR.

B—Playing up your profile, this clever straw manipulates its brim artfully, nets its crown to show your hair. Black, navy or warm pecan brown. Headsizes 22 and 22 1/2 —————\$12.75

MILLINERY SALON, THIRD FLOOR.



B. H. Wragge co-ordinates your daytime wardrobe with harmonizing print (appropriately, his "musical note" design), plain colors and stripes. Here they come: marching into your life!

The "musical note" print frock—those vee-shaped darts are complimentary about your figure. Carnation pink with green, daisy yellow with gray, green eye with white rayon crepe. Sizes 10 to 20 —————\$22.95

Or you may have the same flattering dress in rayon cuttle-crepe—green eye, blue or honeysuckle. Sizes 12 to 18 —————\$25

Top either—or both—with a classic coat in singing colors—superbly cut, as B. H. Wragge coats are. Melody blue wool is striped with pink, gray with yellow, beige with green. Sizes 12 to 20 —————\$45

RETAILER, THIRD FLOOR.

All signs point to suits—suits that go committing straight through to five-o'clock-festivity.

California tailors for you a gentle suit with shapely tucks descending to side-entrance pockets. You may have it in navy, beige or caraway brown-woolen. That single-button fastening makes it a super-suit for your blouse with a huge, soft bow or foaming jabot. Misses' sizes —————\$39.75

Decisively yours, the spare-jacketed suit with slender skirt is deep-throated, with brisk lapels. Tailored artfully to belittle your waistline and hips. Forstmann's muted shadow-plaid woolen is the thoroughbred fabric. Misses' sizes —————\$49.75

Matching boy coat to order —————\$49.75

MISS' SUITS, THIRD FLOOR.



Dress-uniform—or femininity completely subjugating the military note—that is your proud dress with a jacket resplendent with braid. The frock's top, surplice-cut, matches the braid—green vitalizing brown, scarlet dramatizing black or navy. Misses' sizes, —————\$39.75

MISS' DRESSES, THIRD FLOOR.

Glowing splash of color—and your little black rayon frock is excitingly new—perfect for restaurant dining. A tremendous "corsage" of jonquil—yellow or red—print is applied on the bodice—more on the skirt. Subtle lines throughout to flatter your figure. Women's sizes —————\$29.75

WOMEN'S DRESSES, THIRD FLOOR.



Eyes on your busy feet—Pendora shoes make them win a host of compliments—and, being feminine, your step is lighter because you know what charmers they are.

We illustrate:

A—"Portmanteau," tailored pump with walled toe and "handle" bow. Precise cavalry tan or blue calfskin, —————\$14.95

B—"Lattice"—your dressier pump with not-too-high heel. All shining patent leather or blue calfskin with rayon faille lattice —————\$14.95

C—Step into gabardine and exceptional grace in this black D'Orsay-throated pump with patent leather highlights —————\$14.95

D—That Watteau sandal—with its buckle banded on, like a china shepherdess' tiny hat—is the essence of femininity. Wear it—all shining black patent and rayon faille—when he comes furloughing home again, —————\$15.95

WOMEN'S SHOES, THIRD FLOOR.



Langer's Strength Grows in Senate

By Robert De Vore
Post Staff Writer

A bipartisan group of Senators yesterday sprang to the defense of William Langer, of North Dakota, with a sharp attack on charges by the Elections Committee that the former Governor is guilty of "moral turpitude" and is therefore unfit to sit in the Senate.

It was the first day of Senate debate on the committee's report recommending that Langer be "excluded" from the Senate, and at times the attack on the committee became so brisk as to give the appearance that the committee and not Langer was on trial.

Senator Lucas (Democrat), of Illinois, who was chairman of the subcommittee that investigated

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Keystone Automobile Club Casualty Company, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

ON the 31st day of December, 1941, as required under Section 647 of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia.

INCOME	
Net premiums	\$1,831,994.41
Total interest and rents	157,823.48
Other income	42,780.21
Total income	\$2,032,618.86
DISBURSEMENTS	
Net amount paid policyholders for losses	\$145,953.57
All other disbursements	1,432,429.31
Total disbursements	\$1,578,382.88
ASSETS	
Real estate	\$19,000.58
Mortgage loans on real estate	39,725.03
Bonds and stocks	3,975.18
Cash in company's office	800.00
Deposits in banks	488,047.42
Premiums in course of collection	140,741.13
Interest and rents due or accrued	19,384.60
All other assets	72,356.33
Gross assets	\$1,714,612.15
Deduct assets not admitted	126,075.53
Total admitted assets	\$1,588,536.62
LIABILITIES	
Total unpaid claims	\$1,589,523.48
Total unearned premiums	225,404.78
Other liabilities	1,324,780.31
Capital paid up	\$800,000.00
Surplus over all liabilities	300,000.00
Total	\$4,638,537.47

NET PREMIUMS WRITTEN DURING THE YEAR

Total	
Accident	\$118,416.83
Auto liability	\$1,175,105.62
Liability other than auto	995.38
Auto property damage	387,049.21
Auto collision	250,337.03
Property damage and collision other than auto	91.06
Totals	\$1,831,994.41

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Keystone Mutual Casualty Co., of Pittsburgh, Pa.

ON the 31st day of December, 1941, as required under Section 647 of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia.

INCOME	
Net premiums	\$880,175.87
Total interest and rents	48,498.35
Other income	6,166.01
Total income	\$934,840.23
DISBURSEMENTS	
Net amount paid policyholders for losses	\$261,527.43
All other disbursements	375,564.63
Total disbursements	\$637,092.06
ASSETS	
Mortgage loans on real estate	\$76,842.83
Bonds and stocks	\$72,419.17
Cash in company's office	150.00
Deposits in banks	142,371.31
Premiums in course of collection	243,073.89
Interest and rents due or accrued	8,475.13
All other assets	1,647.14
Gross assets	\$1,144,682.17
Deduct assets not admitted	11,641.47
Total admitted assets	\$1,133,040.70
LIABILITIES	
Total unpaid claims	\$423,220.09
Total unearned premiums	84,235.17
Other liabilities	623,585.44
Capital paid up	\$1,133,040.70
Surplus over all liabilities	\$1,133,040.70
Total	\$1,133,040.70

NET PREMIUMS WRITTEN DURING THE YEAR

Total	
Auto liability	\$31,403.31
Liability other than auto	56,454.91
Plate glass	9,404.87
Burglary and theft	9,789.34
Auto property damage	209,871.45
Auto collision	6,876.28
Property damage and collision other than auto	6,581.23
Filing fees	29,824.50
Totals	\$880,175.87

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Farm Bureau Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Columbus, Ohio

ON the 31st day of December, 1941, as required under Section 647 of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia.

INCOME	
Net premiums	\$7,911,469.78
Total interest and rents	265,097.74
Other income	\$1,104,111.12
Total income	\$9,280,678.64
DISBURSEMENTS	
Net amount paid policyholders for losses	\$3,943,075.89
All other disbursements	3,769,698.38
Total disbursements	\$7,712,774.27
ASSETS	
Real estate	\$462,000.00
Mortgage loans on real estate	465,420.81
Bonds and stocks	6,662,121.32
Cash in company's office	6,450.00
Deposits in banks	471,257.63
Premiums in course of collection	166,944.23
Interest and rents due or accrued	36,376.07
All other assets	871,690.50
Gross assets	\$9,146,964.78
Deduct assets not admitted	10,924.04
Total admitted assets	\$9,096,564.74
LIABILITIES	
Total unpaid claims	\$2,703,960.95
Total unearned premiums	2,399,220.97
Other liabilities	1,495,128.68
Reserve for contingencies	\$47,254.17
Surplus over all liabilities	\$1,536,000.00
Total	\$10,498,564.74

NET PREMIUMS WRITTEN DURING THE YEAR

Total	
Accident	\$210,375.75
Health	10,156.66
Auto liability	3,765,461.58
Liability other than auto	16,175.72
Auto	64,591.15
Plate glass	2,562.25
Burglary and theft	1,238.97
Auto property damage	1,522,833.26
Auto collision	1,972,891.84
Property damage and collision other than auto	17,324.64
Filing fees	367,584.33
Totals	\$7,911,469.78

Canadian Leader At White House

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Mellett to Get Funds Aplenty For Bureau

BUREAU, from Page 1.

building even though he had received unmistakable indications from members of the Senate subcommittee which considered his request that they did not want it done.

Still Was Able to Proceed

Even though he was deprived of money for staff and equipment, he was able to go ahead because the Public Buildings Administration was willing to construct the building for him out of a lump sum fund available for temporary building construction. The structure, a two-story temporary affair, will contain 70,000 square feet of office space and will also provide a home for the Office of Government Reports.

A number of Congressmen and Senators of both parties privately indicated their support of Byrd's move yesterday and stated that they were considering action to prevent the project from going ahead. One possibility mentioned was that a joint Congressional resolution would be introduced ordering Mellett to abandon his information bureau idea.

The Senate will get another chance to act on OGR when its appropriations committee considers the independent Offices appropriation bill for 1943, which was passed by the House. Mellett's outfit is scheduled to receive \$1,500,000 for next year, or \$400,000 more than for the current year. The House placed no limit on the amount of additional funds which Mellett could secure from other lump sum appropriations.

In view of the present controversy, some Congressional sources indicated that reinstatement of the office in the current appropriation was entirely possible.

Contract Not Yet Signed

A Public Buildings Administration official disclosed that the building was being erected by the Charles H. Tompkins Construction Co., which was awarded the job on a cost-plus fixed fee, arranged on a negotiated basis. Estimated total cost is \$200,000, with \$75,000 for cost of materials and \$75,000 for the contractor's fixed fee.

So fast was the plan arranged that, up to yesterday, no contract had been signed by the Government, although the Tompkins Co., authorized to go ahead previously, began work last Friday. The contract was expected to be signed today by W. E. Reynolds, public buildings commissioner. Tompkins has already signed it. It provides for completion within 65 days, probably by May 15.

Going ahead with Government construction projects before the contract is finally signed by both parties has become "customary" as a means of speeding work on temporary construction projects, it was said at PBA.

To Cover Large Plot

The structure will fill the whole plot between the Departments of Commerce Building and the north side of Pennsylvania Avenue and will contain 1,410,000 cubic feet of air space, with actual construction costs, exclusive of the contractor's fee, running between 40 and 40.5 cents a cubic foot, PBA said.

"Normal" construction cost for temporary Government buildings has been 40 cents a cubic foot, PBA stated.

Mellett will release 47,000 square feet of office space when he finally takes over the new structure.

Mrs. McSpadden Ill

Chelsea, Okla., March 9 (NS).—Mrs. Sally McSpadden, only surviving sister of the late Will Rogers, was in critical condition tonight as a result of a stroke. She was en route to a Red Cross meeting, where she was to serve as chairman, when she was stricken.

POP LESSNER SAYS

49 BOTTLES OF FRENCH WINE Shoot the Works!

FIRST COME—FIRST SERVED EVERY BOTTLE WORTH TWICE THE PRICE!

'Fighting Words' Are Ruled Illegal

Supreme Court Holds Free Speech Doesn't Include Cussing

By William R. Spear
Associated Press Staff Writer

The Supreme Court bestowed its official recognition yesterday upon the traditional American doctrine embodied in the expression, "Them's fightin' words, stranger."

Epithets may indeed be "fighting words," the court ruled, and a New Hampshire law which forbids a man to "address any offensive, derisive or annoying word" to another in public lest it cause a breach of the peace constitutes no infringement of free speech.

The law was attacked as unconstitutional by Walter Chaplinsky, described by the court as "a member of the sect known as Jehovah's Witnesses." Chaplinsky was arrested at Rochester, N. H., for allegedly calling the city marshal a "damned racketeer" and "a damned Fascist."

Right Isn't Absolute
"It is well understood that the right of free speech is not absolute at all times and under all circumstances," said the court's unanimous opinion, written by Justice Murphy.

There are certain well-defined and narrowly limited classes of speech the prevention and punishment of which has never been thought to raise any constitutional problem.

These include the lewd and obscene, the profane, the libelous and the insulting or "fighting" words—those which by their very utterance inflict injury or tend to incite an immediate breach of the peace."

The Supreme Court accepted the interpretation of the statute made by the New Hampshire Supreme Court. The latter court had explained the law thus:

"The English language has a number of words and expressions which by general consent are 'fighting words' when said without the disarming smile. Such words, as ordinary men know, are likely to cause a fight. So are the threatening, profane or obscene revilings."

The statute, as construed, does no more than prohibit the face-to-face words plainly likely to cause a breach of the peace by the addressee, words whose speaking constitute a breach of the peace by the speaker."

Libel Brief Allowed
The Supreme Court granted permission yesterday to the American Civil Liberties Union to file a brief contending that "it is not libelous per se to say of a public official or one who engages in public discussion that he holds one opinion or another on a public issue."

Permission was sought to present the brief in connection with forthcoming arguments on a libel suit brought by Representative Sweeney (Democrat), of Ohio, against the Schenectady (New York) Union Publishing Co. Sweeney claimed to have been libeled by statements published in the Schenectady Union Star in 1938 that he was opposing the appointment of Emerich Burt Freed as Federal district judge at Cleveland on the ground that Freed was a Jew.

Edmund D. Campbell, Washington attorney for the organization, said in the brief that:

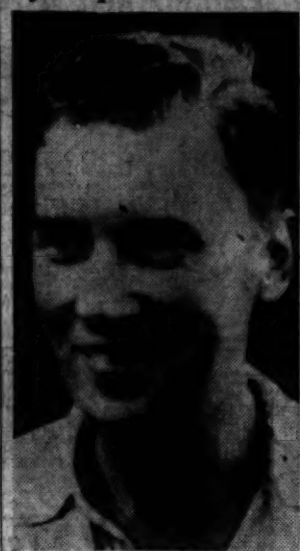
"It is submitted that, in so far as public officials are concerned, the policy requirements of the private interests are superseded by the public interest to discuss without fear the qualifications and opinions of elective officers."

Seaweed Suggested to Solve Rubber Problem

Chicago, March 9 (U.S.)—Seaweed and kelp will solve America's rubber problem at a minimum of cost, Howard D. Salins, Chicago scientist and engineer, claimed today.

Salins said the rubber can be produced in great quantities within a short time and without the necessity of constructing special machinery. He added that seaweed and kelp also will produce numerous needed plastics and other war materials at low cost.

Newsman Held By Japs



VAUGHN MEISLING, Associated Press correspondent, and two other Americans have been confined to prison under conditions of privation, arrivals in Chungking from Japanese-occupied Hongkong reported yesterday

Col. Louis Johnson To Head American Mission to India

The United States Advisory Mission to India will be headed by Col. Louis Johnson, former Assistant Secretary of War, the State Department announced yesterday.

Other members of the mission, whose function will be to explore the possibilities of American aid for India's war effort, are:

Henry Grady, former Assistant Secretary of State; Arthur W. Herrington, president of the Society of Automotive Engineers; Harry E. Byster, president of the Byster Engineering Co., and Dirk Dekker, director of personnel and training of the Illinois Steel Corporation.

Grady's field will be general economic surveys. Herrington will specialize on production of armored vehicles and automotive equipment. Byster is the mission's expert on organization of plants for production. Dekker is a specialist in the training of unskilled workers for semiskilled and skilled occupations.

Additional members may be added to the commission from time to time, the State Department pointed out, to assist in solving specific technical problems.

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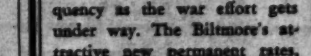
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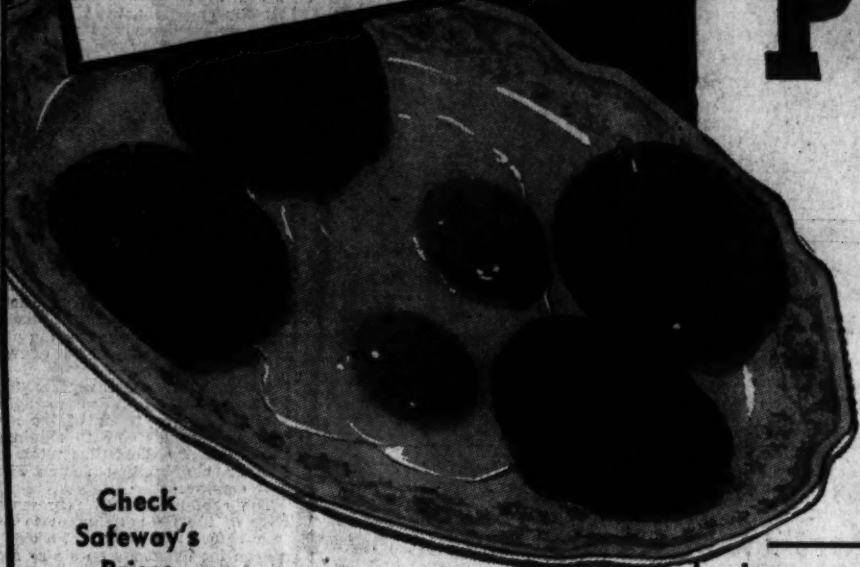
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EGGS	Morning Star U. S. Grade B doz.	39¢
EGGS	12-Grand Canned and Inspected doz.	32¢
Gardenside Peas	No. 3 can	10¢
Gardenside Corn	No. 3 can	9¢
Sunshine Turnip Greens	No. 3½ can	14¢
Hunt's Supreme Spinach	No. 3½ can	17¢
Country Home Corn	Golden Bantam Whole Grain No. 2 cans	25¢
Argo Asparagus	No. 3 can	21¢
Campbell's Pork and Beans	1 lb. can	7¢

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CARNATION	Pat or Borden's Evaporated Milk	3 tall cans	25¢
CHERUB	or Land o' Lakes Evaporated Milk	3 tall cans	23¢
AUNT JEMIMA	Pancake Flour	2 pkgs.	19¢
LIBBY'S	Tomato Juice	47-oz. can	17¢
LAKE SHORE	Honey	1-lb. glass	19¢
LARGE OXYDOL		24-oz. pkg.	20¢
SU-PURB SOAP		24-oz. pkg.	37¢
SU-PURB SOAP		48-oz. pkg.	37¢

JELL-WELL Desserts

Gelatin	3 pkgs.	16¢
Puddings	6 pkgs.	25¢

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TEXAS BEETS	bu. 6¢
CAULIFLOWER	lb. 12¢
RADISHES	bu. 4¢

California
NAVEL ORANGES
lb. **6¢**

Canadian Rutabagas	3 lbs. 10¢
Clipped Top Carrots	lb. 8¢
California Lemons	3 lbs. 10¢
Yellow Onions	3 lbs. 19¢
Red Sweet	4 lbs. 21¢
Nancy Hall Sweet	4 lbs. 17¢
Avocados	lb. 17¢

Winesap
APPLES 4 lbs. **21¢**

York
APPLES 4 lbs. **19¢**



Extra Fancy Western
DELICIOUS APPLES 3 lbs. **23¢**

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Looking for something to pep up breakfast appetites? Here's your answer in a delicious, nourishing meat treat that will appeal to the most discriminating palates. It's grand . . . broiled or fried to a golden-brown and served with eggs. Try some tomorrow and the whole family will applaud your efforts.

½ lb. **25¢** | lb. **49¢**

SHLDR. LAMB ROAST With Neck and Breast . . . lb. **14¢**

Shoulder Lamb Chops	lb.	21¢
Loin Lamb Chops	lb.	41¢
Rib Lamb Chops	lb.	27¢
Plain Breast of Lamb	lb.	9¢

RED JACKET GROUND BEEF

lb. **18¢**
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Boneless Stew Beef	lb.	25¢
Beef Liver	lb.	27¢
Breast of Veal	2 lbs.	25¢
Briggs' Link Sausage	lb.	40¢
Standard Sliced Bacon	lb.	25¢

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BRIGGS' daily dozen FRANKS
12 in a Package
lb. **35¢**

BUTTER Jumbo Brick lb. **39¢**

BUTTER Land O' Lakes lb. **42¢**

FLOUR Kitchen Craft 12 lb. sack **49¢**

FLOUR Pillsbury's Best 12 lb. sack **60¢**

BREAD Jumbo Enriched 1 lb. loaf **7¢**

JUMBO ENRICHED BREAD . . . 1½ lb. loaf **10¢**

SUPERFINE Triple Succotash	No. 2 can	10¢
Sleepy Hollow SYRUP	Rich in Real Maple 15 oz. can	15¢
CASCADE BARTLETT PEARS	No. 2½ can	19¢
For Lenten Salads WALNUTS	DIAMOND BRAND 1 lb.	27¢

Suggestions for Lent

MACARONI	FRANCO-AMERICAN	2 15½ oz. cans	19¢
SPAGHETTI	FRANCO-AMERICAN	3 15½ oz. cans	25¢
SPAGHETTI	Phillips' Delicacies	3 15½ oz. cans	20¢
HEINZ SPAGHETTI		2 17 oz. cans	23¢
HEINZ MACARONI		2 15½ oz. cans	25¢
VELVEETA CHEESE		2 5 lb. box	61¢
PABST-ETT CHEESE		pkg.	15¢
MUELLER'S SPAGHETTI	MACARONI or NOODLES	2 pkgs.	17¢
DEL MONICO SPAGHETTI	or MACARONI	16 oz. pkg.	10¢
CODFISH	GORTON'S READY-TO-FRY	20 oz. can	12¢
SARDINES	Tomato Sauce	2 15 oz. cans	23¢
COTTAGE CHEESE	BLOSSOM TIME	1 lb. pkg.	10¢

Due to state laws, items marked (*) are slightly higher in our Maryland or Virginia stores or both. Prices quoted are effective until close of business Wednesday, March 11, 1942. NO SALES TO DEALERS.



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Morgenthau Bars Tax Exemption Cut

Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau yesterday opposed further taxation at this time of persons in the lower income brackets, either through lowering of present personal exemptions or a general sales tax.

Morgenthau asserted, in a statement, that the low income groups are making their "fair contribution in taxes," as the House Ways and Means Committee heard a New York Board of Trade recommendation that Congress eliminate all personal income tax exemptions.

Mr. L. Seidman, chairman of the taxation committee of the board, told the House committee "there is no justification for personal exemptions under present circumstances," and added:

"We now completely exempt from income tax about three-quarters of the number of our families, about half the number of our wage earners and more than half of our total national income. This state of affairs the Secretary proposes to continue."

Seidman opposed a general sales tax, but said that might be the only course if the committee rejected his proposal.

There is a strong move in the House Ways and Means Committee for a general sales tax or possible lowering of exemptions, but there was apparently no committee support for Seidman's plan to wipe out exemptions.

Morgenthau in his statement struck back at all such proposals, said "selfish interests" are trying to shift part of their tax responsibility to the underdog and denounced with equal vehemence proposals for a sales tax or further broadening of the income tax base.

"I want to say that no further taxes should be levied on these lowest income groups until every other avenue of revenue has been exhausted and every loophole has been closed."

Present personal income tax exemptions, continued under the Treasury's war tax recommendations, are \$750 for single persons, \$1500 for married, and \$400 for each dependent.

Morgenthau said a study by his research staff showed that the average single person making \$750 a year already pays \$130 or 17.3 per cent of his income in direct Federal, State and local taxes. He said a married person earning \$1500 pays about \$250 or 16.7 per cent of his income in such taxes. In each case he said the tax was equivalent to about eight weeks' wages.

The Treasury Secretary cited studies by the Office of Price Administration showing that the average

E. R. Brownley Funeral Rites To Be Held Today

Funeral services for Edward R. Brownley, 33, well-known business man who died Sunday in Doctors' Hospital, will be held today at 11:30 a. m. at the S. H. Hines funeral home, 2001 Fourteenth Street Northwest. Burial will be in Congressional Cemetery.

Mr. Brownley was born in Charlottesville, Va. He was a veteran of World War I and after his service came to Washington to manage the Brownley Fruit and Nut Shop, 1304 F Street Northwest, for his brother, the late Walter Brownley.

On the death of his brother he became manager of the estate. Prominent in business circles here, Mr. Brownley was a thirty-second degree Mason and a member of the Board of Trade. He leaves his wife, Mrs. Lola Brownley, and a daughter, Miss Jane Brownley, both of 7530 Twelfth Street Northwest.

Charles W. Sorrell, D. C. Native, Dies at 62

Charles W. Sorrell, 62, Washington plumbing contractor, died yesterday in his home, 903 South Quincy Street, Arlington, Va. A native of Washington, Mr. Sorrell had been engaged in the plumbing business here for more than 25 years.

He leaves his wife, Mary V.; three sons, Charles W., of Forest Hills, Md.; Stanley E., of Washington, and Richard P., of Arlington; two daughters, Mrs. V. R. Pieters, of Corpus Christi, Tex., and Miss Dorothy A. Sorrell; a sister, Mrs. John J. White, and a brother, Raymond Sorrell, all of Washington.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow at 2 p. m. in the home.

Mexican Police Battle Striking Students



VIOLENCE FLARES OVER EDUCATION MINISTER—Police wielding long clubs battle striking students in Mexico City who were marching upon President Avila Camacho's palace to demand dismissal of Education Minister Octavio Vazquez. Two persons were killed in the melee—a police sergeant who was found with a dagger in his heart and a hotel employee struck by a stray bullet.

Organized Defense Of Java Ended

JAVA, from Page 1.

Arrangements toward cessation of hostilities with Japan were "out of the question," and pointed out: "No communication exists between the Netherlands government and the Netherlands East Indies. The enemy is therefore free to circulate any stories which he may think useful."

"The actual military position on the islands is not known. The military commanders, including those having to operate singly, have been instructed to fight to the last. They have freedom of action where resistance would no longer serve any useful purpose."

"Whatever the outcome of the military operations in the Netherlands East Indies, the powers of the Netherlands authorities, whether military or civil, do not extend beyond arrangements regarding cessation of local military operations."

"Batting On," Van Moek

Arriving by airplane in Australia with 14 other Netherlands officials, Lieut. Gov.-Gen. Hubertus van Moek announced:

"Our people are battling on with the resources they have left."

The Dutch news reported that none of the armed forces had left the Indies for Australia—a "fair number" of naval personnel said by Van Moek to have escaped with the intention of carrying on the fight elsewhere.

The lieutenant governor-general, who like his associates left his wife and families in the Indies, offered little hope of any prolonged stand on Java and it was he who confirmed the loss of Bandung.

But, brushing aside the heavy-heartedness of a terrible defeat, he declared challengingly:

"We are here to carry on the fight and not to sit and mope."

"There Is Bitterness"

"There is no use hiding the fact that there is bitterness in some places in Java," he went on, "but our people understand the difficulties of getting things moved."

"American and Australian troops did their best and there is no doubt about their quality, but it was a case of too little and too late."

He estimated the Japanese forces in Java at eight divisions—from 120,000 to 160,000 men—"many more than we had."

Tokyo's claims to the capture of 60,000 troops would, if confirmed, represent a greater loss in men even than in the Singapore disaster.

Roosevelt Signs Congressional Pension Repealer

President Roosevelt signed yesterday the bill repealing the controversial legislation providing pensions for members of Congress.

The repealer amends an amendment to an Army and Navy pay increase measure. The law provides for pay boosts of 20 per cent for enlisted men serving in foreign countries, the Philippines, Hawaii and Midway Island. Officers serving similarly will receive 10 per cent increases.

The new act provides also for continuing pay for persons reported missing while on active foreign military duty. Regular allotments to dependents of such persons will be continued while they are missing.

The law authorized an eight-million-dollar appropriation for construction of a new lock at St. Marys Falls Canal, Mich. The lock will be about 800 feet long, 80 feet wide and 30 feet deep.

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Axis Will Make Supreme Effort This Year, Wallace Says

Vice President Henry A. Wallace expressed the opinion yesterday that "the supreme effort of the enemy" would come this year and "we shall be amazed at the power of that effort."

Addressing the National Conference of County Officials at the Washington Hotel, Wallace said this probably "is the most important year in 500 years and the outcome is of an importance which words cannot be found to express."

The conference was invited here by Muriel Maverick, chief of the War Production Board's bureau of governmental requirements, to give county officials first-hand knowledge on what the war effort requires so they could pass it on to others in their communities.

Earlier Price Administrator Leon Henderson, warning against inflation, said, "Nothing would help the Axis more than to see the American economic system rendered helpless because it had been struck by inflation."

This is a good time to invest in Government securities, liquidate mortgages, clean up corporate and

Russians Take Sychevka

RUSSIA, from Page 1.

mans out of a key town tipping the easternmost spearhead inside the Soviet positions northwest of Moscow.

(The data given in the Moscow dispatch clearly fitted Rzhev, 130 miles northwest of the capital.

Nazis in Second Trap

By the Associated Press

London, March 9.—The Russian capture of Sychevka in a deep wedge between Rzhev and Vyazma was believed tonight to have virtually completed a second huge-scale encirclement of German forces on the front northwest of Moscow.

The new thrust 125 miles due west of Moscow apparently hemmed in, but for a narrow bottleneck to the southwest, the German forward position at Rzhev.

In addition it added to the peril of the Nazi hold on Vyazma and possibly cleared the way for the setting of a third trap here.

Observers here regarded the German position at Rzhev, on the upper Volga, as in greatest peril. Rzhev had been flanked to the north and partly cut off to the west earlier by the Red army's advance past the Valdai Hills.

Broadcasts from Axis sources said strong units of the Nazi air force had been thrown into the fight in an attempt to save the Sixteenth German army, caught in a tightening trap in the Staraya Russa area farther north.

Despite the blows by the German bombers, the Russians were said to

be attacking the fortified siege lines east and south of Leningrad with increasing power and massing for a cleanup at Staraya Russa.

Qualified London sources said the Russians had moved substantial reinforcements into the area southwest of Lake Ilmen and had massed a strong army farther south behind the frozen Kholm marshes.

Thus, these sources said, Premier Stalin's forces were in position to smash telling blows at any German attempt to save the trapped Sixteenth army by a power drive from the Baltic states.

The Russian communique said 2500 German soldiers had been wiped out in three days of fierce fighting around Leningrad, and dispatches from the front west of Moscow said almost 15,000 other Germans were killed in the recapture of Sychevka.

German dispatches reaching Stockholm said new snowstorms had brought fighting virtually to a stop in the Kerch Peninsula in the Crimea and that thaws were hampering large scale movements throughout the Donets Basin.

Moscow (Tuesday), March 10 (UPI). The stepped-up Soviet offensive brought destruction to 358 Nazi planes in the last week as against 63 lost by the Russians, the high command said today.

"On Saturday 26 German planes were destroyed (instead of 29 earlier announced) and on Sunday 39 German and 10 Russian planes were destroyed," the midnight communique said.

Hatch Law Clause Holds Up Powers Bill

Members of a joint Senate-House Conference Committee said last night they were "very much in disagreement" over a provision of the second war-powers bill exempting from operations of the Hatch Act certain part-time officers and employees of the Government.

The committee will meet this morning and Senator Austin (Republican), of Vermont, a member, said the prospects were remote for an early agreement on the political activity section of the measure, which in general would delegate broad war-time powers to several Government departments.

As approved by the Senate, the political activities section provides that the Hatch Act prohibitions against active participation in political campaigns shall not apply to part-time officers or employees, serving without pay or with only nominal compensation. These would include civilian defense workers, members of fire-raiding boards and others.

The Senate declined to excuse members of local and appeal boards in the Selective Service System, but the House voted to exempt such persons. Both houses agreed, however, not to exempt persons serving in any capacity relating to the procurement or manufacture of war material.

There were some reports that if the conferees failed to agree speedily on the terms of the section, they might vote to eliminate the entire provision, thus retaining Hatch Act prohibitions against Federal employees.

The conferees asked representatives of the Census Bureau to appear before them today at a closed session for testimony on a new section added to the bill by the House which would permit confidential census information to be made available in other departments for use in conduct of the war.

Dionne Quintuplets Have New Physician

North Bay, Ont., March 9 (UPI).—The Dionne quintuplets acquired a new physician today when Dr. L.

Joyal, of North Bay, announced he had accepted the post in succession to Dr. Allan Roy Dufour, whose resignation, offered early in February, was accepted by the board of guardians on Saturday.

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Sheer, full, high-waisted!

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Phoenix NYLONS \$1.95 pr.
Protest 100% Nylon from top to toe!

Phoenix SILKS \$1 to \$1.35 pr.
3 and 4 and 4-thread weights!

Phoenix COTTONS \$1 to \$1.35 pr.
Tenn and sports types. Smart shades!

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If you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Backache, Nervousness, Leg Pains, Swollen Ankles and feet worn out, take the powerful and non-toxic Kidney and Bladder Tonic, you should try Oxydol which is giving relief to thousands. Proven guarantee. Money back unless completely satisfactory. Ask your druggist for Oxydol today. Only 15c.

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Regulation white corded cotton handkerchiefs, specially designed for the boys in the services. Big and sturdy, packed for mailing. All you do is address and stamp the box they come in.

Hammerchief Dept., Street Floor

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World Needs Forgiveness, Pastor Says

We shall have to be big enough to forgive many things after this war is over in order to avoid a repetition of war 25 years from now, Rev. J. Harold Mumper, pastor of Ketter Memorial Lutheran Church, declared in a Lenten sermon last night.

The Rev. Mr. Mumper's talk was delivered as part of the city-wide Lutheran services at the Luther Place Memorial Church, 1228 Vermont Avenue Northwest. The cross symbolizes obedience, sacrifice, love and victory, and if Christ were not associated in our thinking of the cross, we would attach no more standing to it than we do to a hangman's noose or an electric chair, the pastor said.

Every institution of mercy today owes, in some degree, its existence to Christ and it is the duty of everyone to perpetuate the four symbols attaching to the Cross because of Christ. "If we can accept the example of Christ's life up to the time of the Cross as a guide to our lives, and regard the Cross in its four symbols, we shall do much to achieve a lasting peace," the Rev. Mr. Mumper said.

In a noonday talk at the Epiphany Episcopal Church, 1317 G Street Northwest, the Rev. Samuel M. Shoemaker, rector of the Calvary Episcopal Church, New York City, said the moral refusal to pay the price of faith kept men from enjoying intellectual honesty.

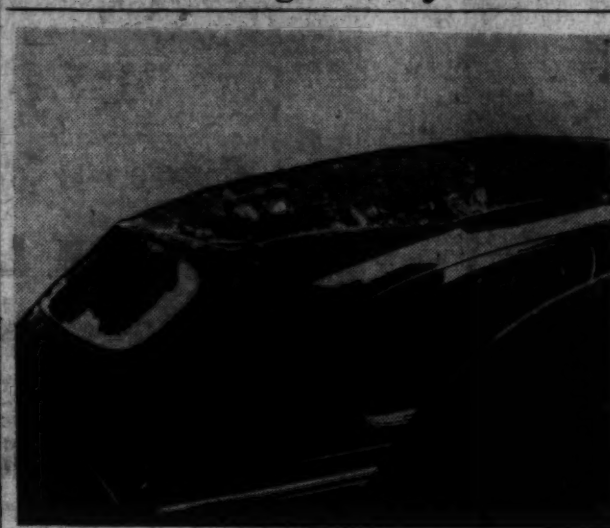
"Finding God is an experiment anyone can make if they will come to the realization that the ultimate answer is in prayer," the Rev. Shoemaker said. The willingness to experiment on the side of faith and an honest surrender to truth is the way to find God, the rector said. "Intellectual honesty begins with radical and costly honesty about yourself as well as honesty about philosophy and religion," he stated.

President Approve Glenn Dale Concession

Legislation (H.R. 4401) authorizing establishment of a commissary or canteen at the Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Glenn Dale, Md., has been signed by President Roosevelt. The White House announced yesterday.

The superintendent of the institution would be authorized to permit a person designated by him and approved by the District of Columbia health officer to operate the concession.

50-Mile-an-Hour Wind Lashes Washington; Vessel, Missing in Bay With 4 From Here Safe



THE AUTO of August Widner, Veterans' Bureau attorney, was stove in by a 150-pound plank blown from atop the Commonwealth Office Building, 12 stories high, at 1637 K Street Northwest. Bricks knocked down by the plank finished the job, broke the car's rear window.



THE CANVAS CANOPY collapsed at the Pennsylvania Avenue entrance to the Willard Hotel. A no-parking sign at right toppled by the wind, too.

Washington was lashed by a 50-mile-an-hour wind yesterday. The high wind injured one person, blew planks from atop a 12-story building to demolish a parked car, set two boats adrift, wrecked a hotel entrance canopy, blew down a tree—all with different backdrops of sunshine, rain and snow.

In southern Maryland, the 42-foot schooner Strambus, with four Washingtonians aboard, which had been tossed about in Chesapeake Bay for 18 hours put in safely at Solomons Island.

Navy Planes in Search

Navy planes had scoured the bay in search of the craft, piloted by Donald E. Lamborne, owner, and one finally sighted it about 2:30 p. m. yesterday some four miles off Solomons Island, where it was due to arrive Sunday night.

The yacht put out from Calverville, Md., Sunday on the first leg of a cruise to Washington.

Aboard in addition to Lamborne were Mr. and Mrs. Edward Moss, of the 1600 block of G Street Northwest, and Lee Saylor, 16, of the 4900 block of Georgia Avenue Northwest.

They left Solomons Island for Washington by auto after berthing the boat.

The wind damage here was widespread.

In midafternoon, Mrs. Job Salloom looked from her home at 1330 Maryland Avenue Northeast to see the wind snap a big tree in the center, topple it against another tree barely missing her automobile.

Four Planks Go Sailing

Four planks weighing 150 pounds each were lifted by the wind from atop the 12-story Commonwealth Office Building under construction at 1637 K Street Northwest. One was blown 40 feet to the rear of the structure. It fell solidly upon a parked car owned by August Widner, an attorney with the Veterans' Bureau, smashing the top and breaking the glass. The back of the car was bashed in. All four planks, in the fall, ricocheted off the nearby building at 1006 Sixteenth Street. Three struck the rear courtyard, harmlessly.

When this crashing ended, a street light blew off in front of the building littering glass on the sidewalk.

Charles Mitchell, 45, of 115 Defense Highway, Hensburg, Md., was taken to Casualty Hospital for treatment of an injured shoulder and nose caused by a piece of hard-blown plywood at the Capital Service Station, New York and West Virginia avenues Northeast, where he was working. The wood was blown from the top of a building. It was reported.

The wind crumpled the heavy canvas canopy at the Pennsylvania Avenue entrance to the Willard Hotel like a paper bag.

Some Snow, Too

Snow fell lightly on Pennsylvania Avenue at 2:10 p. m. At 5 p. m., another trace of it was reported from Bethesda, Md. The general average of the wind throughout the day was 30 miles an hour, the Weather Bureau said.

At nightfall, Harbor Police were recovering a small boat adrift in the Georgetown Channel. Earlier they brought in a 22-foot craft found adrift in the Anacostia River near the Sousa Bridge.

In the midst of the wild blowing, Mrs. C. E. Richman, 9, Shepherd Street, Chevy Chase, looked from her doorway and saw the first reported robin.

W. R. Pedigo Dies; Secretary to Five U. S. War Heads

Roahe, Va., March 9 (P).—Walter Raleigh Pedigo, 61, who served as private secretary to five Secretaries of War, died this morning in a local hospital.

A native of Pulaski, he volunteered for the Spanish-American War at the age of 17, became private secretary to Gov. Fitzhugh Lee of Cuba, and later served as private secretary to Col. Clarence W. Edwards, chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs.

In 1908 he was made private secretary to Gen. Luke Wright, Secretary of War, and subsequently served in this post with War Secretaries J. M. Dickinson, Henry L. Stimson, L. M. Harrison and Newton D. Baker.

The funeral will be tomorrow at 3 p. m. at the home here, with interment in nearby Fairview Cemetery.

Other Crimes Listed

Other crimes reported yesterday included: Joseph A. Sapp, proprietor of the Wisconsin Market at 1533 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest, told police the market was snatched some time between midnight Saturday and 8 a. m. yesterday and \$50 in silver stolen from the cash register.

The removal of postage stamp and chewing gum vending machines, cigarettes and cash of a total value of \$53.50 from his grocery store at 1339 Half Street Southwest was reported by Max F. Goldstein, who said the housebreaking occurred between closing time Saturday night and 6 a. m. yesterday.

James A. Meeks, Negro, of 2505 Sherman Avenue Northwest, reported to police yesterday he had been film-flashed out of \$978 by three men at Seventh and K Streets Northwest.

Fairfax Garden Talk

L. B. Dietrich, Virginia Polytechnic Institute vegetable garden specialist, will address a Victory Garden meeting at 10 a. m. today in the courtyard at Fairfax, Va. He is expected to give pointers on planning and cultivating a garden.

Relief for Mummies of HEAD COLDS

Get relief from Va-Tro-Nol on each nostril. (1) shrinks swollen membranes, (2) soothes irritation, and (3) helps clear clogged nasal passages. Va-Tro-Nol follows complete directions in folder. VICTORY VA-TRO-NOL

68 'Trusties' Man Air-Raid Defenses at Lorton Reformatory

Behind the walls of Lorton Reformatory are 68 of the most trusted air-raid wardens in the entire Washington Civilian Defense area. They are prisoners, selected "trusties," who are being given the same training and the same responsibilities as volunteer workers who are free to move about.

When an air-raid alert sounds at Lorton, these men will leave their prison assignments and quietly man the vital points of the reservation—the first aid stations, the fire and water and electricity control centers. Others will watch the sewage system, and some will be given tools for demolition work.

Is it risky to allow these prisoners access to such points? "Why, these boys take their warden duties so seriously," said E. A. Green, assistant general superintendent of the prison, "that when they were given an oath, similar to the one of allegiance given volunteer workers, they did as well as they could, to make it regular."

Lorton has three working plans for air raids, any of which can be put instantaneously into effect:

Plan A, adopted at the first alert, calls for the 68 wardens to assume their posts, the rest of the prisoners to keep at their regular activities.

On the second warning, plan B specifies that the regular prisoners be conducted back to their cells. With plan C, meaning the planes are overhead and demolition is imminent, the prisoners are taken out of the building and cached in a nearby ravine.

"We're miles ahead of you in Washington," Green told The Post. "Any city in the country would be lucky to have a defense organization like the one we have at Lorton."

Defense items on the Lorton list that would be found in few places this side of Texas are four riding horses, to be used for patrolling the reservation against paratroops. It seems that its level terrain, almost equally divided between fields and woods, is considered ideal landing ground for raiders to start attacks on nearby Belvoir or Quantico.

The trusted prisoners who are to be given insignia and flashlights, will not, however, be put on these horses. Only guards and qualified personnel will ride.

Hearing Pleas' Use at Trial Held Illegal

Saying world events give "special reason" for guarding American freedoms, the United States Court of Appeals here yesterday set aside two robbery convictions because a preliminary plea of "guilty" was used as evidence against the convicts.

Convicted were Roy Lee Wood, 20, and Fred M. Wolf, 19, who were arrested January 10, 1941, when they were allegedly breaking into an automobile. A complainant identified them as the men who robbed him of \$23 and broke his jaw two days before. A policeman said they confessed.

At their preliminary hearing in the Police Court the men did not have lawyers. When asked whether they pleaded "guilty" or "not guilty," they said "guilty." After indictment Attorney Francis P. Noonan was assigned to defend them and the men changed their plea to "not guilty" and protested their innocence.

At the trial in the District Court, the preliminary plea was placed in evidence against the men. Justice Wiley Rutledge said it was the Court's view that this was an error which required the convictions to be set aside.

A court, said Justice Rutledge, has authority to require a prisoner to answer "guilty" or "not guilty" so that proceedings will be in order. Yet, said the justice, no court has the authority to make a man answer such a question when he is actually on trial, as that would be the same as making him give evidence before the jury which is trying him. The Constitution protects defendants from having to give evidence when they are on trial.

Therefore, the justice concluded, it was unconstitutional to place before the trial jury a record of the answer to this question asked in another place and for another purpose than for evidence.

Louis G. Harris Dies Unexpectedly

Louis G. Harris, 49, well-known business executive, died unexpectedly yesterday in Garfield Hospital after having been taken ill earlier in the day at his home, 8034 Sixteenth Street Northwest.

Born in Greece, Mr. Harris came to this country at the age of 12. He was the son of a priest who died last year in that country. In Chicago he studied art for a number of years.

Later he 'did portrait painting.

In 1927, he came to this city and a year later went into the employ of the Root Rock Beverage Co. He was assistant general manager of the organization at the time of his death.

Mr. Harris was a prominent member of the Greek-American Progressive Association.

Funeral services will be held at that church tomorrow at 2 p. m., followed by burial in Glenwood Cemetery. He leaves his wife, Mary, and a son, George, now a student at Staunton Military Academy.

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FANCY SHOE PEG CORN 2 No. 2 25c

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SHURFINE YELLOW CLING PEACHES 2 Cans 49c

SHURFINE PURE ASSORTED PRESERVES Reg. Jar 23c

Briggs' Regular or Skinless FRANKS

You'll like Frank's!—especially SMOKED ham and juicy—succulent—beef.

BRIGGS' LIVERWURST lb. 35c

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PHIL. CREAM CHEESE 2 3-oz. pkgs. 19c

RITTER PURE TOMATO JUICE 1/2 gal. jar 25c

Lily's GRISTLE-FREE CORNED BEEF 12 oz. can 23c

Lily's CRISP, TENDER SAUER KRAUT 2 lg. No. 2 1/2 cans 23c

OLD VIRGINIA PURE APPLE BUTTER 2 28 oz. jars 27c

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TELEPHONE NATIONAL 4200

Tuesday, March 10, 1942

Nelson's Problem

The current report of the Tolson Committee is a hopeful reminder that many thoughtful men in Congress are giving the problems evolving from the war the careful analysis they demand. The committee rightly sees that the organization for direction of our industrial war effort has not yet been perfected. Indeed, it makes the pessimistic prediction that we shall not achieve the goals set by the President for 1942 and 1943 by following procedures that are now in effect. "With the best of will," the committee reports to the House, "the 50 to 100 corporations charged with the production of virtually our entire armament program could not individually have planned so as to secure the full use of our industrial resources."

The heart of the organizing problem, according to this analysis, is procurement. We agree. The committee produces strong arguments to show that item-by-item purchases of armaments by the separate supply branches of the military service are not consistent with the demands of our colossal task. The committee urges, as The Post several times has urged, that the procurement activities of the Army, Navy, Maritime Commission and some other governmental agencies be centralized. It calls also for full labor-management participation in production planning and procurement.

The report is a timely reminder that we have not yet gone all the way in organizing our resources effectively for the prosecution of total war. It is offered in the spirit of constructive suggestion and will doubtless be treated as such by the War Production Board, the Army, the Navy and the President. We need more constructive analysis of the war production program in this spirit. And we need never-ending resiliency in the executives upon whom the country is relying for translation of every constructive idea into action.

Quezon To His People

President Manuel Quezon of the Philippines may have spoken far more optimistically than circumstances warrant when in a proclamation to his people he declared that "the tide is turning" in the Pacific war. It is nonetheless heartening to find him so confident of the final outcome. With his capital gone, his country's principal ports and islands in the hands of the enemy and large numbers of his fellow citizens now living in subjection, his mood could easily have been one of despair. It is anything but that. "The United Nations will win this war," he said, and, speaking for the Philippines, he declared that "we are neither beaten nor subdued. Our spirit of resistance and our will to victory remain undaunted."

Nor is his optimism the product of mere day-dreaming. Regardless of the very serious setbacks they have recently suffered, the United Nations have so great a reserve of power that, if it is fully mobilized, it will enable them in due course to sweep all before them. In the meantime the response of the people of the Philippines to the Japanese invasion reveals what can be done when the spirit of resistance is harnessed to great leadership. At Bataan and Corregidor, under the brilliant command of Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Filipino troops, as President Quezon points out, are writing the most glorious chapter in their country's history. General MacArthur and his doughty band have stood off the attacks by an enemy outnumbering them at least ten to one. And they have succeeded in going on the offensive and have recaptured some lost ground.

Moreover, the enemy's tenuous hold on many conquered areas in the Philippines is being threatened by spreading guerrilla warfare. All this should not encourage the belief that General MacArthur can hold out indefinitely. It should not persuade our people that with the present forces he can muster—which, because of transportation and other difficulties, cannot be supplemented from outside—he can drive the invaders into the sea. But it does prove conclusively that the Japanese can be stopped—even

when the advantages are seemingly all on their side. And it proves that they can be beaten when those advantages are less marked than they are today.

Let Hart Talk

There is now in this country one man who is qualified above all others to tell the story of the Allied naval effort in the Far East. That man is Admiral Thomas C. Hart, till recently commander in chief of the Allied Naval Forces in the Far East. Admiral Hart has just returned by clipper from the Southwest Pacific. His first duty is to report to his superiors, but his next duty should be to give the country a straight-from-the-shoulder, detailed account of his experiences during the past three months. The Navy Department should realize this, and should permit Admiral Hart to speak out without pulling any punches.

For whether or not the department realizes it, Admiral Hart's return puts the Navy's censorship policy to the acid test. Here is a man in supreme naval command who has lived through the hell of the Japanese advance by sea. He knows first hand what "too little, too late," means, and, in the nature of things, he must have a very great deal to get off his chest. Here, too, is the American public which has only an imperfect understanding of the war at sea, and, consequently, a flood of misapprehensions which may or may not be justified. Between Admiral Hart and the public there is at present an informational No Man's Land into which the admiral may not venture without official support. It is a difficult enough situation for him. But it is a far more difficult one for the Navy Department which now has to decide whether to relax its censorship restrictions sufficiently to make Admiral Hart's public comments really important.

He can, of course, dwell on the personal heroism of the Allies. This would be heartening. But it wouldn't begin to meet the public demand for the cold hard facts of naval encounters around the Philippines and throughout the Southwest Pacific. When Admiral Hart relinquished his command of the Allied Naval Forces in the Far East, an important phase of the war came to an end. It is now history, and in so far as possible, its lessons should be explained to the public carefully and in detail. How much detail depends, in the last analysis, on whether the Navy Department really understands and is prepared to take advantage of the opportunity presented by Admiral Hart's timely return.

Silver Folly

Talking of parasites, Secretary Morgenthau is to be praised for his initiative in trying to remove the silver bloc from the Treasury trough. He has asked for the repeal of silver legislation. Under this act the Government is committed to the purchase of foreign and domestic silver till one of two goals has been attained. Either there must be a silver-gold ratio of 1 to 3 in our vaults or the price of silver must be \$1.29 an ounce. Neither goal has yet been attained, though the country has amassed no less than three billion idle ounces in the attempt.

The theory under which the silver bloc beguiled the Government into embarking upon this silver fantasia was that something should be done to restore silver to its old money role. It was like turning back the clock. In 1934, when the Silver Purchase Act was passed, silver had long since ceased to be consequential money. It is even less a monetary metal nowadays, and the silver bloc merely succeeded in ruining the last refuge for money silver, namely, China. Silver used to be that country's monetary standard. But the way in which this country forced up the price made China desert the silver standard. Silver thus became beyond question a commodity which was entitled to no more consideration than any other commodity. Still we have kept on buying it.

There is a way to mitigate the folly which the silver bloc fastened upon the country. That is to make available to industry our three billion ounces of bought silver for the purpose of helping to remedy the shortage of other metals. Silver is a useful alloy in place of brass and nickel. With a lacquer base it could be used in place of tin for cans. Accordingly the repeal of our silver legislation should be bracketed with permission to Secretary Morgenthau to lend his metallic hoard to industry. This country is too hard pressed to be able to allow either metals or men to remain idle.

Competition Out

Speedier procurement and fuller utilization of the Nation's productive capacity are the reasons given for the Nelson order putting all military supply orders on a negotiated basis. The system of awarding contracts on a competitive basis to the lowest bidder is designed to eliminate favoritism and collusion between private business and public procurement agents, and save money for the Government. While that system has defects of its own, it is, under ordinary conditions, greatly to be preferred to the negotiated contract. However, in time of war, with productive facilities strained to the utmost, intolerable delays would result from concentrating orders in the hands of the lowest bidder. Under present conditions it is essential for Government procurement agencies to distribute orders among

higher and lower cost producers, with a view of securing maximum production of essential war materials with minimum delay.

The cost of such placements is unavoidably higher than under the system of competitive allotments. But that is a minor consideration in view of the need for speed. Furthermore, under the unusual conditions created by war work, the competitive bid system even when employed may fail to provide protection for the Government against excessive profits to the contractor. For instance, the Vinson Naval Affairs Investigating Committee concluded that the "negotiated cost-plus-fixed-fee contract as such was 'in no way inferior to the competitive bid system on contract.'" As a matter of fact, the committee said, "results to date indicate that the cost-plus-fixed-fee contract minimizes the possibility of profiteering where a close check-up is kept upon costs."

Australia Next?

With effective resistance in Java now practically at an end, there is widespread speculation as to Japan's next objective. Will it be India or Australia, Russian Siberia or Alaska or some other point on the west coast of North America? Will she move west in line with the theory that the grand strategy of the Axis calls for an ultimate joining of the forces of Germany and Japan somewhere in the Indian Ocean, or will she move south in the hope of overrunning Australia and thus eliminating the last United Nations bastion in the South Pacific? Or will Japan attempt, before going any further, a frontal attack against her principal enemy—the United States?

These questions, though of vital importance, are, nevertheless, academic. We can take it for granted that Japan will move in whatever direction she can move with any hope of success and will not confine herself to offensive action in one theater if she has the strength for several offensive operations at once. In this connection Japan's past strategy is illuminating. She attacked Pearl Harbor, Malaya, Wake Island and Guam almost simultaneously. Before Malaya had been overrun the Japanese were pressing down and seizing points on the approaches to Java and Australia, while at the same time carrying out an offensive in Burma. Now with practically all of the Southwestern Pacific in her hands, she may simultaneously stage a drive on India while launching an assault on Australia. To be sure, an attack on India cannot, even after the Japanese have overrun all of Burma—which they have not yet done and may not be able to do for a long time—invade India from the east. An attack on India would have to be an amphibian affair, as was the assault on Java, with a powerful naval force protecting large-scale troop convoys. That would mean a great extension of the Japanese lines of communication but Japan has not hesitated to take the risks of such a venture in the past and may not hesitate to do so again with respect to India, should the conditions be favorable.

In the meantime there is the circumstance to be taken into account that the prelude to a possible invasion of Australia has already occurred. Over the weekend Japanese forces in undiscovered numbers landed on the southern coast of New Guinea within 400 miles of the northern tip of Australia. This does not necessarily mean that an invasion of Australia is imminent, but that possibility cannot be ruled out, particularly since North Australia, with the United Nations naval base at Darwin, is at least as vulnerable as was Java in view of the difficulty of reinforcing it.

An attack on the main Australian centers, even from a North Australian vantage point, would be a difficult matter, however. Still the United Nations cannot afford to assume that it will not be tried. Having failed to send adequate reinforcements to Java in time to save that extremely valuable bastion, the Allies must do everything in their power to make Australia impregnable. For, if Australia goes, the United Nations will have to fight the Japanese enormous disadvantage by the fantastic distances over which they will have to operate. The successful defense of Australia would make possible that ultimate offensive against Japan without which the war in the Pacific cannot be won.

TRAINER

Be a tamer of words
Let running wild, they read you.
Conquered and brought to heel
Words will befriend you.

Subdue them. Crack the whip
That feeds disaster.
Words will perform the will
Of a strong master.

But love will the beasts
Conjuring before you.
Find the firm hand kind.
They will adore you.

Lite, beautiful words,
Words full of danger
Obey, exalt the friend,
Destroy the stranger.

INEZ BARCLAY KIRBY.

Any Left In Case Of Snakebite?



Letters To The Editor

On "Bidding"

May I congratulate you on the editorial on "Bidding?" It is indeed an ominous fact that, at the moment when the people are willingly responding to every demand made upon them for the sacrifice of blood, of comfort, and of income in order to preserve the American way of life and American freedom from extinction at the hands of Nazis and of Japanese, persons highly placed in our Government should agitate on behalf of a movement which can be described by one of its supporters as "more dynamic than fascism and more revolutionary than communism." What hope is there of achieving the national unity so imperatively required so long as the undermining of our Constitution at home is considered by some more important than the defense of it against foreign enemies.

ROBERT LEE PATTERSON.
Washington, March 7.
"My heart leaps up when I behold a rainbow in the sky."
I quote your rainbow of March 7.

British Mode Preferred

There are many admirable features in the British system of government, but no feature more admirable than the power to rid the government of an incompetent Prime Minister, for example, by a mere vote of a want of confidence in the House of Commons.

I therefore, take the liberty of suggesting that the Constitution should be amended without delay to provide for the removal of the President, for example, by two-thirds vote of the House of Representatives and empowering the said House by a similar vote to elect a successor to fill the Presidency until the next general election. Under the Constitution, as it is, it is impossible to rid the country of an incompetent or physically incapacitated President, as he can only be removed by impeachment, and we know from past experience how almost impossible it is to impeach successfully a President.

ALEXANDER S. LANIER.
Washington, March 7.

Public Cooperation

The Government has found the public very cooperative. When prices went up 50 per cent on some items, the public took it.

When an attempt was made to balance wages with prices, and the attempt was abandoned, the public took it.

When asked to buy bonds, the people bought freely.
When tires were cut out, they lived in hopes and quietly.
There is no emotion about sugar rationing.
Extra tax has been added to everything, the public has been silent.

Now, gas is to be rationed, and there is no emotion about it.
A five-dollar privilege tax was put on cars, and people took it.
Who can frankly say the public has not cooperated?

But if the Government goes to taking pay envelopes, it is no longer a free country and dictatorship has stepped in. And then America is no longer America.

A SUBSCRIBER.
Washington, March 7.

All communications must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. In fairness to other correspondents, letters should be held to 300 words. Letters are subject to condensation.

Freedom And License

Why do our radio news broadcasters give out so much news which is an aid to our enemies? One morning last week the news broadcaster over a Washington station, and another over a London station, told us that a very large convoy of marines, infantrymen and soldiers were approaching a certain landing place on the Australian coast. No wonder so many of our boys are being sunk by the enemy. A day later they broadcast the convoy had not yet arrived in Australia. The enemy is not broadcasting any information of the sailings of their M-boats or convoys. Why do we tell just how large our convoys are and where they are going and when they are approaching their landing places?

We Americans have to learn a few things about carrying on war successfully. We love to talk and glory in our freedom of speech and the press, but we ought to realize that freedom of speech is not a license to abuse that freedom and give out information which is a valuable aid to our enemies and a hindrance to our success in the war.

Of course, Americans crave to get all the news about the progress of the war, but we must not let our curiosity jeopardize the safety of our boys. We should wait till it is safe to give out important news. Withholding news from our enemies which might aid them is paramount to our success. What destroys confidence in Government administration of the war are glowing reports of success when we are actually suffering defeat. Lying reports do not engender confidence. Americans can take it on the chin and grin about it. C. S. LONGACRE.
Washington, March 8.

Isolationist Connections

An isolationist told me this morning that Vireck was in no way connected with isolationism in this country—that he was merely a Nazi propagandist. This may be a naive view, or it may be, probably is, a disclaimer of associates who today look bad, but who nevertheless, were highly touted a few weeks ago.

The answer to this is simple, but it is one that should be driven home to every person who still persists in honoring isolationist philosophy. Self-styled "purer" or "sincere" isolationists will not admit today, of course, that Vireck or the late Senator Lundeen were once proud leaders of their cause. These isolationists will tell you, today, they never "took them in," or even approved of them. They overlook the fact that Vireck and Lundeen took them over.

To mention only one activity, only one channel for the dissemination of isolationist propaganda, used by Vireck, it was testified by George Hill, and admitted by Fish, that Vireck succeeded in getting 25 different speeches out under Congressional frank to large and select mailing lists through Fish's office alone. Did Vireck, Lundeen et al. take the boys over? Did they die?

JOHN F. CLAGETT.
University Park, Md., March 7.

"The Recessional"

I was glad to read in The Post Miss John Francis Steele's enthusiastic appreciation of Kipling's "Recessional." Too many superficial people have treated this poem as though it were an imperialistic boast instead of what it is—a humble prayer.

I think Miss Steele is incorrect in stating that the manuscript is in the Bodleian Museum. Certainly I saw it some four years ago in the Huntington Library in California, along with other treasures of English literature, notably the finest Chaucer in existence.

"Recessional" is not only a great poem by a great English poet, but a monument in English history, and there is doubt that most English people would like to have it in England, just as they would the manuscript of "Alice in Wonderland," which is now in a private American collection. England, on the other hand, has many treasures which have special appeal for Americans: The Bodleian Library at Oxford, for instance, possesses the first book printed in America and manuscripts of the earliest English visitor's impressions of Virginia and New England.

Perhaps in happier times it will be possible to arrange a carefully considered exchange of literary and art treasures between the two countries. The manuscript of "Just So Stories and the Jungle Book," which Kipling wrote in Vermont for his children, might appropriately rest on American soil; those of "Reveries and Fancies" and "Puck of Pook's Hill," written in Sussex, would stay in England.

As a trustee of Kipling's beautiful Sussex manor house, Bakman's, which is now held as national property, I say that his widow, consistent with her earlier attitude that "no one entered his study without her consent," stipulated when giving the property to the English nation that her husband's study should remain just as he left it at his death.

Admirers of the great Anglo-American poet would like to think that his American home, also, a spacious country house but not, I think, "an expensive mansion," in a glorious countryside, would also be preserved for the enjoyment of the American people.

ERIC UNDERWOOD.
New York City, N. Y., March 7.

Blackout Mischief

Col. Bolles, director of District defense, was quoted in The Post as saying: "A blackout doesn't really hide a large city from an expert observer. The English don't try to conceal the location of a city. They try to confuse the enemy so that he will not be able to pick out special targets."

I have discussed this matter of air-raids with hundreds of men, and all of whom, without exception, agreed that our real danger in the event of an enemy air-raid, is not from bombs and flames but from the mischief following blackouts.

Hon. Noel Hall, formerly Minister of Economic Warfare in London, made a speech in New York in January in which he referred to the danger of fear psychology. Nothing more quickly develops fear than darkness; the child is an easy victim of darkness fear. Darkness is the favorite ally of crime and accident.

Let us do all that may be done to banish fear from our people, face the danger cheerfully, but not hand-icapped ourselves with darkness in protecting all who may suffer injury. Organize a broad civilian defense corps whose first duty is aiding our wounded rather than trying to fight the enemy.

JOSEPH A. CONRY.
Washington, March 8.

The Post Impressionist

Flight School

On the front of the building there was a big blue sign which said: "C. A. A. Approved Flight School," and there was a pair of wide white wings on the top of it.

The Old Timer leaned against the field railing and watched the big silver airplane glide in for a landing. He had the look of a man who has spent a lifetime wrestling with weather. He was big and spare and gave the impression of being at home in high spaces. His features were rugged and his jaw was strong. His nose was hawklike but he lacked the predatory expression of that bird. Instead he looked like an eagle with a sense of humor.

The plane rolled along the ground and stopped not far from where he stood. The flight instructor got out and a half dozen youngsters in leather flying jackets got out after him. They stood in a little group beside the ship and equaled down at a map.

The Old Timer returned the instructor's casual salute.
"Who landed her?" he asked.
"Burton."

"Not bad for a kid."
"Whaddya mean, not bad?" There was a note of challenge in the younger man's voice. "Damn right better than I ever did after 300 hours. Or you either."

The Old Timer laughed. "I had a couple thousand before I ever saw a baby that big," he said, "and another thousand before I ever flew one."

The boys were still huddled over their map. The Old Timer motioned at them with his head.

"Take it seriously, don't they?"

"Didn't you?"

"Yeah. Guess I did. But I was away ahead of my time. Used to fly with a railroad map . . . when I could find one. How'd they do today?"

"Fine. Had them under the hood most of the time. Figure on turning 'em loose in another month."

The Old Timer took a cold pipe from his back pocket and chewed on the stem. There was a faraway look in his eye and the instructor saw it.

"Now, look," said the instructor, "we've been through this before. You can't go with 'em. Neither can I. And neither can we turn the school over to someone else to run. And neither can we go out of business. We've got to stay right here."

The Old Timer appeared not to hear. "Lot going on in Africa these days," he said.
The instructor was exasperated.
"Listen," he said. "I'm not going through that again. Sure there's a lot going on in Africa. There's a lot going on everywhere. And we could be in on it if it weren't for this school. But who tied us down to this school? Who let himself be talked into it?"

"Well, somebody has to teach 'em. There was a defensive note in the Old Timer's voice.
"Okay, then," grunted the instructor. "All right, I'll do it. I'll like to think of these kids flying all over the world and I like to think that I showed 'em how. But you," he emphasized the word almost bitterly, "every time a new kid gets here you have to get the bugs and one of these days it's going to be too much for you and you'll up and desert."

"That's a harsh word, pardner," drawled the Old Timer, deliberately, "when you say it, smile."

"You know it's true," insisted the other. "If you ever walk out on this school it'll be just as much desertion as though you were in the Army. Millions of men here you're a dozen . . . a hundred . . . as many as you make ferry pilots out of."

The Old Timer sighed. "I'll never mention it again," he said. "But I sure got itchy wings when I think of where these kids are going and what they're going to do. Pushing the big stuff east across Africa . . . moving over into Asia . . . and then bringing the bombers up to the boys who load 'em up with eggs and drop 'em where they'll do the most good."

"I've always wanted to fly that country. Knew a guy who helped lay the old imperial route from Khartoum to Alexandria." He dragged on his pipe. "Bursa . . . Karachi . . . Calcutta . . . Rangoon." He related the very sound of the words. "There's a place called the Persian Gulf where they had to build a fort for the overnight stop . . . kept the planes in a barred wire enclosure so the tribesmen couldn't get 'em with knives. That's what these kids'll be running up against. New places. New experiences. I envy 'em."

"Quit romancing and come down to earth," said the instructor. "They'll be running up against head and wind and insects and headaches. The things I think about are what'll they do when they're forced down in the Sahara or have to land in the middle of the Persian Gulf. Might as well face it. It's going to be tough to 'em."

"If you've taught 'em right they'll know what to do," said the Old Timer slyly.

"Nuts to you," said the instructor. "I'm going to eat. You can stay here and dream about the Orient." He took a few steps and came back. "And so help me," he said, "if you ever say another word around here about itchy wings I'll cook you with a wrench and keep you out until you get some sense into that fat dumb head of yours."

He went off in the direction of the lunch room. The Old Timer leaned on the fence a little longer and then went off to join him.

Darkness was forcing the students to end their discussion.
"What'll we do now," asked the tallest one, putting the map back into the ship. "Anyone game for a little radio practice?"

"After supper," said the smallest one, "but for now let's go over and get the OM Timer to tell us about when he was barnstorming in Arkansas."

F. O. M.

Today And Tomorrow

By Walter Lippmann

Stop And Think

WITH THE LOSS of the East Indies, it is time to make up our minds to learn the lessons of these defeats. They are not to be learned from the anguish of dispatches of correspondents on a dozen widely scattered fronts crying out that not enough help has come from America to the particular point. The defeat of the United Nations in the South Pacific has much more to teach us about the conduct of the war than that we ought to have sent stronger forces everywhere at once.

THE CRUX of the matter is that the strategy of the United Nations in the Pacific has been dictated by political rather than by military considerations. There was the primary political consideration, responding to our own pacifist and isolationist sentiment, which prevented us until December 7 from making any commitments with our Allies for a united war against Japan.

This left us with a loose understanding that the United States would defend their possessions in Hong Kong and Malaya and Singapore and Burma, and the Dutch would defend their island empire, and that we would defend the Philippines. Thus the strategy of the South Pacific was not to make war against Japan by a united effort at some place but for each of the Allies to stand guard over his own possessions. This, rather than the lack of adequate reinforcements from the other side of the world, is the reason why the scattered defenders have everywhere been outnumbered and overwhelmed.

THE UNITED NATIONS, moved by a natural but a false desire to hold their possessions everywhere, have made the worst possible use of the by no means considerable forces which were in the Far East. For political reasons they were unable and unwilling to abandon quickly, if you like cold-bloodedly, what they could not hope to defend. They were unable to concentrate their forces at any vital point for a great action. Thus ships, planes, munitions, troops have been chewed to pieces at isolated points over a vast area.

From all these isolated forces have come heart-rending pleas to America or to Great Britain for help across the immense oceans. Why? Because they could not help one another: each commander was instructed by his government at home to protect a territorial possession rather than to make war against Japan.

THUS WE began by placing our heavy bombers in Luzon within easy reach of the Japanese, and promptly lost a great part of them. The first, because Luzon was too near the front and second, because there were not adequate airfields in Luzon on which to base such bombers. The bombers would have been far more useful if they had been based on some region where the United Nations stood to concentrate their forces. The British lost troops and ships and guns defending Hong Kong. They would have been more useful in Java or Singapore, where the combined forces of the British, Dutch, and Americans in Malaya and the Indies were by no means negligible. But they were dispersed for the defense of so many places that they were never adequate anywhere. Never was it politically possible for the United Nations to make up their minds to stand together somewhere, say at Singapore or in Java, and attack all the

British Gallup Poll

By Dr. Henry Durant,
Director, British Institute of Public Opinion

London, March 8.—Total mobilization of the man power and woman power of the democracies is one of the basic essentials for winning the war, and nobody knows it more clearly than the British public.

"Production and its attendant problems," Churchill declared, "will dominate 1942." Increasingly, polls by the British Institute of Public Opinion have shown the British public settling out production and the organization and proper allotment of labor power as the paramount problems which the British government must solve.

As long ago as January, 1941, a majority of British voters thought the government should be able to make all its own work where and when it is done. That is total mobilization. It is gratifying to learn that American public opinion, as measured by the American Institute of Public Opinion, appears to favor total mobilization for the United States.

In April, 1941, nearly three out of every four British voters were willing to see women working for war work. It was not until seven months later that the government sought this power, and many experts believe it is for this delay. Now the nation has the power to conscript women for the war's auxiliary services or for munitions work, and all women up to 30 years of age are able to obtain jobs only through government placement. There is a substantial public opinion in favor of forcing national service for all men up to the age of 30 and for women also up to that age.

Clearly, the British public is prepared for—indeed is urging—a high degree of compulsion in all fields of activity.

Along with this sentiment for compulsion is a growing demand among workers that their representatives be given a voice in industrial management. The government is now introducing in its own factories the experiment of joint production committees, on

Off The Record

By Ed Reed



"I do wish Bessie would make some friends!"

British Cabinet

By Eric Estorick

Churchill Conservatives

This is the second of two articles.

ONE of the shrewdest changes in Churchill's reorganized cabinet was the shifting of Captain Oliver Lyttelton's duties as minister of state, from British adviser in the Middle East to administrator of Britain's war production program.

Lyttelton comes qualified admirably to this task which was heretofore done by Lord Beaverbrook. Before Lyttelton went to the Middle East as representative of the war cabinet in that area, to help relieve the pressure on Gen. Wavell, who had had previously to do this work in addition to his military duties, he had already handled two very important jobs.

When war broke out in September 1939, Lyttelton was appointed to the ministry of supply as controller of nonferrous metals, a position for which he was admirably suited since prior to the war he had been managing director of the giant British Metal Corporation at a salary of \$80,000 a year. At this post, Lyttelton speeded up the delivery of the metals vital to the factories which were doing that work, and sidetracked the delivery of metals from these which were still engaged in peacetime manufacture. As a result of his work in organizing this highly complex department, Churchill, in October 1940, appointed Lyttelton to succeed Sir Andrew Duncan as president of the Board of Trade, where he had to adapt his business knowledge to the vast complexities of Britain's wartime trade problems.

LYTTELTON was responsible for the introduction of the industrial rationing scheme, where he forced a great reduction in the consumption of luxury and other nonessential peace goods so that many factories were freed for the production of munitions, tanks and planes. Lyttelton was also responsible for the clothes rationing scheme, a clear-cut and equitable plan to limit Britain's wardrobe.

Educated at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge, a member of the Grenadier Guards in the first World War, and a winner of the Distinguished Service Order and Military Cross, Lyttelton never entertained the idea of a political career. When he became a member of the cabinet, a parliamentary seat had to be found for him, and six weeks after his appointment he was elected to Parliament as the Conservative member for Aldershot.

Since the shifting of his duties to the war production program, there has been much discussion of this new public figure, who, prior to the outbreak of the war, was best known in Britain for his industrial "rationalization" scheme, which has been declared by his critics to have severely monopolistic tendencies. Actually, Lyttelton was responsible for the elimination of a number of firms which were cluttering up the efficiency of the metal industry. Will Lyttelton, for example, leader of the Mine Workers' Federation of Great Britain, and a left-winger at that, has spoken very favorably of Lyttelton. Having served on a number of committees, with him, Lyttelton was highly impressed with Lyttelton's efficiency and awareness of both sides of the labor and management situation in Britain. Lyttelton's capacities in this direction were undoubtedly responsible for his great success in effecting so many changes in policy as head of the Board of Trade.

SINCE LYTTELTON is perhaps the shining example of British industry's managerial elite, it will be interesting to learn how his new functions dovetail with Ernest Bevin's tasks at the ministry of labor. It is no secret that Bevin guards his prerogatives jealously. If this hard-hitting British trades union leader can get along with Lyttelton, who represents the most advanced thinking in British industrial management, then Britain's war production program will have been immeasurably strengthened by Churchill's new cabinet changes.

While Lyttelton and Eden are considered to be among the brightest of Churchill's conservative supporters, they are not the only ones of this following who have significant positions in the new setup. In the various ministries, as well as in the war cabinet, there are many posts filled by men who supported Churchill during the bleak years of exile when Chamberlain and his coteries ruled the Conservative Party. The appointment of Sir Percy James Grigg as secretary of state for

Wartime Washington

By Merlo Pusey

Mr. Goodwillie's Captivating Plan

WASHINGTON'S emergency housing and public improvements bill is being held up by controversy over the Goodwillie plan.

The Senate included within the bill five million dollars to reclaim nine blocks of slum area in the Southwest in accordance with the plan worked out by Arthur Goodwillie, director of conservation service for the HOLC. Before going along with that plan the House Public Buildings and Grounds Committee wants to be certain that it will make a substantial contribution to the city's war housing. So additional hearings are scheduled for Wednesday.

The Goodwillie plan has captivated the imagination of a good many Washingtonians. It seems to offer the prospect of wiping out one of the worst slum areas in the Capital and of housing war workers at the same time. Of the nine blocks that the plan would reclaim, the plan submitted to the Senate Labor Committee would be merely a sample of what could be done. If the experiment should prove successful, reclamation of much larger slum areas could be undertaken.

As presented by Mr. Goodwillie, the plan is unquestioned merit. This horrible slum area, with its outside toilets, its lack of running water in most of the houses, its decrepit, unsightly buildings, is within three blocks of the Capitol. That facts make it a great liability as a slum, but would also make it a great asset as a modern housing development. It would be within walking distance of Government buildings that accommodate about 100,000 Federal employees. It is more accessible to the large centers of employment than any other available site in the city. In this day of tire shortages that is an especially promising feature of the plan. Mr. Goodwillie rightly says that it is "a natural bedroom for Washington."

THE PLAN has other advantages. For most of the war housing to be built in Washington new streets, sewers, water mains, sidewalks and so forth will have to be installed. These improvements are costly and they require a long time for installation. In the nine blocks that would be rebuilt under the Goodwillie plan these improvements are already available. There would be savings, too, through the use of the walls of many of the existing structures. Only the broken-down frame buildings and some others beyond reclamation would be razed. All sound brick walls would be saved and utilized in the new projects, which would stand in the way of courts to be opened in the street. Mr. Goodwillie told the Senate committee that the job could be done for 60 per cent of the cost of new construction. Some other housing experts believe that this is unduly optimistic, but it is generally conceded that substantial savings would be possible by utilizing the shells of the existing houses.

Against these very notable advantages, however, Mr. Goodwillie's proposal has some disadvantages. The foremost question which arises is: Where could the people who live in these slums be housed? Squatted though they are, the dwellings in these nine blocks would have to be moved to other quarters. Indeed, it is part of Mr.

war, replacing Capt. David Margeson, formerly chief of Conservative whip in the House of Commons, signifies, too, that Churchill is raising the British civil service lists which had formerly been the sacrosanct property of Sir Horace Wilson, head of the British civil service under Chamberlain, chief adviser of the late head of the British government, and considered by many to have been the most ardent and influential proponent of the Munichite spirit in England.

The appointment of Viscount Cranborne, heir to the Cecil titles, as secretary of state for colonies and leader of the House of Lords, is in a final slap at appeasement tradition in Britain, for it was Cranborne who supported Eden in his battle with the Chamberlain Conservatives before the war. Col. Clewelin, new minister of aircraft production, is still another significant Churchillian addition.

The fact, however, that there are a number of individuals in the British cabinet who are tinged with Britain's appeasement past, may indicate that Churchill's sorties into the leading Conservative Party positions are not yet completely finished. The recent resignation of Sir Douglas Hacking, Chamberlain supporter and leading figure in the Conservative Party, from his position of leadership may be construed as a symbol of Churchill's rising mass power in the Tory Party—which he now heads—and where, before the outbreak of World War II, he was exoriated constantly as a traitor to his conservative heritage.

On This Page

WALTER LIPPMANN—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.
MARK SULLIVAN—Sunday, Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
ERIC ESTORICK—Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
BARNETT NOVER—Monday, Wednesday, Friday.
WESTBROOK PEGLER—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday (on vacation).

The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

Private Purkey

Dear Ma: Just a few lines to tell you about the Stage Door Canteen which I discovered in New York the other night and which has given me the biggest lift so far. It is run by famous actors and actresses exclusively for men in uniform. It is not just one of them absent treatment canteens with some people start and then just let it go at that. It is full of actors and actresses all the time and they not only put on a swell non-stop show but pass out great chow.

I got a sandwich personally from Jane Cowl and almost a whole chocolate cake and three cups of coffee from Gertrude Lawrence in the flesh, and I could of danced with most everybody in the theater from Sophie Tucker and Gypsy Rose Lee to Ethel Barrymore and Billy Burke. I guess we wood see Carmen Miranda, but if she was there she must of been fully dressed with wood make her practically in disguise.

This canteen is under the Forty-fourth Street Theater and every little while Joe Shubert and Harry Kaufman wood drop in to verify what they seen. They could not believe there could be so much fun and so many people in any Shubert property which was not playing Olesen & Johnson. They said it was like Helzapoppin only the jokes the canteen uses are not so old.

I understand the place used to be a night club but it could not of been as good a night club as it is now as no club could afford so many entertainers. The stars of the stage are making this an all out canteen and they are all out to it most of the time feeding the boys some of the best chow I ever ate except what you used to make, ma, and putting on more acts than a civilian could see if he spent a thousand bucks and seen all the shows in Broadway.

They pointed out a couple they told me was Billy Rose and Eleanor Holmes but I am not two sure about them as there is no swimming tank or rodeo in the canteen. Saroyan offered to do a playlet for the army and navy boys but they said they were confused enough so I guess he will not go ahead with the idea.

Boris Karloff dropped in while I was there. He was a big disappointment to me on account of because he does not look no tougher than any top sergeant and I have seen plenty of them. A lot of actors and actresses were there with their nurses and governors. They were all from George Abbott shows. I was told.

I got introduction to a actress they told me was named Blythe Spirit and some girl I was told was Angel Street, a pretty name. Some producers was pointed out to me too including Rustle Crouse who has got all the big hits. I was told he now ranks second to John D. Rockefeller as an amusement wizard. You probably heard of Crouse. He produced a play called Arsenal and Old Bess and he wrote and produced Life With My Sister Ellen. I think he wrote Porgy on Ice also. They told me all about him. He started out in Kansas City with just a deck of cards and a few poker chips and came to New York where for years he slept in the Theater Guild. I also seen John Golden who came to New York with just the chips and no cards and made good.

I never had so much fun or met so many prominent people. I just got back to camp and am rushing this off. More soon. Yours loving son, OSCAR.

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An Editor Replies

New Dealism And The War

I have always held a very high regard for the accuracy and fairness of The Washington Post. For that reason I was particularly sorry to read your editorial of today concerning the speech made by Attorney General Biddle at a dinner given by The New Republic on March 5. It is, I think, careless and unjust.

You ask in your editorial of March 7, "What did the Attorney General mean?" and you reply, "The answer is easy . . . The farm bloc must be sustained in its fight for bigger and better bounties. Labor must be encouraged to keep the 40-hour week, and at the same time to better its living standards." If your editorial writer had attended our meeting, he would have realized, I am sure, how far from the truth his interpretation is. The Attorney General in his speech was merely replying to a number of speeches made by members of Congress and others in which it was fully recognized that both labor and the farmers would have to accept substantial sacrifices in order to win the war.

There is an implication, too, in your editorial, that those who attended our dinner were more concerned with preserving the New Deal than with winning the war. This suggestion, I believe, is completely disproved by a reading of the opening speech of Ralph Ingersoll, which you do not mention and which was devoted to the war.

In using the Attorney General in order to advance your argument against the New Deal you continue: "New Dealism still insists on the 40-hour week. To be sure, the workers could work longer, but the overtime is so exorbitant that few employers can pay it. And the New Dealers made overtime exorbitant purposely—in order to discourage work beyond 40 hours." I am sure you must realize how highly misleading this is. The average American workweek in many defense industries is, as you probably know, 53 hours, which is close to the limit set for maximum efficiency by the War Relocation Authority. Britain has, of course, retained intact her peacetime structure of overtime pay. Yet you suggest that the reason the workweek is not longer is because the employers cannot afford to pay overtime. But contracts for war work, as you know, are let on a negotiated basis in which all costs, including overtime, are included and a margin added for profit. Time and again Donald Nelson has stated that a three-shift system and not longer hours is the first necessity of higher production.

You add that in Germany "the pace in some instances is 70 hours a week." These instances, I understand, are extremely rare. The average workweek in Germany is a little over 40 hours. Also, are you implying that Germany does not pay overtime? Surely you know that when overtime was abolished in Germany three years ago, production fell so sharply that it was at once restored.

Your attempt to identify the "liberalism" advocated by the Attorney General and other speakers

at our meeting with the fight of the inflationists in Congress and the Farm Bureau Federation to undermine price control is even more unfortunate. You point out correctly that this fight must "ruin the economy." You continue, "But the Attorney General seems to approve this type of liberalism." In view of the struggle waged by the Government for six months against the danger of inflation through higher farm prices, there is no justification whatever for your charge. You add, in speaking of the Attorney General, "Perhaps he also approves the artful dodger tactics of tying farm demands to war appropriations." In the light of the President's own denunciation of these tactics I cannot understand how The Post could have permitted itself to make such an insinuation.

You report our meeting under the headline "Politics as Usual" but I would like to ask whether there is not an element of politics as usual in The Post's own attitude. I seem to remember that the Post opposed with some consistency the major social programs of the New Deal in time of peace. Are you certain that your continuing opposition to these achievements even when, as in the case of the Farm Security Administration, these programs are contributing directly to the war effort, is not in some degree an extension of your own political views in time of the war emergency? Your unqualified assertion that "the New Deal philosophy must be waived for the duration" betrays the presence of the attitude more clearly than any statement I have recently seen.

You quote my own phrase that the "New Deal is more dynamic than fascism and more revolutionary than communism." For myself and others of my age who are now fighting abroad the New Deal represents not a narrow program but a democracy strong enough to lift itself from the utter breakdown of 1933 to the well functioning economy of 1937. It is a dangerous thought that this democracy is more dynamic than fascism and more revolutionary than communism? Before your editorial writers answer their might do a little re-reading of the works of Thomas Jefferson and Abraham Lincoln; for I used the word "revolutionary" in the sense that they used it.

MICHAEL STRAIGHT.

Washington, March 7.

Editor's Note: Mr. Straight misses the point. We took exception to Mr. Biddle's statement that regardless of the war the fight for liberalism under the New Deal must go on. Such a fight would, indeed, be regardless of the war. Successful conduct of this war requires the burying of political differences. If they are kept alive, then there can be no national unity, since the New Deal was the chief political difference of prewar days. Economically, moreover, the New Deal fight would seek to negate the sacrifice essential to noninflationary financing of the war. On the economic front the New Deal stands for the more abundant life, whereas the prosecution of the war requires the less abundant life. Mr. Straight's points on labor are not in accord with the facts as given by Government departments, but we shall return to this subject editorially. He is also wide of the mark about The Washington Post. We did not oppose with some consistency the major social programs of the New Deal in time of peace. Our record, if it could be reduced to a formula, would be about fifty-fifty in fact. It is anything but consistently anti-New Deal, as becomes an independent newspaper.

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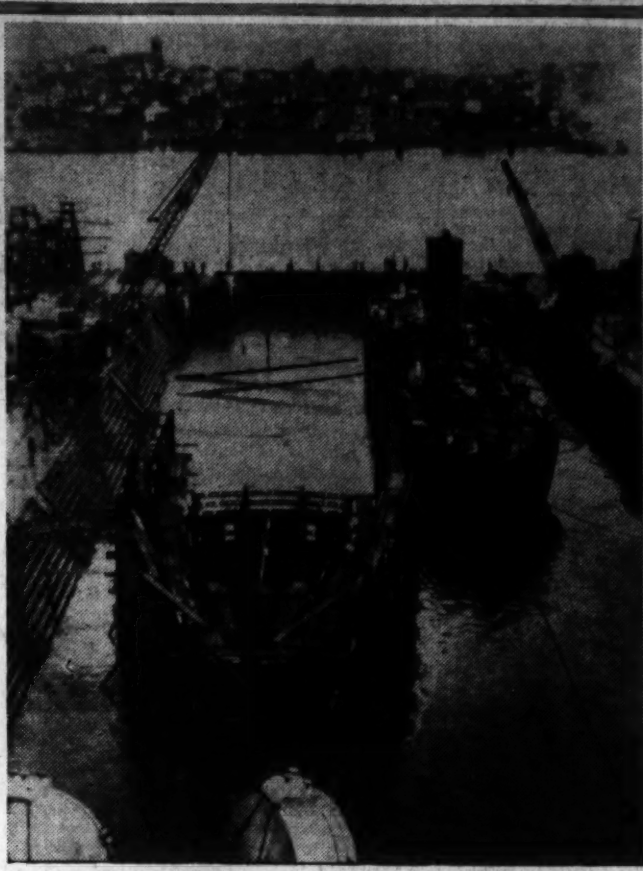
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LATEST BATTLE LINE in Russia was reported as following roughly the western boundary of the diagonally shaded area. Red army ski troops continued to harass the encircled Sixteenth German army at Staraya Russa (1) and another Russian force pushed into Sychevka (2). Stalin was reported making ready all along the line to meet a German spring offensive. Hitler and his key generals were placed at Kiev (3), setting up headquarters for the drive



Another Chapter in Saga of the Shaw—The United States destroyer Shaw, which the Japs claimed to have destroyed in the attack on Pearl Harbor, will soon be in fighting trim. At a West Coast shipyard, the Shaw has been fitted with a new bow, replacing the one lost when a bomb hit exploded her magazines and wrecked her forward section. Left—The Shaw, with temporary bow she used in crossing the Pacific, is in drydock, where the new forward section is waiting. Center—The temporary bow has been removed and the new section is ready to be joined to the Shaw. Right—Once more a whole vessel, the Shaw is being made ready for sea. The improvised bow (right) will become scrap metal. Official U. S. Navy Photos by Associated Press Wirephoto.

Snow-Bound Nazi Tank

A Red army cavalryman rides past a German tank bogged down in the snow and abandoned on the Eastern Front by the Nazis after their retreat.

Russians Mop Up

Russian soldiers in the drive that turned the German tide hunt through the streets of Rostov for Nazi stragglers. This was at the start of the Red army's counterattack against Hitler's legions. Today Russia is preparing to meet the German spring offensive reportedly with 10,000,000 fighting men.

Associated Press WIREPHOTOS



Life Story of Philippine Defender

MacArthur The Magnificent

By Bob Considine
Copyright International News Service

ONLY by making himself thoroughly disliked by guardians of the public purse and by standing in line for PWA funds did Gen. Douglas MacArthur achieve a minimum of his aims while Chief of Staff.

But the progress toward the realization of those rudimentary aims was necessarily slow that they had not reached fruition when his four years of service as Chief of Staff were up. He wanted to continue on as Chief of Staff until at least his primary dreams for the improvement of the Army were realized. However, tremendous pressure was being brought to bear on President Roosevelt to replace him.

The sniping that had begun with his evacuation of the bonus Army had shown little signs of abatement through the last two years of his regular 4-year tenure as Chief of Staff.

But in the face of all obstacles, most of them fiscal, he went about the business of lifting the face of his beloved Army. For efficiency's sake he cut the number of American Armies to four. His keen interest in the future of the air arm led him to form the general headquarters air force and he began the tedious job of mounting the Army on wheels and making its equipment automatic.

He sought, and found, more striking wordage for his pleas for funds. By the end of 1934 he was telling Congress that the Army, then composed of 118,000 men, should be instantly raised to 165,000.

"We have in the whole of Continental United States scarcely more than 60,000 combat soldiers," he shouted. "That is less than three times the number of men on the metropolitan police force of the city of New York. Why, the detective force of the Federal Government amounts to nearly 23,000. Our Army is palpably insufficient and presents a very dangerous situation."

In his official report to Secretary of War George H. Dern that year, dictated while he strode up and down in his office, he wrote:

"Armies and Navies give weight to the peaceful words of statesmen, but only when they are known to be efficient. But feverish effort to create an Army and Navy, once a crisis is imminent, simply provokes immediate attack."

"Reasonable preparation constantly carried forward as a feature of national policy is not only necessary to assure avoidance of the bitterest consequences of war, but it is a wise investment in the maintenance of peace."

He was almost apologetic about the modesty of the Army's demands that year. His proposals for 1935 "would leave us far behind all other major powers in strength of organized land forces . . . our proposals have been formulated with a regard for current governmental economy, as well as in full realization of the fact that retrenchment that cripples national defense is extravagance past the point of folly. Our proposals are conservative to a degree; for that reason they are difficult to popularize."

"They have not the emotional appeal either of the ill-advised and deplorably provocative statements of the jingoist, or the stupid utterances and specious arguments of the pacifist. They are addressed to reason alone, and do not depend upon the driving methods of propaganda."

Then, "Relatively small forces, exploiting the possibilities of modern weapons and mechanisms, will afford in future emergencies a more dependable assurance of defense than will huge, unwieldy, poorly equipped and hastily trained masses. Adherence to such a policy likewise serves the interests of economy, since of all the costs of war none is so irreparable and so devastating as that measured in the blood of youth."



... SECRETARY DERN called in MacArthur, officers and reporters and presented the general with a bronzed oak leaf cluster to be attached to the Distinguished Service Medal he had won in the first World War

HE foresaw the America of the furious forties.

"It will be a nation at war, rather than a nation in arms. Of this vast machine, the Nation itself, the fighting forces will be only the cutting edge; their characteristics will be speed in movement, power in fire and shock action, and the utmost in professional skill and leadership. Their armaments will necessarily be of the most efficient types obtainable and the transportation, supply and maintenance systems supporting them will be required to function perfectly and continuously."

"Economic and industrial resources will have to assure the adequacy of munition supply and the sustenance of the whole civil population. In these latter fields the great proportion of the employable population will find its war duty."

But the striking clarity of his prognosticating made him no man of the hour. The tireless gossip mongers in official Washington life dredged up a rumor that he had chuckled privately that he could run the Army on 40 million dollars less a year. When he had safely stamped that out, another wildfire report spread that he had said that he did not quite approve of President Roosevelt; that his loyalty still lay with the man who had appointed him Chief of Staff, Herbert Hoover.

Roosevelt heard the story eventually and sent MacArthur's old classmate, Gen. Hugh Johnson, to see him and ask if it were true. It was not, of course, and Johnson carried such a vigorous denial back to the President that Roosevelt broke with precedent and extended MacArthur's tour of duty as Chief of Staff. It meant one more "first" for the general whose life had been founded on firsts. For no Chief of Staff had ever succeeded himself.

There were fresh newspaper clippings for his mother, with whom he lived at Fort Myer, to paste in the book she had kept for so many years. He brought guffaws from those concerned by devoting a portion of his 1935 report to an ornate review of the strategy of Genghis Khan. His purpose was to draw a parallel between the success of that ancient warrior and that warrior's penchant for paralyzing a foe with quick, unexpected attacks.

"To attain victory," he added, "the Army must conduct efficient reconnaissance and counter-reconnaissance from the outset of the campaign; move swiftly in the direction indicated as desirable, concentrate personnel and material at the critical point or points, or immobilize its enemy and hold firmly all areas to its own success; strike with the maximum power of fire and shock; and exploit rapidly and fearlessly every advantage gained."

"The protective power of modern weapons is so great that where these are strongly and deliberately organized for defense, envisioned the eventual author of one of history's great delaying actions, 'they practically insure invulnerability . . . to gain

surprise, nothing is more important than superiority in mobility."

Warming up to his task, MacArthur, who was the complete student of war because he felt that someone had to be, continued: "Any army that fails to keep in step with the world's trend toward speed is going steadily and irrevocably backward."

"The airplane, the physical embodiment of the spirit of speed, has become an indispensable member of the military team. The rest of the Army must develop itself so as to work efficiently with this new and speedy member. This generalization assumes a definite meaning when it is understood to imply a necessity on the part of the Army to strive for mobility permitting it to take advantage of the military opportunities created by an air force . . . rather than compelling the air force to waste itself away in hovering around an inert and cumbersome ground contingent as a mere protective and locally existing agency."

Nazi Germany, at that time formulating just such theories, and demonstrating their efficacy while pretending to be interested in "glider clubs," must have been a little startled at that.

In his final appearance before Congressional committees he made one last plea for adequate funds.

"So far as possible," he told the House committee, "every reduction (budget) has been absorbed by continuing in service obsolete and inefficient equipment, by limiting outlays for maintenance and for operation and training far below reasonable requirements, and by slackening technical development. While grants from emergency appropriations have made good some of the resultant deficiencies, the adverse effects of the drastic retrenchment required are frequently cumulative and not readily eradicable."

Before his appended year of service as Chief of Staff ended he crammed in as many warnings as he could.

"Every nation that has what is valuable is obligated to be prepared to defend it against brutal attack to seize and appropriate," he told a reunion of his Rainbow Division. "Every nation that would preserve its tranquility, its riches, its independence and its self-respect must keep alive its martial ardor and at all times be prepared to defend itself. There are frantic efforts afoot to disarm this country both physically and morally. I pledge myself to fight this unabashed and unsound propaganda. No one desires peace so much as the soldiers, the sailors who must pay the greatest penalty in war. Our Army is maintained solely for the preservation of peace or for the restoration of peace after it has been lost by statesmen."

In his last report to Secretary Dern, MacArthur renewed his plea for more men, motorized and mechanized equipment, more planes and automatic guns. And more money for experimentation. Along these latter lines he wrote, in 1935, "There could be developed a light, inexpensive vehicle with a reasonable degree of mechanical efficiency in cross-country travel, and capable of transporting and partially protecting two or three well-armed infantrymen. A great opportunity for increasing battle mobility would thus be presented." He supplied everything except the word "Jeep."

THE "next war," whose very mention increased the ridicule being heaped on him, would "witness a maximum utilization of fast machines for transportation, increased unit firepower through employment of weapons of great efficiency, increasing efforts by all commanders to utilize the mobility of machines so as to attack by surprise; avoidance, so far as possible, of frontal assault against strongly held positions, even where the attack is supported by combat vehicles and other types of modern weapons, and growing utilization of air forces for bombardment of sensitive points in the enemy's supply organization."

"The successful Army of the future must be highly mechanized, supplied with fast tanks, armored cars and airplanes, and able to shift fronts with devastating speed. This Army must have highly effective rapid-fire weapons capable of furious attack. The day of trench warfare along practically static fronts as experienced in the World War, has ended so far as the United States is concerned."

His words and the things he had managed to accomplish were not wholly unrecognized. On September 5, 1935, Secretary Dern called in MacArthur, officers and reporters, and presented the general with bronzed oak leaf cluster to be attached to the Distinguished Service Medal he had won in the first World War. The citation read:

"Douglas MacArthur, General, Chief of Staff, United States Army, for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished services in a position of great responsibility. As Chief of Staff since November 21, 1930, he has performed his many important and exacting duties with signal success. He devised and developed the four Army organization of our land forces; he conceived and established the general headquarters air force, thus immeasurably increasing the effectiveness of our air defenses; he initiated a comprehensive program of modernization in the Army's tactics, equipment, training and organization. The professional counsel and assistance he has continuously rendered to the President, to the Secretary of War, and to the Congress have been distinguished by such logic, vision, and accuracy as to contribute markedly to the formulation of sound defense policies and the enactment of progressive laws for promoting the Nation's security."

Dern pinned the decoration on MacArthur. The general looked down at it a moment and when he looked up he said,

"Mr. Secretary, I cannot tell you the sense of distinction I feel in accepting this entirely unexpected award. My pleasure, my pride in receiving it is only enhanced by a realization that it must be intended not so much for me personally, but as a recognition of the American Army. In that spirit I shall wear it upon my uniform where for all eyes it will stand as an outward symbol of the devotion, the efficiency and the accomplishments of the officers and the soldiers whom it has been my high honor to command. For them and for myself, I thank you."

ALMOST simultaneously, Congress cut the War Department's budget for 1936.

For some years MacArthur had been looking forward to retiring from the Army at the end of his four as Chief of Staff. But now as the time neared he knew he could not do so, and live with his conscience.

His beloved Philippines had become a commonwealth government and, as such, must now look to the development of its own forces and defenses. On December 15, 1935, MacArthur retired as Chief of Staff to become the Army's military adviser to the Philippines. Little or no attention was given to his last official remark as he laid aside one duty and faced another.

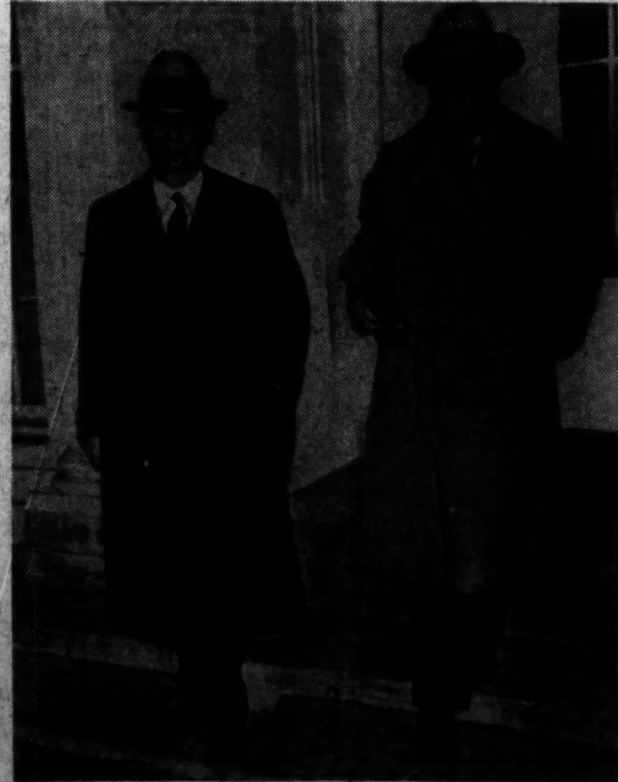
"I believe the future security of the Philippines is of major importance to the interests of the United States in the Far East," he said.

It flattered him a little to think that President Quizon had made a personal plea to President Roosevelt, asking that MacArthur be given such an assignment. He looked toward the Philippines with a great measure of interest, for the islands were a part and parcel of his life.

But as his ship left San Francisco, Douglas MacArthur knew in his heart that he had lost his first battle. That Congress had beaten him at nearly every turn; that the country as a whole was still snoring almost as peacefully as it had when he first sounded his sometimes flamboyant but always earnest cry to arm.

"Let us be prepared, lest we too perish," he said in his awesome whisper, in his last address at West Point.

"Warmonger," Senator Gerald P. Nye called him the next day. (Tomorrow: The General Becomes a Field Marshal.)



AFTER A CONFERENCE WITH THE PRESIDENT, the late Secretary of War George H. Dern (left) and Gen. Douglas MacArthur leave the White House. This was in 1935

WPB Injects Skimp Motif Into Fashions

By Lee Carson

International News Service Staff Writer
Suggesting that Napoleon's Josephine managed to cut quite an appealing figure without using much last night said that the well-dressed woman of World War II would wear either her old clothes or some new ones designed to conserve fabric without sacrificing public morale or morals.

"There have been great periods in fashion when little cloth was used," said R. R. Guthrie, chief of the WPB textile, clothing and leather goods division encouragingly, "as in the styles of the French Empire." During that era, Guthrie continued, the stylish ladies wore sheath-like skirts, low necklines and short sleeves and were rather famous for their charms.

American women will have to sacrifice such extremes as the "parachute skirt," the "drindl" beloved by the debutantes and probably expose an inch more of leg and a little more of shape in order to keep the war under wraps. Even as the men have been ordered to give up their double-breasted dinner jackets, tail coats and staid ways, the women might eventually be called on either to return to the short evening dresses of the flapper era or attend the opera in something simple, with a small hat.

Coming as manna from heaven to the head and income taxpayer of the house is the contemplated move to "freeze the existing silhouette" of midday, dressed.

Skipping over the glaring fact that midday's existing silhouette depicts a great deal on the banned girdle, corset and brasier, the War Production Board explained that freezing the present profile of fashion would prevent present styles from going to waste and put the clamps on radical changes.

"Gone with the WPB will be the seasonal and midseasonal shifts in inspiring feminine signs. The styles this spring will be good all summer, next fall and into the winter, but the variations will be slight. The costumes copied from the ballerinas, the oversize sleeves, peplums, matching jackets and other whimsies worn on Park Avenue and Main Street must go."

Anticipated shortages in wool, leather and flax, due to transportation difficulties and the vast supplies needed by the armed forces of the United Nations, conversion of garment makers and needleworkers to war industries will necessarily grab at women's skirts, WPB said flatly.

Jackets, suit tops, three-piece ensembles, the billowing ballet skirts, regal trains, flowing drapery and other soaring flights of fashion must be grounded for the duration, Guthrie said.

Miss Hasson's Funeral Today

Miss Esther Voorhees Hasson, 74, first superintendent of the Navy Nurse Corps, who died Sunday at Emergency Hospital, will be buried today at Arlington Cemetery.

A native of Baltimore, Md., Miss Hasson was a graduate of the Connecticut School for Nurses, New Haven.

She joined the Army Nurse Corps in 1898 and served during the Spanish-American War. Between 1908 and 1911 she was superintendent of the Navy Nurse Corps. When the United States entered the first World War she joined the Army Nurse Corps and served with troops in France from 1917 to 1919.

Public Not Fully Aware of War, Army Officer-Nurse Declares

By Lieut. Elizabeth Johnson

Written for Wide World
Too many girls are coming to Washington for Federal jobs and then going home again to suit Recreation Services of the Metropolitan Civilian Defense Area.

Homeliness, inability to find friends in a hurry and general disgust with Washington confusion is sending about 100 girls home each month, according to estimates in the office of Hugo W. Walter, executive director of the services.

To put an end to such "waste of Government money," the office is announcing the birth of a new magazine to be called "The Federal Communicator."

Recommended by the Federal Security Agency, the new publication will be off the presses for the first time in April 15 and be published monthly thereafter.

It will be strictly a service magazine designed to benefit Federal employees, according to Walter, who said all profits from it will be used to improve and enlarge recreational facilities for Government personnel.

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Craig Field, Selma, Ala., March 9. I ought not to start right out preaching, but to those of us who have known Corregidor in peacetime and have watched young men stream through the training fields on their way to war, it seems there should be more of an awareness among the American people about what is going on.

It has been my good fortune to be a commissioned officer in the Army for seven years.

I have served in the big Philippine fortress; in a hospital in the city of Manila; at Fort Sheridan, near Chicago; at Camp Wolters, at Mineral Wells, Tex., and here at Craig Field where we are teaching men to fly fast fighting planes.

There can be no apathy toward the war on the part of the Army nurse.

Nurses Want to Do More
She is part and parcel of the war effort. We are trying to do our part. We often wish we could do more. Occasionally we do get homesick, especially those of us fresh from the family circle. It takes time to get adjusted.

I have eight girls under my supervision. We live well. The hours are not hard—seven hours in the daytime and 12 for night duty. We get one afternoon off each week, one day off each month and, once a year, a whole 30 days leave with pay.

My duties consist of planning the work, making up the menus for the nurses' mess and seeing to it that

the girls have the proper recreation facilities. It's a good life.

The girls are dated pretty regularly by the officers. We dance, play cards, and do such women-like things as hang curtains and pictures in our quarters.

The pictures often include those of boy friends back home.

Most of the girls are commissioned as second lieutenants. That gives them \$70 a month and maintenance—food, lodging and laundry. All in all, a nurse is much better off in the Army than she is doing general duty nursing. Private duty nursing does, of course, pay better.

Proud of Their Bars

But an Army nurse, being an officer, is entitled to retirement pay. Some of us can never claim it. We get married.

Since Pearl Harbor the commissioned nurses, like the other Army officers, never appear in civilian clothes.

Our dress uniforms consist of a blue coat, a blue skirt of a slightly lighter shade, blue shirt, gray gloves and black shoes and tie. We wear our officers' bars with the same pride as the men.

Sometimes odd situations develop. A nurse, a commissioned officer, will have a boy friend who is a buck private. That's one of those things which grow out of a war emergency. Usually it's the boy, back home, a selected one.

I started out preaching, didn't I? Well, I wish people would read their newspapers more. It would show them there is a war on.

Senator Byrd Tosses Strike At Defense Bowling Plans

The controversial physical fitness division in which Mayris Chaney was employed for the Office of Civilian Defense was back in the news yesterday as Chairman Byrd, of the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Ex-

penditures, asked James M. Landis, director of OCD, for a report on its "plan to organize the Nation's bowlers."

"Announcement on March 4 that the Office of Civilian Defense was undertaking a national campaign for the purpose of enrolling 25 million men, women and children to bowl—and that this activity is part of the national defense program—astonishes me, as no mention was made of this activity when you appeared before our committee," Senator Byrd wrote Landis.

The announcement was made in a Chicago newspaper, according to Chairman Byrd, and said Jack M. Wilson, of that city, would serve as United States bowling coordinator. His assistants were listed as Gloria De Mala and Adele Vallette.

Since none of these names was on the list furnished by Landis to the committee, which also noted the omission of the name of Mayris Chaney—although the OCD director said her name should have been recorded because the list was made up as of February 8, before the director's resignation—Senator Byrd asked Landis to "recheck carefully all the information you have given the committee."

The physical fitness division is slated for transfer to the Office of Defense Health and Welfare Services at an early date. Bowling is but one of many programs undertaken by it.

Concerning the bowling idea, Senator Byrd wrote Landis: "Such a program certainly will be costly, if organized on this scale, and may I ask if it is your purpose to undertake this program? And may I add further that public resentment against bonboning such as this in connection with our national defense program has reached a point where it is imperative, in my judgment, that you strip your agency of those activities that are not related directly to national defense."

D. C. Iron Worker Held for Jury On Rape Charge

William T. Moore, 32, iron worker of 1328 B Street Southwest yesterday was ordered held without bond for action of the Prince Georges County grand jury on a charge of having raped a 16-year-old Washington high school girl during the blackout last Tuesday night at Oxon Hill, Md.

Police Court Judge Walter L. Green ordered Moore held after a four-hour hearing at Upper Marlboro, Md. The girl, a part-time worker in a 5 and 10-cent store near her home, said that Moore, whom she had met several months before, offered to drive her home during the blackout. Instead, he drove to a point 4 miles below Oxon Hill, where the alleged attack occurred. Moore, who is married and has a 5-year-old daughter, admitted to police that he was with the girl, but denied the attack.

Recreational Office to Issue Magazine

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Postlude

Louisa Jones' Recital Closes Howard U. Concert Season

By Ray C. B. Brown

Howard University School of Music
Howard University School of Music presents Louisa Jones in a violin recital Monday night in Andrew Rankin Memorial Chapel. Assisting pianist: Luis Andres Wheatley. Program of compositions by Brahms, Vieniavski, Chausson, Turina and Ulysses Kay.

To close its ninth season of subscription concerts, Howard University School of Music presented one of its own faculty members.

Louisa Vaughan Jones, in a violin recital last evening in Andrew Rankin Memorial Chapel, Luis Andres Wheatley was the assisting pianist in a program which began with a commendable reading of Brahms' "A major sonata."

There was close collaboration between the musicians in this work, and their performance held rewarding qualities of poesy and emotional warmth.

Mr. Jones had eloquence in his tone and security in his technique, employing both to advantage in interpretation.

In this sonata Brahms was in one of his sunny moods, and it contains very little introspection. The first subject of the allegro is a firm melodic statement of the kind that makes a god text for commentary in development, and is contrasted with the pure poetry of the second subject.

The second movement is a characteristic Brahmsian joke, for it telescopes a sentimental andante theme in F major with a pert and vivacious scherzo in D minor—a dialogue, as it were, between a languishing youth and a mocking maiden, in which the lady has the last word.

The closing allegretto sweeps along on a broad and flowing theme that has some kinship with the finale of the first symphony.

In his second offering, Vieniavski's D minor concerto, Mr. Jones showed his expertise in violinistic floriture, handling the brilliant passages with

assurance. Occasionally he pressed his tempi a little too much to the detriment of his intonation. His accuracy of tone came back, however, in his thoughtful and sensitive reading of Chausson's lovely "Poeme."

A novelty was the first local performance of a sonatina in C minor for viola and piano by Ulysses Kay, a young Negro composer of Arizona, who is now studying with Paul Hindemith at Yale. This work, written at the age of 22, reveals a talent which will repay watching.

While Mr. Kay has evident sympathies with modernism, they do not tempt him away from an innate sense of musical beauty. His melodies have pleasing contours and their harmonic texture is woven tastefully. The music is imaginative, fresh and charged with emotional vitality.

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District Accepts U. S. Funds For Seven Defense Projects

The Commissioners last night accepted the Federal Works Agency's offer for seven projects, which represent the District's participation in the first Lanham Act appropriation.

All but two of these projects are to benefit the Anacostia region, which has been the location of the

major port of defense housing, and which serves Bolling Field, the Naval Research Laboratory and the Naval Air Station.

The two other items cover a pump and six filters for the Dalecarlia Filter Plant, which will be constructed by the Army Corps of Engineers.

The entire amount of the offer is \$2,134,350, of which \$1,562,250 is an outright grant, and \$572,000 a loan. The latter will be repaid over a ten-year period, at an annual interest rate of 1.35 per cent.

The Anacostia projects include a 30-inch water main (\$230,000); a 24-inch water main (\$273,000); a storm sewer (\$798,000); extension of the fire alarm system (\$57,000); and the Patterson Elementary School at Atlantic Street and Nichols Avenue Southeast (\$198,150). The fire equipment and the storm sewer are outright grants, the others part grant and part loan.

D. V. Auld, acting public works administrator for the District, said these offers were substantially the same as the amounts specified in the Commissioners' original applications. The amount allowed for the fire alarms was halved, but, he pointed out, was given as a grant rather than as a loan.

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There can be no apathy toward the war on the part of the Army nurse.

Nurses Want to Do More
She is part and parcel of the war effort. We are trying to do our part. We often wish we could do more. Occasionally we do get homesick, especially those of us fresh from the family circle. It takes time to get adjusted.

I have eight girls under my supervision. We live well. The hours are not hard—seven hours in the daytime and 12 for night duty. We get one afternoon off each week, one day off each month and, once a year, a whole 30 days leave with pay.

My duties consist of planning the work, making up the menus for the nurses' mess and seeing to it that

the girls have the proper recreation facilities. It's a good life.

The girls are dated pretty regularly by the officers. We dance, play cards, and do such women-like things as hang curtains and pictures in our quarters.

The pictures often include those of boy friends back home.

Most of the girls are commissioned as second lieutenants. That gives them \$70 a month and maintenance—food, lodging and laundry. All in all, a nurse is much better off in the Army than she is doing general duty nursing. Private duty nursing does, of course, pay better.

Proud of Their Bars

But an Army nurse, being an officer, is entitled to retirement pay. Some of us can never claim it. We get married.

Since Pearl Harbor the commissioned nurses, like the other Army officers, never appear in civilian clothes.

Our dress uniforms consist of a blue coat, a blue skirt of a slightly lighter shade, blue shirt, gray gloves and black shoes and tie. We wear our officers' bars with the same pride as the men.

Sometimes odd situations develop. A nurse, a commissioned officer, will have a boy friend who is a buck private. That's one of those things which grow out of a war emergency. Usually it's the boy, back home, a selected one.

I started out preaching, didn't I? Well, I wish people would read their newspapers more. It would show them there is a war on.

Senator Byrd Tosses Strike At Defense Bowling Plans

The controversial physical fitness division in which Mayris Chaney was employed for the Office of Civilian Defense was back in the news yesterday as Chairman Byrd, of the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Ex-

penditures, asked James M. Landis, director of OCD, for a report on its "plan to organize the Nation's bowlers."

"Announcement on March 4 that the Office of Civilian Defense was undertaking a national campaign for the purpose of enrolling 25 million men, women and children to bowl—and that this activity is part of the national defense program—astonishes me, as no mention was made of this activity when you appeared before our committee," Senator Byrd wrote Landis.

The announcement was made in a Chicago newspaper, according to Chairman Byrd, and said Jack M. Wilson, of that city, would serve as United States bowling coordinator. His assistants were listed as Gloria De Mala and Adele Vallette.

Since none of these names was on the list furnished by Landis to the committee, which also noted the omission of the name of Mayris Chaney—although the OCD director said her name should have been recorded because the list was made up as of February 8, before the director's resignation—Senator Byrd asked Landis to "recheck carefully all the information you have given the committee."

The physical fitness division is slated for transfer to the Office of Defense Health and Welfare Services at an early date. Bowling is but one of many programs undertaken by it.

Concerning the bowling idea, Senator Byrd wrote Landis: "Such a program certainly will be costly, if organized on this scale, and may I ask if it is your purpose to undertake this program? And may I add further that public resentment against bonboning such as this in connection with our national defense program has reached a point where it is imperative, in my judgment, that you strip your agency of those activities that are not related directly to national defense."

D. C. Iron Worker Held for Jury On Rape Charge

William T. Moore, 32, iron worker of 1328 B Street Southwest yesterday was ordered held without bond for action of the Prince Georges County grand jury on a charge of having raped a 16-year-old Washington high school girl during the blackout last Tuesday night at Oxon Hill, Md.

Police Court Judge Walter L. Green ordered Moore held after a four-hour hearing at Upper Marlboro, Md. The girl, a part-time worker in a 5 and 10-cent store near her home, said that Moore, whom she had met several months before, offered to drive her home during the blackout. Instead, he drove to a point 4 miles below Oxon Hill, where the alleged attack occurred. Moore, who is married and has a 5-year-old daughter, admitted to police that he was with the girl, but denied the attack.

BEGINNING TODAY . . . CONTINUING THROUGH FRIDAY



MARCH 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th

A Most Unusual Sale . . .

In These Most Unusual Times

Mary Haworth's Mail

Man With \$12,000 Annual Income Tells Wife, Who Has Borne Two Babies in 15 Months, That He Cannot Afford to Buy Her Any New Clothes

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I am a young woman, 32 years of age, married to a man who is 49. I am his second wife (he was a widower) and we have been married three years. We have two babies, aged 15 months and 3 months, respectively. I am very much in love with my husband and have every reason to believe he cares as much for me. We have a beautiful home, a nice car and practically all the comforts of life. My husband earns just a little less than \$10,000 a year and has an income of about \$2000 aside from his salary.

We both like to entertain and do things in the best way—that is, as well as we can afford. It seems to me that with proper management, we should live quite well on his income and even put something aside for the children's future. But my husband seems to resent having to buy clothes for me. It doesn't seem to occur to him that I ever need anything. I did not have an elaborate wardrobe when I married, and by now I am badly in need of a few clothes. When I got back on my feet again after having the first baby, I mentioned that I would like a few new clothes and he said there was no money for them. I said nothing and "made out" on what I had; but it did hurt, for I well knew how much money we had.

Before we married, I held a job paying \$3600 a year and I was never a spendthrift. I always bought good clothes, but very few; and that is all I want now. I do think I am entitled to that much. Although we have a joint bank account, I never issue a check for more than \$10 without first discussing the expenditure with my husband, and I am equally careful about charge accounts. Shortly after we met, before we even thought of marrying, my husband mentioned that his first wife had run him into debt for thousands of dollars worth of clothes. Remembering this, I thought I would profit by it and definitely not demand anything as his wife, hoping he would appreciate it.

I was practically an invalid during the whole time I was bearing the two children, and rather slow in rallying afterward. Thus, since the second child came, I haven't felt like shopping yet. However, I did mention a new hat, and my husband said to wait and see where we come out on our income tax. But he thinks nothing of taking a couple of people to dinner and spending more in one evening than six hats would cost me.

He is amazed to think a child of 15 months should have shoes costing \$2.50 a pair. Yet he always buys himself the very best clothes. So I think it is time something was done to wake him up. I did without layettes for the babies, thinking we could make better use of the money when they were a little older and would be dressing to go out. But now, I feel I have mishandled the situation some way and that something must be done.

I realize this seems a petty problem to be writing about, when things might be so much more serious, and no doubt are with many. But not having had any clothes for so long, having spent the past ten months in bed, and with only two maternity dresses and a couple of pairs of flat-heeled shoes for street wear, I feel that one good-looking outfit would do more to help me recuperate than anything else. Your opinion will be appreciated. Sincerely, S. S. C.

No 'Petty Problem,' A Major Injustice

DEAR S. S. C.: Your husband's refusal to give you a decent clothing allowance for yourself and the children—to be spent without challenge or supervision—is insufferably penurious, when one considers the amount of his income versus the size of his family. His first wife may have been recklessly extravagant, or she may not. Even if she were, it is exceedingly selfish and stingy of him to try to retrieve, at your expense, the money she squandered on personal finery, if that is what he is trying to do.

He told you she "ran him into debt for thousands of dollars worth of clothes." Did he say over how long a period of time? Maybe the figure he was grousing about represented her total expenditure on clothing during all the years she was his wife. And maybe she was obliged to exploit charge accounts as the only means of financing him out of the wardrobe she felt entitled to—as the wife of a man in his position.

If he were not essentially stingy; if he were simply prudent in money matters, your willingness to practice sacrificial economies would have won his confidence by now; and he would feel that his money were at least as safe in your hands as his. And he would act accordingly. Moreover, if he were a man of generous impulses, he would have wanted to "make up to you," in some way, for the long months of invalidism before the babies came;—and he would have jumped at your suggestion of new clothes. He would have ordered you to go out and "shoot the works" on a new outfit, promising

It's About Time



By Dolores Boland
IT'S ABOUT TIME to use a subtle red, white and blue scheme in your daughter's room. White organdie curtains and dressing table skirt. Blue chintz triangles edged with organdie and overlapped for valances. Red velvet bows at corners of triangles

Something New In Luncheon Salads

Though the easiest way to get lunch together, no doubt, is via the salad route, it's not always so easy to think up something novel. So a luncheon menu worthy of note is that served to her friends by Rosemary de Camp to celebrate the completion of her latest picture, "The Jungle Book."

She didn't have one salad, but four individual salads per person, each different. One was tuna fish and celery garnished with sliced tomatoes; another pineapple and cottage cheese sprinkled with nuts; a third tomato aspic with slices of hard-boiled eggs; still another a mixture of ham and chicken with diced green peppers. Each of these tiny salads lay in a bed of crisp lettuce leaves, and a variety of dressings was passed around to suit individual tastes and individual salads.

For a very small luncheon, the possibilities of icebox odds and ends are unlimited.

Learn Rules for Navy Enlistment

A THRILLING story for an American—the story of the United States Navy! Learning about its ships and its man power, you get a proud understanding of its full might; you also get a better understanding of the job the Navy does.

Do you know the difference between a battleship and a destroyer? What cruisers are used for?

Battleships are the big fighters—the backbone of the fleet. New ones are planned to be 55,000 tons! For protection against lighter faster enemy craft they have a "screen" of swift destroyers.

The cruisers are next to battleships in fighting power. Swift, carrying their own planes, they're used chiefly for scouting.

To enlist in the regular Navy a man must be not less than 17 or

more than 31, a citizen and unmarried. He starts at \$21 a month, with all expenses paid. Within 8 months he can become a first-class seaman at \$54.

Requirements for Navy fliers are much like those for regular enlistment. The Navy takes women, too, as nurses—loses about 15 per cent of them annually through marriage, mostly to Navy men.

Our new 40-page booklet, "Our Fighting Navy," is full of information about ships, fleets, bases, personnel, naval aviation. Explains opportunities for commissions, discusses plans for the two-ocean navy. Has also an interesting history of the Navy; many fascinating little-known facts.

Send 15c (plus one cent to cover cost of mailing) for our booklet, "Our Fighting Navy," to the NEW YORK OFFICE of The Washington Post Home Institute, 109 West 10th Street, New York, N. Y. Write plainly your name, address and the name of booklet.

Dramatizing Black With Yellow Touches

Chances are there's a black dress hanging in your closet that you think you've worn once too often, but that's never been topped for line and fabric. All it needs, really, is a bright yellow note.

See what a yellow belt and gloves will do to revive it; or yellow flowers on your hat and a yellow bag; or perhaps a large yellow cartwheel, that darling of next spring's millinery fashions.

Or you might copy Miriam Hopkins, movie star, who really dramatizes this combination by wearing a yellow wool jacket, perfectly plain but beautifully cut, over a plain black wool dress, with all-black accessories. The stark color contrast is breathtaking.

Men Fall for Gay 90's Costumes

Hollywood, Calif.—It's fashions such as mother used to wear that set a boy's heart a-flutter and increase the marriage rate, maintains Olivia de Havilland, who has played in enough costume pictures to know. Fan mail tells her that men fall in love with girls who resemble mother in her youth and dress as she did.

"After 'Gold Is Where You Find It,' a story of the 70's, Olivia received fan mail from old men complimenting her because she reminded them of 'mother at 30' and after 'Strawberry Blonde,' a story of the 90's, from middle-aged men who had the same thing to say. Since she couldn't resemble all the mothers, Olivia thinks it must have been the clothes.

It's her further contention that men get most romantic about the clothes of the Civil War period.

Even Errol Flynn broke down and admitted it while admiring Olivia's hoop skirts. The modern girl, therefore, is the luckiest of any age, Olivia says, because she may wear reproductions of costumes from all these periods and have variety. This variety spurs Olivia's current wardrobe all down the line because she's such a firm believer in it.

In the "romantic" class she puts an evening gown designed by Milo Anderson when he was feeling especially inspired by the clothes he did for her. It's a strapless scarlet moire with 500 tucks over the skirt and is matched in tucked gloves. With the gown Olivia wears garnets and a ruby velvet jacket.

Ice Cream Trick

To remove ice cream easily from a refrigerator tray, place a hot cloth about the tray. As soon as the cream starts to melt around the edges, immediately unmold onto a chilled platter.

THE NEWER
Jelleff's

1214 20 F Street

Easter Hats, Easter Shoes...

\$8.50 and \$10 Spring Hats—Sailors, homburgs, visors, calots, padre brims, bretons, fedoras, forward hats, suit hats, becoming big brims. Charming hats for women! Wonderful shades and dark hats splashed with color in veils, \$6.85
ribbon. Street Floor
\$3.95 and \$4.95 Hats—Suit sailors, bonnets, berets, padres, turbans, pomp-adours, forward brims, Milan and Reglisse straws, Swiss and other straw \$3.45
braids. Budget Hat Shop—Street Floor
\$6.95 Spring Shoes—Patents, walking styles in calf, gabardines. \$5.95
dines. Black, blue, brown, Cavalry tan
\$5.50 Spring Shoes—Calf, gabardine (67% wool, 33% cotton), patents. Black, blue, tan. Fourth Floor

★ Ask for your change in Defense Stamps!

Shop Until 7 P.M.
Tonight and
Thursday Night!

Our store will not be open until 10:30 A.M. this morning or Thursday! This later closing is to give government employees who are working late an opportunity to take advantage of our Anniversary offerings!



JUNIOR MISS
wears the ideal red—sleek and very stunning, in Fortz's new line of 100% Virgin wool. Regularly \$35. \$28.

A Jelleff Anniversary Means
COATS—

Coats at their newest and best, coats in glorious assortments for women, misses, juniors, coats at savings!
Coat Shops, Third Floor
\$35 & \$39.75
Coats—\$28
\$25 & \$29.75
Coats—\$22
\$19.95 & \$22.95
Coats—\$18

Fur Finery
for your
Easter Costume
\$175 Silver Fox Jackets—
Ideal day-to-evening 23" length, made of full-furred pelts and abundantly bright with silver. Sizes 12 to 20. (Plus \$135 10% Federal tax)

\$9.95 Mink and Sable-dyed
Kolinsky Skins—Silky skins adaptable to many smart arrangements for spring suits, coats. Use 3 to 6 skins, choose the golden mink brown or rich dark sable brown shade. Both are lovely. \$7.75 (Prices plus 10% Federal tax)
Fur Salon, Third Floor

44th Anniversary Reflections!

44th year of this store!
32nd year under Jelleff management!
6000 square feet occupied in 1910—
94000 square feet occupied today!
Sales increase more than fifty times in 32 years!
All this means nothing—or much!

It means aggressive merchandising
—having what Washington women want!
—having it at prices that mean value!

It means steadily growing confidence through the years!

It means never taking advantage of unusual situations to increase mark-up but always giving the customer the advantage!

It means just being fair—with the customer, with the employee, with the manufacturer!

It means a business that we are proud of—and one that Washington points to as thoroughly dependable.
We thank you!

Frank R. Jelleff, Inc.

Suits in Anniversary

\$35 and \$39.75 Spring Suits—\$28. Juniors', misses' and women's tailored and soft types; colorful as well as navy, black and brown suits; twills, crepes, tweeds. Sizes 9 to 15, 16 to 20, and 22.

\$19.95 and \$22.95 Suits—\$18. Tailored, casual, "soft" suits—All here, all 100% wool! Navy, black, soldier blue, beige, aqua, red, green, brown. Sizes 10 to 20, 9 to 15. Third Floor.

Dresses in Anniversary

Misses' \$16.95 and \$19.95 Dresses—\$14.75. Casual frocks, print frocks, stripe accents on navy; jacketed woollens. Suit-dresses in prints, pastels. Rayon crepes in colors, navy and black. Sizes 12 to 20.

Misses' \$19.95 and \$25 Dresses—\$17.75. One-piece and jacket styles frocks in floral prints, checks, woollens. Sizes 12 to 20.

Women's \$16.95 and \$19.95 Dresses—\$14.75. Jacket dresses, redingote dresses, one-piece dresses in navy blues and blacks; checks, stripes, prints, pastels and color contrasts. Second Floor.

Women's \$19.95 and \$22.95 Dresses—\$17.75. Afternoon dresses with jackets and long coats, one-piece models of fine rayon crepe. Navy and black with touches of white and color. Sizes 16½ to 24½ and 36 to 44. Larger women's (40½ to 50½) dresses with long coats, two-piece styles jacket frocks print and navy blue dresses. Second Floor.

Juniors' \$19.95 to \$22.95 Dresses—\$17.75. Suit frocks—with red and green jackets, plaid and polka dot jackets. Sheer rayons with touches of white and lace; navy or black. Sizes 9 to 15.

Juniors' \$12.95 Dresses—\$10.75. Red frocks. Pink-jacketed rayon gabardines, navy-and-white rayon jerseys. Navy and black sailor-collared dresses with checked jackets, white-frilled frocks in navy, beige, boy-blue. Sizes 9 to 15.

Juniors' \$10.95 Dresses—\$8.75. Jacket frocks, one-pieces. Prints, polka dots, checks, pastels, navy blues and blacks. Rayon jerseys, rayon sheers, rayon crepes, rayon gabardines. Some with rayon gabardine jackets. Sizes 9 to 15.

Misses', Women's \$7.95, \$9.95 Casual Frocks—\$6.75. Cotton seersucker suit dresses, stripes and cord striped cotton chambrays. Classics in fine Enka rayon. Prints and colors. Sizes 10 to 20; women's to 40.—Fifth Floor.

Sports Clothes in Anniversary

\$16.95 to \$22.95 Sports Suits—\$13.75. Pastel plaids tweeds; men's wear flannels, glorious colors! Sizes 12 to 18. Third Floor.

\$16.95 to \$19.95 Sports Dresses—\$13.75. Fly-front classics; polka-dot suit dresses; jacketed prints, wool gabardines, tie-striped rayon crepes, wide color selection. Sizes 12 to 20. Third Floor.

\$4.95 and \$5.95 Separates—\$3.65. Sweaters in pullover and cardigan styles, boxy or fitted—all pure, soft wool. Yellow, baby pink, blue, natural, cherry, white, green. 32 to 40. Skirts to make suits for your jackets. Tailored, pleated, gored, solid and plaid in fascinating color combinations. Sizes 12 to 18. Third Floor.

\$2.95, \$3.25 Skirts—\$2.45. Plaids, flannel-packs (60% wool, 40% rayon); menswear woollens and rayon crepe styles. Black, navy, colors; 24 to 30. Street Floor.

\$1.95 Sweaters—\$1.65. Cotton chenille slippers, cardigans with contrasting yokes. White, pastels. 34 to 40. Street Floor.

Underwear in Anniversary

\$2.65 and \$3 Slips—\$1.95. White, tearose, rayon satins, rayon crepes with pretty ruffles of lace, embroidery, ribbon-running. Sizes 32 to 40.

\$5 Gown Ensembles—\$3.65. Flower prints in rayon crepe; surplice gown; matching coat. Extra! Color-ray Gowns—\$1.95. In rayon crepe, rayon satin, rayon sheer. 32 to 40.

\$2 to \$2.95 Rayon Jersey Slips—\$1.65. Tailored or ruffled in cameo, white, black; sizes 32 to 42.

\$3 to \$3.25 Girdles and Panty Girdles—\$2.35. Woven of "Laster" yarn cotton and rayon in satin and lace fabrics. Sizes 4 to 7.

\$6.50 Skintex Foundations—\$4.85. Novelty rayon Darleen—with uplift lace bust. Sizes 34 to 40 for tall and shorter figures. Second Floor.

\$3.95 Housecoats—\$2.85. Zipper-closing and wraparound styles. Cotton prints, stripes. Colors galore! Sizes 12 to 20. Fifth Floor.

Accessories in Anniversary

\$1 and \$1.95 Neckwear—75c, \$1.45. Cotton piques, cotton organdies, cotton laces, rayon shirtings. In white, pink, blue, yellow.

It's an Anniversary custom!...

Manufacturer's Samples
Gowns, Ensembles, Slips

Regularly \$3.95 to \$19.50—now \$3 to \$15

Perfectly exquisite things! Gowns in sheer, sheer rayons, rayon crepes and rayon satins... Beautifully flowing skirts, bodices laden with lovely lace, sleeveless and cap sleeve models with high, slashed or round necklines, gowns of rayon satin, veiled in sheer long coats, lace trimmed. Slips tailored and slips lace-trimmed! Pink, dove, tearose, blue, maize. Sizes 32 to 40.

Grey Shops—Second Floor

PLEASE HELP BY TAKING PURCHASES WITH YOU!

Interest in Nutrition Revolutionizes Family Menus

Red Cross Classes Show Women Alert On Home Front

By Martha Elyn
The Post Food Editor

"If I had taken this course three years ago I would have saved my husband a very serious illness."

"My husband is now an enthusiastic about nutrition as I am. He has gained 15 pounds since I began taking this course a month ago."

"John drinks milk without question since I have explained why he needs a pint each day."

Martha Elyn: "My whole family says our meals are better these days and I know the meals are better for them. Best of all, I'm saving money because I'm planning and buying wisely. My food bills are one-third less than formerly."

Comments such as these are heard regularly during the Red Cross nutrition classes, according to Miss Bernice Burns, Home Economist, Electric Institute. She is one of the home economists co-operating with the Red Cross by teaching nutrition.

Total of 42 Classes

Miss Burns teaches one of the 33 classes being given for white persons. Nine are given for colored persons. Because nutrition is a requisite for the canteen course of the Red Cross, the majority of the students signed up for these classes.

Although these women wanted to be ready to serve others in time of need, they are discovering to their amazement that their families are the first to benefit from their study of nutrition.

A total of about 60 women made up two groups who finished in January the first courses inaugurated by Miss Burns at the Electric Institute this winter. She now is giving the course to 40 women. Nearly 1000 women were enrolled in the February classes and it is expected that this month's enrollment will greatly exceed that number.

"My classes are made up of charming, alert women," she said. "And as they do not represent a low income group, they are quite surprised to learn their families are not well fed."

This seems to follow the theme of "Hidden Hunger," the recent movie shown under the auspices of Paul V. McNutt, Social Security Administrator. These women, too, needed to learn that more milk



Cooking vegetables is not a process "by guess and by gorry" with Mrs. Robert Moran (center) and Mrs. Harold Titus (right) since they have enrolled in the Red Cross Nutrition Class taught by Miss Bernice Burns (left) at the Electric Institute. In this course women learn not only about proper nutrition but also receive advice on marketing, planning balanced meals and the psychology of colors in menus. Miss Burns is showing her pupils that one-half cup of water is all that is necessary in which to cook carrots to perfection

(particularly for adults), more enriched or whole grain products, more cereals and green and leafy vegetables were necessary in the diet.

Cooking Rules Outlined

Miss Burns' nutrition course emphasizes not only planning of meals but also how to buy and how to prepare food in order that food value will be conserved. Yesterday the class was given a demonstration of the proper methods of vegetable cookery. She outlined the following rules for saving vitamins and minerals while cooking vegetables:

Cook vegetables in little or no added water. Serve cooking liquids. Raise the boiling point rapidly. Cook as quickly as possible. Use covered utensils for fruits and vegetables, including green vegetables. Do not add soda. Do not stir.

Avoid violent boiling or crushing of foods while cooking.

In the demonstration, the class saw spinach cooked without the addition of water, except what clings to the leaves in washing. Combining the conservation of electricity with the conservation of vitamins, a vegetable combination was cooked in a single utensil with just one-half cup of water. No interchange of flavor took place because the vegetables were steamed. Beets were peeled and sliced and cooked in one-half cup of water, because this small amount of water prevents "bleeding."

Color in Menu Planning

The women also have had demonstrated to them the value of color and texture in menu planning. They have been shown what

a meal with imagination can do to stimulate the appetite, as compared with a colorless one. The following menus show the contrast in menu-building.

Menu With Imagination

Broiled Canadian Bacon With Tomato Halves
Buttered Broccoli
Potatoes Au Gratin
Fruit Salad
Tomato Soup
Cake
Milk

Colorless Menu

Breaded Veal Chop
Mashed Potatoes Creamed Onions
Apple Salad
Hot Biscuits
Bread Pudding with Vanilla Sauce
Milk

Miss Burns says of her pupils: "Their enthusiasm is tremendous. They are eager to learn more of their particular responsibility of keeping their families fit. They do not consider their nutrition classes a chore but a challenge."

Wildflowers Copied For Dainty Jewelry

All manner of flora and fauna is being copied in precious and semiprecious stones by the jewelers of the Nation.

Among the loveliest of the flower designs is a lily-of-the-valley clip worn by Marjorie Woodworth, movie star. Pearls, set on gold wires, are used for the bells of the lilies. The leaves are of diamonds and are tied with a bowknot of gold.

Marjorie wears it with afternoon dresses, on a fluffy suit blouse, or anchored in a low evening chignon.

Marian Martin Pattern

Sew White Trim On Casual Frock



9005

PATTERN 9005 may be ordered only in women's sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 35-inch fabric and 1/2 yard 1 1/2 inch (plus 1 cent to cover cost of mailing) for this Marian Martin Pattern. Be sure to write plainly your size, name, address and style number. There's a gay spring "lift" for your wardrobe in our Spring Pattern Book that's full of easy-to-make, practical, distinctive styles for the entire family. This book is yours for just 10c. Send your order to the NEW YORK OFFICE of The Washington Post Pattern Department, 232 West Eleventh Street, New York, N. Y.

'Ration' That Spare Tire At the Waist

By Ida Jean Kain

THERE are only about 10 per cent of the women who can pass this waistline test: With thumb and forefinger, pinch your waist at either side and see how much fat you can pick up. It should not be more than half an inch. Too much is just a spare tire—and a sign that you are not really fit.

As you take the test, it is natural to draw yourself up to your full regal height to keep your waist from seeming unnecessarily thick. If you can make a habit of stretching through the midsection, without hunching your shoulders or building up tension through the shoulder girdle, you can gradually tone the muscles and take a considerable tuck in your waist measure.

Work Off Surplus

But a surplus of long standing demands more drastic action. You have to work it off in a series of stretches, twists and bends that tug at the muscles and squeeze the fat cells. Besides trimming you down, these will put you in trim.

You can do one good exercise before getting up in the morning. Reach up and grasp the headboard of the bed with both hands, and pull up with the arms as you push down with the feet. Make yourself as long as you can. Hold it for a second, then relax. Repeat this several times.

In any specific exercise, what you do with the other body segments determines part of the value. So when you stand up and stretch, make a point of keeping your shoulders as relaxed as possible while pulling your ribs and hips apart. Clasp your hands on top of your head, elbows turned out, and slowly bend sideward as you continue your midriff stretch. Relax, bend to the other side.

Hold your arms straight out at the sides, shoulder level and parallel with the floor, and watch yourself in a mirror as you try to move your shoulders over to one side while holding hips perfectly still. Do not let hips jut out to other side. Relax and repeat in opposite direction.

Waist Twister

Now try a twister: Stand with back of hips anchored against a heavy table or flat-topped desk and clasp hands back of neck. Do not hunch the shoulders any more than you can help, and have elbows out at sides. First, stretch shoulders sideward. Hold, then turn shoulders around to other side.

You might like to do similar bends and stretches with a wand held in back and supported in the crook of the elbows. This will help you to keep your shoulders down and to move the shoulder girdle as a unit. The more work you can exact from the waist muscles—and you do this by keeping shoulders and hips out of the movement—the more quickly you can trim down.

Coffee Colors Take to Fashion

By Jane Driscoll
The Post Fashion Editor

Coffee colors are now being called on to give the same zest to a woman's wardrobe that coffee flavor gives to ice cream, candy and desserts. It is a good neighbor gesture to wear these warm, vibrant colors. They are inspired by the coffee shrub, which is raised in the South American countries of Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, El Salvador, Mexico and Venezuela. The Pan-American coffee colors—coffee bean brown, café con leche (beige), green coffee and coffee berry (red) are slated to be four of the most popular shades for spring.

The House of Swansdown in New York City has made an entire spring collection of all-occasion coats and suits using these colors. The suit above in wool crepe is a rich "coffee with cream" shade (or coffee with milk—café con leche—because of defense). The pleated skirt has plenty of swing, while the jacket has a molded look. The notched collar and patch pockets are edged with trapunto and the buttons are self-material.

War May Put U. S. on Higher Living Plane

Elizabeth MacRae Boykin

A NEW KIND of a war this one will indeed turn out to be if, instead of devastation to our pattern of life, it leaves in its wake a better way of living. Stuart Chase, noted economist, maintains that the present emergency effort, if carried over into a peacetime program of foresighted planning, could provide the highest standard of living our country has ever known.

The enormous change in the method of mobilizing our resources and the sweeping away of restrictions has resulted in the fullest use of our materials and man power, our industrial equipment and our money. It has placed need ahead of high finance—it hasn't accepted bankruptcy just because the figures on paper said so but has put our economy on an actual basis of our resources in men and materials rather than money.

Blighted Areas

The defense housing program, to take care of the thousands of families who are moving because of new defense jobs, is but a beginning. A vast rebuilding program during the post-war period is already under consideration. The need for proper shelter at costs within the range of the majority of the people will be the first aim of all such endeavors... the second aim will be to reclaim areas blighted by neglect or overcrowding in many cities. Such blighted areas of ten occupy some of the most valuable and accessible space in the community.

Though wars are always theoretically fought to protect the pattern of home life, the fact is that wars usually drastically disrupt home life and often do irreparable damage to the standard so laboriously achieved in peace time.

Lost War Problem

Wars destroy homes in whole areas of the earth... they impoverish home in other sections... they shift centers of population. Whether this war will really be different from other wars depends not so much on military achievement but on what we do in the post-war period—on what we do with our peace.

If the present trend toward preparedness for peace continues and our great national effort is continued after war, then we can indeed hope for better times instead of the slump of depression that usually follows war.

Satinwood Furniture

Satinwood is a hard light-colored beautifully grained wood, widely used for inlays, veneers and panels and for some small pieces of furniture. It polishes to a satiny finish and has a pale golden color with a rippled marking. It is particularly associated with designers of the latter part of the eighteenth century in England, notably the Adams, Heppelwhite and other designers of this era. The finest come from Ceylon and India, but it is also grown in the West Indies.

Suds up and Rave!



Because Swan suds are baby-mild They are perfect for a child. Another reason folks are raving Is that Swan's so penny-saving.



Doing dishes? Swan suds fast... Suds that save because they last! Also, Swan is mild as May—Grand for hands, the girls all say.

• Raving? Sure! Swan's as mild as finest imported castles. There's no purer soap!

• Swan suds last longer than old-style floating soaps, do more dishes!

Swan up and Save!



Swan is saving when you bathe, It lathers up so dandy. A little Swan gives lasting suds. For thrift it sure is grand!



Use half for kitchen, half for bath. Swan's thrifty when it breaks. From every bar of pure white Swan You get two handsome cakes.

• Swan gives more real soap per penny than ANY leading toilet soap.

• Try Swan all over the house. It's 8 ways better than old-style floating soaps!

GET BABY-GENTLE SUDS THE THRIFTY WAY. — SWING TO



MADE BY LEVER BROTHERS COMPANY, CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

THE NEWER
Jelleffs
2214 20th Street



"Ruth"
(Miss Betty Furness)



"My Sister Eileen"
(Miss Dorothy Littlejohn)

Today! Buy a Bond—
Buy Defense Stamps

from the Stars of

"My Sister Eileen"

at our store TODAY from 2 to 3 P. M.
(Defense Booth, Street Floor)

Meet these charming young stars today—in person—they will autograph the bonds and stamps you buy from them!

Miss Betty Furness and Miss Dorothy Littlejohn are currently appearing in "My Sister Eileen" at the National Theatre.

★ Keep them rolling, keep them flying,
keep buying Defense Bonds and Stamps! ★

Capital Whirl

—by Hope Ridings Miller—

Jock Whitney Has House Troubles; Leases Another; Returning Soon to Cary Grayson Home

Capital society's saying the whole thing may end up in court . . . but, meanwhile, the story will have made lively bridge and tea table talk the length and breadth of wartime Washington.

I'm speaking of the real estate transaction that involves a house leased at \$550 a month . . . and the reason it can't be occupied from now until May by the person who signed the lease some time ago, and has been living there for several months.

The man in question is John Hay Whitney, who recently married Betsey Cushing Roosevelt. The house is the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Harding Paul in Spring Valley . . . Almost a year ago the Pauls leased their home to Jock Whitney with one special provision: no children were to live there. Now, since he has a wife, and she has two daughters—Sara Delano, 9, and Katherine Cornell Cushing, 6—it seems a change in the original lease would be in order . . . But no . . . An agreement is an agreement, say the Pauls, who are now living in Mrs. William E. Borah's apartment at 2101 Connecticut Avenue; and they still insist that no children are to be housed in their home.

Meanwhile, Mr. Whitney has taken the place Washington knows as "the Cary Grayson home" on Wisconsin Avenue; and it is there that he and his bride will be at home as soon as they return from a Southern honeymoon trip next week. Rumor has it, however, that Jock is extremely put out because an agreement could not be made regarding the lease, since his two stepdaughters are definitely above the tiny-tot stage, and age . . . Anyway, he still has two houses on hand—the Grayson home, leased at a fancy price, and the Paul house, at an even fancier one.

Robert Party, Best of Weekend

A bicycle stole the show at the gala birthday party "Chip" Robert gave for his "Evie" on Saturday afternoon at the 1925 F Street Club . . . Heralded as a surprise for the guest of honor, the party was scarcely there—since Evie had been telling her friends about it for several days beforehand—but just the same, the element of surprise was supplied in plentiful proportions before the afternoon was over . . . And away up on the list was that bicycle I mentioned at the beginning of this paragraph.

Half an hour after the party started, a messenger boy arrived with the present in tow . . . It was from Charlie Michelson, and it created a sensation, as well as a means of entertainment for a number of guests who soon had it out in the garden "to try out the tires."

"I'd like to take you for a ride on it," said Secretary of Agriculture Claude Wickard to Price Administrator Leon Henderson. "You've been taking me for so many rides lately," Secretary Wickard went on, "that I'd like to get even, if possible." Leon was amused at that; and so were Mrs. Wickard and Mrs. Henderson, and a few others standing around . . . Their gales of laughter were interrupted momentarily, however, when a blonde bustled up to Mr. Henderson with a Big Question



Jock Whitney

on her mind . . . "Please tell me," she broke in, "whether your name is properly called LEE-on or LAY-on? I always thought it was LEE-on, but now since you're such a big shot seems everybody calls you LAY-on."

"It's still LEE-on," said the Price Administrator, out of one corner of his mouth. "Never was anything else."

Amon Carter, famous Texas publisher, had a crowd around him from the moment he arrived . . . Society Songstress Adelaide Moffett was there in his nose and all, was relieved by a couple of gardenia corsages and a Florida sultan that made you look twice to be sure she wasn't an Indian . . . "I'm dying to meet that man over there," said a middle-aged matron who gets to more local parties than anybody I know . . . The man she meant was J. Edgar Hoover, also an inveterate Washington party-goer. (I'm still wondering how she missed meeting him all these years.)

Justices seemed to be all over the place. I spotted three—Reed, Murphy and Byrnes—and haven't any idea how many others may have been around before the fête was finished . . . Small Alice Birney Robert, brought up from the South especially to be present at her mama's birthday party was a very special surprise guest of the afternoon.

Senator and Mrs. Warren Austin circled through the crowd, stopping here and there for chats with friends . . . Senator and Mrs. Scott Lucas were there; also Representative James Byrnes and Representative Pat Boland . . . Mrs. A. Mitchell Palmer, who never lacks for attention anywhere, had plenty of it every second she stayed at the party; and so did Rear Admiral and Mrs. George Pettengill, Rear Admiral Emory S. Land and Mrs. John Towers.

If it's "names" you like, I could fill this entire column, and a couple of others; but I'll have to close this particular party account in a very few lines . . . First, I'd like to say, though, that while Evie Robert has definitely decided she is to have no more birthdays, friends already are urging her not to sign off on birthday parties . . . But she's not making any promises, now . . . Maybe the next one is to be another surprise.

Business Bringing Miss Boyd Here

Arriving in town this week—in fact, she may be here already—is one of America's most interesting personalities. She's Louise A. Boyd, explorer and geographer, who knows the Arctic regions as well as you know Capitol Hill or the Tidal Basin; and who now is connected with the Government in some capacity that her best friends hint broadly comes under the head of Military Secrets . . . She hails from San Rafael, Calif.; has visited here two or three times and met a large section of society here a couple of years ago at a tea given for her by Mrs. Henry Latrobe Roosevelt.

Miss Boyd has explored Greenland nine times and only recently returned from her latest trip there . . . She has been awarded the coveted Collum

Continued on Page 17.



Evie Robert



Louise A. Boyd

J. J. Dempseys Entertain at Birthday Fete

The Undersecretary of the Interior and Mrs. John J. Dempsey entertained at a "post-birthday party" last night in honor of Mrs. Lawrence Wood Robert.

"Evie" Robert seemed to be celebrating her natal day on every day but her birthday, which was Sunday. Saturday her husband was host at a cocktail party honoring the occasion, and last night the fête took the form of a buffet supper in the Dempsey's Woodley Park Towers apartment. Mrs. Dempsey received her guests in the calla lily decorated rooms wearing a colorful print frock of red poppies on a black background, and everything was gaily informal from first to last.

Among Mrs. Robert's friends who had been invited to watch her blow out the 18 candles on the elaborately beflowered birthday cake were House Speaker Sam Rayburn, the Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Claude Wickard, Rear Admiral and Mrs. George Pettengill, Representative James Barnes, Mrs. George Earle—the came down from Philadelphia on Sunday with her husband, who had to return the next day—Mrs. Leon Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. William Boyer and Mrs. A. Mitchell Palmer.

Hattie Carnegie, the famous couturier, flew down yesterday afternoon from New York for the party with her husband, Maj. John Zanit, and others there were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Waldrop, Mrs. Lionel Atwill, James H. R. Cromwell and Charles Clark.

Mrs. Dougherty, Soon to Leave, Gives Luncheon at Sulgrave

At one of her final luncheons before she takes off to her Connecticut home to start her "Victory Garden" Mrs. John Allan Dougherty entertained a small company yesterday at the Sulgrave Club.

Just when she'll leave Washington Mrs. Dougherty doesn't yet know. But it won't be long now. Just long enough, in fact, for the Department of Agriculture to finish having some of the good earth from her farm analyzed, so a decision can be made as to which products can be planted to the best advantage, "for the good of the country," says Mrs. Dougherty.

A mixed spring bouquet, featuring white snapdragons, and pink roses and carnations, centered the table, at which covers were laid for fourteen yesterday. Mrs. Harold Stark was receiving congratulations on all sides for her radio broadcast Sunday night. Mrs. Charles L. McNary and Mrs. William E. Borah, seated next to each other, discussing a variety of subjects—ranging all the way from the pleasures of being a Senatorial hostess, to the problems arising each election year. Mrs. William S. Culbertson said she planned to leave Thursday for her country home, Charnian, in Pennsylvania, to start her own "victory garden," and Mrs. Robert Lister Macneal said she was going to stay in Washington long enough to take a course at the Department of Agriculture on products that could be planted to the best advantage on her Long Island estate.

Mme. Kleijn Molekamp, of the Netherlands Legation, was there, and still others in the company were Mrs. Cantacuzene, Mrs. Wade H. Ellis, Mrs. Charles M. Lea, Mrs. Russell Bennett, Mrs. Cunningham Brewster, and Mrs. Daniel C. Stapleton.

The party was one in a series Mrs. Dougherty has given recently. On Sunday, she was hostess at a luncheon in honor of the Rev. Coleman Nevils.

Adm., Mrs. Hart Visit Here

Admiral Thomas C. Hart and Mrs. Hart, who arrived in Washington yesterday afternoon, will be houseguests for the next few days of the Chief of Navy Operations Admiral Harold R. Stark and Mrs. Stark.

Guild Committee To Meet Tomorrow

The selection of committees and initial plans for the fourth annual Flower Mart, sponsored by All Hallows' Guild at Washington Cathedral May 1, will take place at the home of Mrs. George A. Garrett tomorrow at 11 a. m. Mrs. Garrett is chairman of the arrangements for the event which has come to be one of the most picturesque spring attractions in the Capital.

Representatives from many nearby garden clubs, not only in the District, but Maryland and Virginia, already have expressed a desire to have displays in the mart, which is expected to be one of the largest in its history.

Molly Stonestreet To Be Bride on Easter Monday

Easter Monday has been chosen by Miss Molly Stonestreet for the quiet ceremony which will unite her in marriage with Frank O'Neill, son of Mr. and Mrs. William J. O'Neill. Informal and in the presence of only a few intimate friends, the wedding will take place in the rectory of Trinity Church in Georgetown.

The bride-elect, the daughter of Mrs. Esther Whiting Stonestreet, made her debut in December, 1939. She attended Madefra School. She is the granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alvord Coderwald, of Georgetown. Mr. O'Neill is associated with Phillips and Canby, real estate firm.

Granddaughter of Jesse Jones Feted by Mrs. C. N. Goodwin

"This is Miss Audrey Jones," Mrs. Clarence Norton Goodwin told her guests at the "after 6" party which she gave yesterday afternoon as she presented them to the pretty brunette granddaughter of the Secretary of Commerce and Mrs. Jesse Jones. Miss Jones is here for a two-week visit in the Shoreham apartment of her grandparents and after a fling in New York will return to her home in Houston, Tex.

At the informal party yesterday, guests came early and settled themselves at small tables in the Goodwin apartment at the Shoreham "for the duration." A white-capped chef served beer in mugs to the "younger set" group that gathered around the leg in one corner of the dining room while other guests clustered around the table, centered in pink carnations, to sample hot dogs, large bowls of salad and multi-colored cakes.

Mrs. Jesse Jones held court in one corner of the room and saw that everyone met Miss Mary Louise Belvin. Members of the "younger set" for the afternoon according to their hostess' edict were Mrs. Wayne Chastfield-Taylor, wife of the Undersecretary of Commerce, and Brig. C. L. Lindemann, Counselor of the British Embassy. Brig. Lindemann was having the time of his life learning to eat hot dogs à la American. Mrs. Westwood Byrd made a dramatic entrance, being led by her mammoth Great Dane, Arno. He was banished to the Goodwin terrace during the party.

Miss Kitty Hill, an early arrival, was surrounded by naval uniforms from the moment she came, and Miss Betty Burton was escorted by two erstwhile New Yorkers, now

Dorothy Koons Engaged

The engagement of Miss Dorothy Quarmann Koons to Julius E. Whitinger has been announced by her mother, Mrs. Margaret Lovel Koons. Mr. Whitinger is the son of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Whitinger, of St. Cloud, Minn.

The wedding will be in May.

Dressy open toe pump. Also in black patent.

Blue calf spectator. Also in tan calf.

High or medium heel pump in blue calf or black gaboriana.

Paradise Blue

... in calf shoes that will be your inevitable standbys this spring. Made by Paradise—exclusive with us in Washington . . . You need only to try them on to discover that your spring shoe problem is solved with both comfort and style. \$7.95.

Debutante Shoes, Sixth Floor

Julius Garfinckel & Co.
F Street at Fourteenth

James E. Jones Takes Bride In Illinois

On the first anniversary of the day they met—March 7—Miss Barbara Burch and James Ellwood Jones, Jr., were married. The ceremony took place in the evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clayton B. Burch, in Winnetka, Ill., and the bridegroom's mother, Mrs. J. Breckinridge Bayne, returned to her home just yesterday with the full details.

At the end of the drawing room of the Burch's North Shore home, greens had been banked high and in front of them were round bay trees literally filled with Easter lilies. Tall candelabra stood at either side. Against this background the Rev. Duncan Littlefair performed the rites at 8:30 p. m.

Bride's Sister Maid of Honor

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a gown of heavy ivory satin. The rosepoint lace which trimmed the dress had been worn on the wedding gowns of her mother and grandmother, while the lace of her headpiece was an heirloom from the gown of her great grandmother. She carried a white prayerbook with red ribbons and orange blossoms falling from it in a cascade of ribbons.

Miss Nancy Burch, younger sister of the bride, was her maid of honor, wearing fastidiously tulle cut on quaint lines matched by her old-fashioned nosegay of roses and forget-me-nots. All in rose faille were the four attendants, Miss Virginia Sowers, Miss Nancy Swan, Miss Margaret Raymond, all of the North Shore, and Mrs. Samuel C. Wakefield, of Minneapolis, Minn. Their bouquets were arrangements of Better Times roses, and the same roses were echoed in their headpieces.

Dr. Bayne Is Best Man

Dr. J. Breckinridge Bayne was best man for his stepson, and ushers were Capt. John Breckinridge, of Washington, Thomas Ellis, of Winnetka, and Samuel C. Wakefield. A reception was held at the home also after the ceremony. As Mr. Jones and his bride had but a couple of days before he had to return to his duties at Wright Field, Ohio, they planned no wedding trip. They will live in Dayton.

Their meeting just a year ago took place in Wellesley, Mass., where Miss Burch was attending Pine Manor Junior College, and Mr. Jones was a student at Babson College. He, however, left school in favor of airplanes not long after that.

Coat and Dress

Costume

In Pink

and Black

Beautifully detailed wool dress, to wear with or without its arresting pink and black plaid coat that's lined in exactly the same shade of pink . . . a pink to bring out the subtle undertones in your smooth skin and shining hair . . . to draw to you the attention of fashion connoisseurs. \$125.

Beautiful Clothes, Third Floor

Julius Garfinckel & Co.

F Street at Fourteenth

Family Foursome

In Botany Zephyr

Boys and girls together will have fun this spring in their mixed or matching outfits of light-as-a-breeze Botany Zephyr wool . . . warm enough, in spite of its lightness, to protect them from sudden gusty winds. Plain or plaid in blue or beige.

A. Girl's round collar jacket, sizes 2 to 6, \$6.95. Sizes 7 to 14, \$7.95.
Gored skirt, sizes 2 to 6, \$6.95. Sizes 7 to 14, \$7.95.

B. Girl's notched collar jacket, sizes 2 to 6, \$7.95. Sizes 7 to 14, \$8.95.

Flared skirt, sizes 2 to 6, \$5.95. Sizes 7 to 14, \$6.95.

C. and D. Boy's blazer-type jacket, sizes 2 to 6, \$6.95. Boy's shorts, sizes 2 to 6, \$2.95 and \$3.95.

Children's Department, Sixth Floor

Julius Garfinckel & Co.
F Street at Fourteenth

Notes of Society

Official and Residential

The Egyptian Minister and Mme. Hassan, who have been spending a few days in Miami Beach, Fla., are expected to return to Washington soon. On Saturday they were among the guests attending a cocktail party and buffet supper given by Mrs. J. J. Mack at her Miami Beach residence.

Representative and Mrs. Joseph Casey are vacationing in Florida at the Whitmore Hotel in Miami. They will return to the Capital next week.

The Counselor of the French Embassy and Mme. Willie Georges-Picot have cards out for a cocktail party Friday between 8 and 9 o'clock in their home on Twenty-second Street.

The Assistant Secretary of the Interior, Oscar Chapman, left last night for Denver, Colo. He will be gone about three weeks.

Mrs. Walter Denegre will entertain at a dinner tonight in her home on Que Street in honor of Mr. and Mrs. William Boyer.

Merritt Swift will be host at luncheon today at the Sulgrave Club.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Mathews Dick

will return March 16 from Palm Beach, Fla. They were among the guests at the dinner given Sunday night by Mr. and Mrs. Alford C. F. Wishfield at The Reef in Palm Beach. Others there included Mrs. Margaret Emerson, Joseph E. Widener, Charles B. Alexander, 2d, and Gurnee Munn.

Miss Marjorie Souby will entertain at a luncheon on Saturday in the apartment of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Souby, at 2101 Connecticut Avenue.

Mrs. John R. Beardsall, honorary chairman of Bundles for Blue Jackets, was guest of honor at a tea at the Hammond-Harwood house in Annapolis yesterday. Mrs. Arthur St. Clair Smith stood with the honor guest to receive.

Mrs. Osmun Latrobe is spending a few weeks in Miami Beach, Fla., after a recent illness.

Mrs. James Irwin will entertain at a luncheon tomorrow at headquarters of the American Association of University Women. The party will be a farewell fete in honor of Mrs. George Murphy, whose husband has recently been transferred to Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Abe Lieberman are vacationing in Miami Beach, Fla.

Mrs. Jovett Shouse

Mrs. Wayne Chathfield-Taylor, wife of the Undersecretary of Commerce, will be the honor guest at a luncheon tomorrow when Mrs. Hugh Butler's public speaking class makes their graduation speeches. She will tell the group about the Woman's Land Army, of which she has recently become a member.

Acting as toastmistress at the luncheon in the Iron Gate Tea Room, will be Mrs. John J. McIntyre, wife of the Representative from Wyoming, who will, soon leave on a speaking tour of the country to tell women outside the Capital about wartime Washington. Another speaker will be Mrs. Richard Gale, wife of the Representative from Minnesota.

Countess to Be Hostess

At Cocktail Party for Sister

The Countess de Marenches, who entertained at a cocktail party yesterday afternoon in her apartment at the Fairfax, will be hostess again this afternoon.

Both for yesterday and today, she asked guests in, in honor of her sister, Mrs. Henry Downe, formerly of Paris and now of New York.

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Clubs

By Genevieve Reynolds

Professional Women Urge Wartime Program To Train College Students for War Effort

IF THE Institute of Women's Professional Relations has its way, colleges and universities throughout the country will have a definite wartime educational program to offer students. Students will know the fields where trained women workers are needed and they will be educated to fill the vacancies.

It is for this purpose that the Institute of Women's Professional Relations has called a Washington Conference to be held March 21 and 22 at the Mayflower Hotel. Representatives from leading colleges and universities from coast to coast will attend this conference.

Because of the practical, factual information and direct contacts between colleges and government agencies which came out of the Conference on Opportunities in the Public Service which the institute held in November, 1939, this conference on war demands for trained personnel workers has been scheduled, according to Mrs. Jovett Shouse, chairman of the board of directors of the Institute of Women's Professional Relations.

In discussing the part that women will play in the wartime program, Mrs. Shouse pointed out the shortage of women scientists. "When the Government recently sent out a request for 28,000 women scientists, I understand that no applications were received," she said. "Now that men scientists are called into active war-time services and women are needed more and more to take their places as well as for other wartime and civilian jobs, there is no reservoir or reserve from which to draw."

Heretofore, scientific jobs have been limited for women. But with the increasing war demands, the prejudices that kept women scientists tied to strictly laboratory jobs will be abolished.

Not only will technical positions be opened up for women but they will have a chance to practice medicine and surgery more successfully, according to Mrs. Shouse.

The exact needs of women in specific wartime jobs will be explained at the conference here by outstanding men and women in Government service today. Among those scheduled to speak are: Brig. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey, Arthur S. Fleming, United States Civil Service Commissioner; Donald H. Davenport, chief, employment and occupational outlook branch, Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor, and many others.

Join National Program

STRETCHING across national barriers, business girls of the Washington Y. W. C. A. will join with similar clubs throughout the land in a Nation-wide program at 7 o'clock tonight. This year's observance, marking the fifteenth anniversary, has for its theme "Living Creatively on the Edge of Tomorrow," and is related to the national program of the Y. W. C. A. Business Girls' Assembly.

At the local dinner and program meeting tonight at the Phyllis Wheatley Y. W. C. A., Sammy K. Greene and Eleanor Wagar will share honors as presiding officers. Miss Dorothy Delzer, national secretary of the International League for Peace and Freedom, will be the guest speaker. Greetings from Belgium, Brazil and China will be brought by Nadia Chelmer, Marguerite Farrar and Phyllis Teng Chu, members of local clubs. Other business girls participating in the program are: Fay Williston, Vivian D. Carter, Elinor Furness and Mary Howard.

Serving on the committee in charge of arrangements are: Henrietta Abernathy, Lucille Anderson, Norma Baschus, Sue B. Green, Maria Hood, Eugenia McClay, Florence Nichol, Yvonne Ray, Cassandra Stewart, Jessie Smith and Gretchen Thurber.

Doings of the Day

WOODBRIDGE BOOK CLUB meets at 10 o'clock at the McKendree M. E. Church. Mrs. Gertrude Rowzee reviews "Captain Paul" by Commander Edward Ellsberg, and Mrs. James A. Hall reviews "Washington Park." Hostesses are Mrs. Albert Bumstead and Mrs. J. M. Harrison. . . . Representative Short, of Missouri, speaks at a meeting of Louisa Adams Chapter, D. A. R., at Chapter House. . . . Mrs. Louis Fortier, wife of Lieut. Col. Fortier, who was Military Attaché at the United States Embassy in Belgrade, is hostess and speaker for the Washington Alumnae Chapter of Alpha Omicron Pi Sorority, 8 o'clock, 3750 Kanawha Street Northwest. Following the meeting officers will be elected. . . . French section of the Twentieth Century Club discusses "The Part That the French Language Has in the American Language," 2 o'clock at the Y. W. C. A.

Will Fete Officers

THE BOARD of governors of the Woman's National Democratic Club will honor the newly elected officers of the club with a tea, 4 to 6 o'clock, Saturday. Plans for the ensuing year were outlined by Mrs. Curtis Shears (re-elected), president of the club, at the first membership luncheon of the club since the election of officers, yesterday. Standing committee appointed and approved by the club were as follows: Mrs. Philip E. Dodson, affiliated clubs; Mrs. St. George Sloane, defense; Ellis Meredith, digest; Mrs. Justin Miller, education; Mrs. Milo Perkins, hospitality; Mrs. Stanley O'Connor, membership, and Mrs. Albert G. Black, program.

Square Dance on Ice

SUCH PHRASES as "Do it do," "Swing your partner and promenade the hall," "Grand right and left" will be heard for the first time on any ice-skating rink when members of the Washington Figure Skating Club present their fourth annual ice carnival March 23 at Riverside Stadium March 23 in addition to the usual ice

DROOP'S

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Hammond, Hohner, Grand and Novachord
Music Store • 1300 G

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194 NEW YORK AVE. N.W.

Mrs. Marvin To Lead P.-T.A. Supper Singing

Mrs. Cloyd Heck Marvin will lead the community singing at a program following a buffet supper at the James F. Oyster School Thursday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. The supper planned by the P.-T.A. of the Oyster School will be given in cooperation with the Connecticut Avenue Citizens Association.

Purpose of the program is to raise funds for a school garden project, according to Mrs. Clarence Hagan, president of the Oyster School P.-T.A.

A style show by one of the local department stores, with pupils of the Oyster School as models, will be a feature of the program. Music will be furnished by the Jordan Band.

Since Mrs. Hagan took office last May, approximately \$10,000 has been allotted by the District to the Oyster School and used for improvements to school grounds. The cost of the garden project, however, must be met by the Parent-Teacher Association of the school. A donation of \$35 recently was voted by the Connecticut Avenue Citizens Association toward this project.

Mrs. I. E. Levinson is chairman of arrangements for the dinner.

Beta Chi Chapter To Initiate Three On March 17

Beta Chi Chapter, Epsilon Province of Alpha Zeta Beta Sorority, will hold its informal initiation of its three pledges, Misses Alice Block, Helen Jewell and Alice Hauger, at Wardman Park Hotel March 17. Refreshments will be served at the close of the meeting.

The formal initiation will take place at the annual banquet and dance of Epsilon Province, which will be held at Wardman Park Hotel the weekend of March 21-22. The province meeting and tea will be held the afternoon of March 22, at which time officers will be elected. At this time Mrs. Margaret McLindon, past president of Beta Chi Chapter, holds the office of province treasurer.

The annual rummage sale of the Beta Chi Chapter will be held March 24. Proceeds from this sale are used for charity work.

Mrs. C. H. Duell Gives Luncheon For Mrs. Trimble

In compliment to Mrs. Charles Trimble, of Pittsburgh, who is spending a few days here at the Shoreham, Mrs. Charles Holland Duell entertained at a luncheon yesterday at the Sulgrave Club.

Others in the party were Mrs. William Dugald MacDougall, Mrs. Frank Kent, Jr., Mrs. John Dwight, Mrs. Mason Sears, of Boston; Miss Henrietta Sherwood, Miss Betty Hynes and Mrs. Austin Kautz.

Erwin Hackleys On Wedding Trip

Now on a short wedding trip in the south, Mr. and Mrs. A. Erwin Hackley will return soon to make their home in Luray, Va., where he practices law. They were married in a quiet ceremony at Arlington, Va., Saturday morning with only the members of the immediate families present.

The bride, who is the former Miss Margaret Virginia Alsop, daughter of the late Dr. Joseph French Alsop and Mrs. Alsop, of Prospect, Va., was given in marriage by her brother, Joseph French Alsop, Jr. The latter is now attending medical school at Johns Hopkins University. E. G. Hackley, brother of the bridegroom, was best man.

Mrs. Hackley was graduated from Farmville State Teachers' College, where she was a member of Sigma Pi Rho and Beta Pi Theta sororities. Later, after taking further work at the University of Richmond, she spent a year in Physicians Service Laboratory in Richmond, Va. Since that time she has been in Charlottesville and Luray, where she is connected with the State Public Health Laboratory.

Mr. Hackley was graduated from the University of Virginia, receiving his A. B. and L. L. B. degrees there and being active in various student organizations. He is a member of the Virginia State Bar Association and is active in the public affairs of Luray.

Di-Ma-Va Hostesses

Mrs. Robert M. Barnett and Mrs. Edwin Bile will be hostesses at the Di-Ma-Va Club meeting Thursday night at the Ambassador Hotel.

Alumnae Will Elect

The Washington Alumnae Association of Alpha Delta Pi will meet Wednesday at the home of Mrs. William Clark, 4410 Forty-second Street Northwest. Mrs. Clark will be assisted by Mrs. F. Norman Hearn and Mrs. J. McKenney Berry. The election of officers for the ensuing year will take place at this meeting.

Delta Gamma To Honor Founders

The Delta Gamma founders' day dinner will be held Tuesday, March 17, at 7:30 p. m. at the Washington Club.

All active American University sorority members and all alumnae of Washington and vicinity are expected to attend this annual event. A review of Delta Gamma historical highlights will be given. Installation of officers will be held.

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THE HECHT CO.

SHEER HOSE

IN NEW BEAUTIFUL SPRING COLORS BY VAN RAALTE



THE HECHT CO.

FRILLS

FOR THAT FEMININE FRAGILE LOOK

2.00

Look beguilingly feminine because he likes you too! You can, at little cost, with these frills, froth and flattery made of sheer fine organdy, or demure lace. Beauties in dainty roll your own short or deep Vee or vestee styles. White and pastels.

Neckwear, Main Floor, 7 St. Building

Pleated Organdy. Ruffled and embroidered Vee collar. Red Vee collar in lace.

Roll-your-own collar of beautiful Permo-Sole with lace trim.

Eyebelt Embroidered Organdy jabot on vestee.

Eyebelt Baisette Bands, outlined in dainty ruffled edge.

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Special Corps Collects Booty For Japs

By Frank L. Martin
Wide World Staff Writer

New York, March 9.—Only a few hours behind rolling Japanese assault forces moves another service unit under the Emperor—the "Special Service" Corps.

Not a branch of the army or navy, but a well-trained, highly specialized unit, this corps is assigned the job of quickly bringing order to a war-ravaged city, establishing a temporary administrative system, seeking out and seizing any booty and seeing that it systematically moves to hundreds of points in the fast-growing Japanese Empire where the demand for finished and raw materials is the greatest.

This wartime government service is composed of politicians, bankers, merchants, transportation experts, promotion men and language students who, before being drafted by their government, held high positions in well-known business houses in Japan.

Like the army, it has had more than ten years of training in Mukden, Peiping, Tientsin, Hankow, greater Shanghai, Canton and many smaller cities captured by Japan.

Big Test in Indo-China
The corps' big test, before Japanese armies hammered their way into the Philippines, Malay states and the Netherlands East Indies, came a year ago in French Indo-China when Japanese troops moved by land, sea and air into Haiphong, Hanoi and Saigon.

It is certain that today the corps is at work in Manila, Singapore and Hongkong following the same pattern which proved so successful in the French colony.

Although the French and Japanese exchanged only a few shots during the Japanese military entry and the cities were undamaged, all the basic conquest problems were present.

Englishmen on the scene watched the corps take over with both speed and efficiency. For example, while Japanese planes circled over Haiphong and lead destroyers zig-zagged into the bay, the last boat in the Japanese invasion fleet was laying a cable under direction of the communication division of the corps.

Five hours after troops were landed messages were racing over the cable from a temporary headquarters in Haiphong to Japanese-held Hainan Island.

The French government in Hanoi was contacted almost immediately and it became apparent in only a few days that its power had been shorn.

Spotters Mark Booty
To save time and men, the Japanese attempt to persuade the present government to work for them. This was the case in Indo-China.

American businessmen seeking a re-export permit for American goods to be shipped out of Indo-China were forced to deal directly with the Japanese after the French government admitted it had no voice in the matter.

When the Japanese entered Saigon in southern Indo-China, the special corps moved even more smoothly.

Troops were landed in the country's most important city at dawn. At noon a French businessman notified his office building had been commandeered by the Japanese for the headquarters of the corps. By the middle of the afternoon the rooms were stripped of all movable furnishings.

That night desks contributed by the French government were moved in. The next morning hundreds of clerks were at work. On the wall was a huge map (Japanese made) of the city which French army officers said was better than they themselves had. It was marked in zones.

Already 200 spotters were taking inventory of material in these zones. An automobile service was established with the spotters and reports of goods found were arriving at headquarters hourly.

Transportation men were working along the entire dock area not needed by the army to unload war

Beauties in Defense Bond Selling Race



SALES APPEAL—Six desert beauties perched atop the ol' corral are currently in a defense bond selling race. The winner will be queen of the annual desert circus at Palm Springs, Calif., March 25-28. Left to right—Mary Smith, Pat Scriven, Beverly Cooper, Edie Bush, Dorothy Knupp and Tommy Lipps

equipment from transports, and arranged for the loading of materials onto boats.

Another arm of the transportation division of the corps was requisitioning all trucks and wagons to carry the materials to the ships.

Back at headquarters shipping men with prepared charts were working out a schedule whereby rice would be quickly sent to the Japanese garrison in Canton, leather and tools to Manchuria, cotton to Tokyo, etc.

Japanese bankers established

themselves in the French Bank of Indo-China to arrange for further payments in yen for goods that were not requisitioned for Japanese soldiers.

For consumption in Japan, promotion men mounted cameras on cars and took pictures of the "beautiful and prosperous city now in the hands of the Japanese."

In an effort to keep the population calm to aid Japanese movements, good-will squads were dispatched throughout the city, bowing to all on the streets and stopping to chat with natives. Candy was given

the children.

A comfort unit of the corps arranged housing for the army officers. French families were ordered out of their homes in 24 hours.

NEURALGIA
Capudine acts fast because it's liquid, relieving pains of neuritis quickly, pleasantly. Soothes upset nerves. Use only as directed. All drug stores. See, see, see bottles.

Liquid CAPUDINE

29th Division Work Near End

Conversion of the Twenty-ninth Infantry Division, commanded by Maj. Gen. Leonard T. Gerow, from square to triangular, will be completed by March 14, it was learned yesterday.

Col. E. Slater Montague, of Norfolk, Va., now commanding the 11th Field Artillery, is slated to take command of the 178th Field Artillery, which has been designated part of a corps artillery brigade. The 178th, now the division medium artillery regiment, will leave its first battalion with the division, to become the division medium artillery battalion.

Headquarters Company, Eighty-eighth Brigade (Virginia), is scheduled to be made a cavalry reconnaissance troop. It is understood Brig. Gen. George M. Alexander, of Lynchburg, Va., now commanding the Eighty-eighth Brigade, will be assistant division commander, and Brig. Gen. William H. Sands, of Norfolk, Va., now commanding the Fifty-fourth Field Artillery Brigade, will become division artillery commander.

The Twenty-ninth is composed of selectees and former National Guardsmen from the District, Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania.

WIVES: HERE'S HOW YOUR HUSBAND CAN SAVE MONEY!

Buy your husband a package of **Marlin Blades** at your corner drugstore—and show him how to get 3 months' smooth, clean shaving for only 25¢. Marlin Blades are guaranteed by The Marlin Firearms Co.

DOUBLE EDGE 18 FOR 25¢
High Light No. 18

Marlin Blades

LET'S HORN IN ON THESE MOUNTAIN SHEEP AND HEAR WHY CALVERT TOPS THE HEAP!

JUST THINK OF EACH FINE WHISKEY TRAIT THAT CONNOISSEURS APPRECIATE...

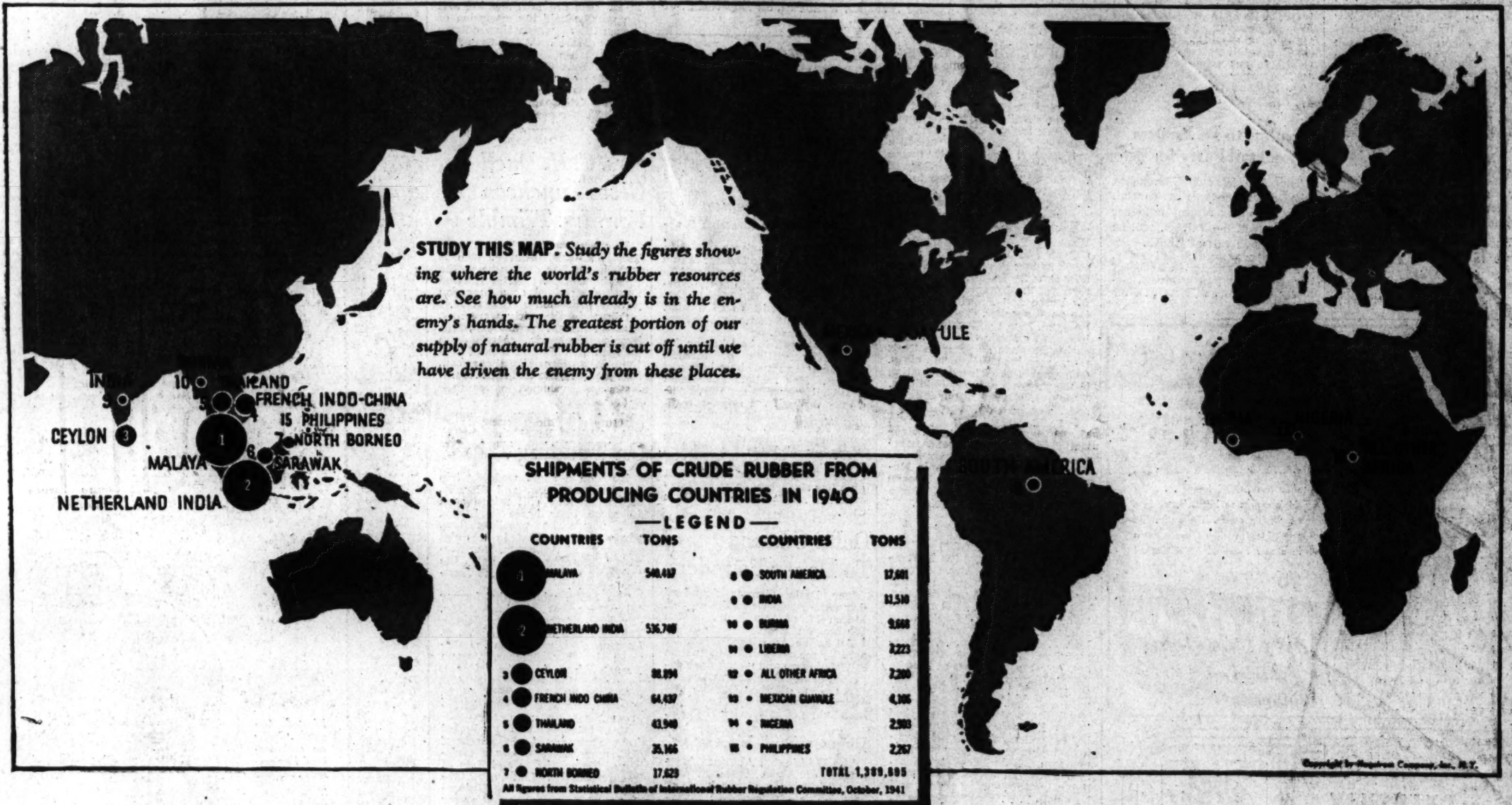
THEN MERGE THEM IN A HAPPY BLEND... THAT'S CALVERT WHISKEY! TRY IT, FRIEND!

Clear Heads Choose Calvert

THE WHISKEY WITH THE "HAPPY BLENDING"

Calvert Distillers Corp., New York City. BLENDED WHISKEY Calvert "Reserve": 86.8 Proof—65% Grain Neutral Spirits. Calvert "Special": 86.8 Proof—72½% Grain Neutral Spirits.

Post Want Ads Bring Results



THIS MAP SHOWS WHY YOU MUST BUDGET YOUR TIRE MILES

NOW you see the real urgency of the rubber situation. As a patriotic American you must make your present tires last as long as possible.

Suppose our 29,000,000 cars were taken off the road. The nation's efficiency and war effort would be crippled. Immediate demand for more buses, trucks, trains and trolleys would divert our precious supply of steel, rubber and man-power from vital war production.

You have been wanting to do something for America. Today you can. There is a simple, practical way to make your tires last

to the utmost limit. Drive to a responsible tire dealer. Find out the mileage left in your tires. Then budget this precious mileage to last as long as possible for necessary driving.

Cut your driving down to absolute essentials. Pool your car with those of your neighbors, in driving to work, to market, etc. Use one car instead of half a dozen.

Patriotism does not demand that you lay up your car. Just the opposite. Real conservation requires that you keep your car in service for the duration of war as part of America's essential transportation system. Don't think of it as a "pleasure car". It's a war car now.

TIRE MILEAGE BUDGET CHART

Get free copy of this Mileage Budget Chart from any U. S. Tire Dealer—or write to United States Rubber Co. Get your dealer's expert advice on how to make your tires last as long as possible.



IN AMERICA'S FIGHT FOR LIFE RUBBER IS VITAL

UNITED STATES RUBBER COMPANY

1230 SIXTH AVENUE, ROCKEFELLER CENTER, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Wonderful To Relieve ITCHING SCALP

Odorless Liquid Zemo — a Doctor's formula — quickly relieves itching, burning distress. Being such a clean, stainless, irritable liquid — Zemo is especially fine for the scalp. Over 25,000,000 packages sold. Only 35¢. All drugstores.

ZEMO

Relief At Last For Your Cough

Creomulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ laden phlegm, and aid nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Creomulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

CREOMULSION for Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronchitis

Hit Them Where It Hurts . . . BUY BONDS!



Make no mistake—this is a life or death struggle. Men are dying in our defense. Dying that America may be safe!

Give our fighting men the guns, the planes, the tanks they need! Bonds buy bombs. Every dime, every dollar you put into Defense Bonds and Stamps is a blow at the enemy. Hit them where it hurts—buy bonds! Bonds cost as little as \$18.75 up—stamps as little as 10 cents up.

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Klutz

Justice Suggests Moving Supreme Court for Space

Move the Supreme Court from its marble palace and turn the structure over to one of the war agencies? This suggestion is being made in all seriousness by one of the justices on the highest court in the land, who argues that the court must make sacrifices along with the Nation if the war is to be won. The possibility of the court's giving up the monumental building with its expensive furnishings is known to have been discussed by several of the justices. In fact, the justice who proposed the move is reported to have taken it up with President Roosevelt who, the story goes, was unable to decide whether he was serious or not.

This justice, who was appointed in recent years, proposes two plans either of which would call for giving up the elaborate building. They are:

1. That the court move back into its historic chambers in the Capitol Building, or

2. That the court be moved out of Washington altogether, like other Government agencies.

Court members would lose their handsome private offices under the first plan. But, as one justice explained, the justices maintained offices in their homes until the new building was constructed. Chief Justice Harlan Stone still has an office in his home where he does much of his work. And, under the plan, a small part of the building would be kept for court employees.

It is very doubtful, of course, that the court would be moved from the city, but the justice argues that there is no reason why it couldn't function as well in Denver, Kansas City or any other city as it does in Washington. And, he adds, there is nothing on the statute books that requires the court to remain here.

If the court should give up its building as a sacrifice to war, the effort of the President and the Budget Bureau to decentralize Federal agencies would be made easier. For the move would take the fight out of agencies now battling decentralization.

The President is understood to be ready finally to set up an alien property custodian as a separate agency. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Chairman Leo T. Crowley will be appointed custodian with full power. The President is said to have preferred that the agency be set up in a department as a safeguard against recurrence of such a scandal as took place during World War I, but Treasury and Justice fought to a standstill over the prize bureau catch so that now he is being forced to create a separate agency.

Justice is expected to do the legal and investigating work for the new agency. Its alien property unit also will be moved to the independent agency. Crowley also will probably use Treasury's Bureau of Foreign Funds Control or else that bureau will be transferred to him. The independent agency—when it is set up—will be a sort of Treasury Secretary Morgenthau who announced several weeks ago that the President had given him control over the agency. Treasury has been accepting applications for alien property jobs. Supreme Court Justice James Byrnes worked on the compromise plan at the suggestion of the President.

A liaison office of 17 employees will be maintained in Washington by Farm Credit Administration which will move to Kansas City within 30 days. Head of the office will be C. W. Warburton, deputy governor. Others will be U. L. Spratt of the solicitor's office; Walter Bauer, economic and credit research; Clay Mobley, information; T. F. Murphy, finance; Dayton Hull and Grace McGuire, the personnel division. The Cooperative Research and Service Division will be kept in Washington.

A merger of the National Youth Administration with the Civilian Conservation Corps is expected momentarily. Paul McNutt, Federal Security administrator, recommended the consolidation to the President. "War Production Board has set up offices in Canada to expedite

Music in Their Soles

Capt. Walter N. Tulke, director of the shoe repair shop at Camp Lee, Va., reports that he found his repairmen worked better against a background of swing. Now music is piped into the shop, and the cobblers' output is up. Everything is organized—more music for dancing, more shoes wear out, more shoes have to be fixed, trade is up.

Washington Defense

KELLY SWEARS IN DEFENSE DRIVERS—At a meeting of civilian emergency transportation units last night in Central High School auditorium, 600 defense drivers were sworn into service by Maj. Edward Kelly, chief of police. Here Chief Kelly administers the oath to women of the Red Cross Motor Corps (from left): Mrs. Leslie P. Holcomb, Mrs. Beverly Snow, Betty Stewart Richardson and Mrs. Frederick P. Todd.

U. S. Buildings To Black Out, Snyder Says

Complete blackout of all Federal buildings in Washington during tests conducted by the District Defense Council was promised yesterday by Assistant Federal Works Administrator Baird Snyder 3d, following a conference with James M. Landis, director of the Office of Civilian Defense.

While all protective measures cannot be made effective immediately, Snyder said, they will be speeded to the utmost and already he has ordered a survey to determine from all department heads what personnel needs to stay on duty in Government buildings during blackout periods.

Two Different Ways The blackout, "which will be a complete and effective obscuration of illumination in all 391 buildings under jurisdiction of the Public Buildings Administration," will be accomplished in two ways, Snyder declared. They are:

1. Areas in which work must continue will be obscured by "necessary construction" to permit lights within.

2. All other areas in which personnel may or may not be working will be obscured by switching off the lights.

From Regular Budgets Specially necessary funds for the construction, supposedly of shutters and screens, probably will come from regular building maintenance budgets, according to Snyder, and restoration of the funds will be sought later. Estimates of the total cost of this procedure are expected to be under the one million dollars and necessary for blackout curtains for every window.

In some areas that are to be blacked out by turning off the lights, installation of special switches may be necessary.

Demaznon, Beaten By Soldier Guest, Recovering

Alfred Demaznon, head waiter at the Carlton Hotel, was reported "comfortable" yesterday at Emergency Hospital, where he was removed last Friday after suffering a severe beating from a man he described to police as a 22-year-old soldier.

The soldier, from Fort Myer, is being held on an open charge at the First Precinct Station and will be arraigned today before United States Commissioner Needham C. Turnage.

Demaznon, a World War Veteran, told police he befriended the soldier last week and invited him to spend his leave at the waiter's home, 1921 Nineteenth Street Northwest. The beating occurred when the two men got into an argument over the soldier's treatment of an expensive bedspread.

After the fight, the soldier allegedly ripped out the telephone and left the premises, taking with him \$40 in cash and jewelry valued at more than \$1000. Most of the jewelry has been recovered from pawn shops.

Canadian requests for American materials... The Post-office Department did more business in December than it did during the entire year of 1910. And business is still increasing... Civil Service Exams: Federal Inspector, \$2000 to \$2600; Radio Communications Commission. Addressograph Operator, \$1260 to \$1440, for appointment in Washington only. Applicants for 1440 jobs must have had at least three months paid experience. No written test is required.

Bill Bullitt, the former ambassador, is backed by New Dealers for Governor of Pennsylvania... The War Transfer Unit of the Civil Service Commission has moved to offices formerly occupied by the Employees Compensation Commission at Seventh and F Streets... New Civil Service registers: Executive officer, 153; chief administrative officer, 393; principal administrative officer, 663; assistant messengers (local applicants only), 3227, and Junior chemist, 773.

Victory Sidelights District to Order Blackout Of Exterior Lighting Soon

An order blacking out "for the duration" all exterior lighting which cannot be extinguished at a moment's notice will be issued in a few days by the District Commissioners, Col. Lemuel L. Bolles, District civilian defense director, announced last night at a mass meeting at which 900 automobile drivers were sworn in as members of an emergency transport service.

The step will be requested by Commissioner John Russell Young in his capacity of District civilian defense coordinator, Bolles said. It was found necessary because present blackout efforts have been ineffective, he said. Recently, James W. Landis, national director of the Office of Civilian Defense, asked that steps be taken to black out whole coastal areas at one time.

The swearing-in ceremony took place at Central High School. The 900 drivers are divided into two shifts, 300 for day service, and 300 for night service. The program is organized under the supervision of J. A. Brown, deputy civilian defense chief in charge of the Motor Transport Service.

Commissioner Young praised the group for volunteering their private facilities in the face of rationing which makes tires and automobiles virtually impossible to replace.

Col. Bolles urged the drivers to pay special attention to safety regulations while in emergency service. "First, we cannot be too careful in driving, day in and day out, and during an emergency," Bolles said. "Do not let any of us assume that a call to emergency duty wipes out the rules of safety. It would be tragic indeed if in the face of an emergency call, our motor corps killed or injured more citizens than the enemy bombs."

More Cooperation With Defense Asked

More cooperation of members of the Park View Citizens Association with the civilian defense organization of that neighborhood was urged last night at a meeting by Deputy Warden M. A. Schwartz.

As a result of his talk it was decided that the next meeting of the organization would be held jointly with members of the civilian defense group in the community. A resolution was adopted calling for the resurfacing of Park Place and Road Northwest, Benjamin Kroger president, and asked as scores in place of Secretary John S. Cole who is ill.

District to Make Deficiency Request

District health was the primary consideration of a \$400,000 to \$500,000 deficiency appropriation request which the Commissioners late yesterday announced they would make to the Budget Bureau and Congress.

The largest share would go to the Health Department, mostly for personnel. Health Officer George C. Ruland, who was challenged by Congress last year to "stand up and ask for what he wanted," stood up and asked for \$200,000, for additional sanitary inspectors, public health nurses and doctors.

More funds for cleaning and refuse collection were asked by Refuse Superintendent William A. Xanten. This increase is necessitated, the Commissioners said, not because of danger to lives from broken glass in the streets, but by unsanitary conditions of too many alleys.

"With our swollen population, we cannot afford the health hazard of refuse-littered alleys and back-

Many District Institutions Lie Close to Military Targets

Nearly everyone of the District's corrective and charitable institutions is adjacent to a primary military objective, District Welfare Director Conrad Van Hyning told the Commissioners late yesterday.

Van Hyning's chief concern was for feeble-minded children in the District Training School at Laurel, which is adjacent to Fort George C. Meade. These children cannot be trained to take care of themselves during an emergency, it was said.

The Home for the Aged and Infirm and the Industrial Home School for Colored Boys are both at Blue Plains, near Bolling Field, the Naval Air Station and the Naval Research Laboratory.

The Industrial Home School for White Boys, on Wisconsin Avenue, is almost directly across Wisconsin Avenue from the Naval Observa-

The Washington Post

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TUESDAY, MARCH 10, 1942 . 19

Accident Unit Backed By Kalorama

Citizens' Group Says Police Squad's Work Can't Be Duplicated By Any Other Means

The Kalorama Citizens Association urged retention of the police Accident Investigation Unit last night in a resolution declaring the unit's service to Washington motorists cannot be duplicated by any other means.

The action was taken as the legislative and enforcement committee of the Commissioners' Traffic Advisory Council met behind closed doors for more than four hours, studying a report of three police officials who investigated the value of the unit.

The investigators—Inspectors Harvey G. Callahan and Milton D. Smith and Capt. Oscar J. Letterman—are said to have recommended drastic reorganization which some fear may lead to the unit's abolition. Harry Wender, chairman of the advisory council committee, said after its session in his office in the Woodward Building that "unexpected complications" had arisen and a more complete study than had been anticipated would be required.

The committee probably will not be ready to report to the full council in time for an airing of the problem originally scheduled for 8 p. m. Thursday at the Municipal Building, he said.

The group will call its endorsement of the traffic unit to the attention of Police Superintendent Kelly and the District Commissioners today.

The association adopted also a resolution recommending that the District Appellate Court be composed entirely of members residing in the District. In order to step up the work of the salvage committee, Karl Smith was appointed special chairman in charge of the collection work. S. T. Tilton, president of the association said last night.

Hillcrest

"Immediate steps" toward construction of a new and larger school to replace the four-room Stanton School, Good Hope and Stanton Roads, Southeast, were adopted last night by the Hillcrest Citizens Association.

John Gibbon, secretary, said that as far as the association could learn no provision had been made for schooling of children who will move into a 1300-family defense housing development to be erected in the area.

The tiny Stanton Building already is overcrowded with 280 pupils that classes are conducted in two shifts a day, he said.

Deputy Air-Raid Warden William Rice, of the Hillcrest area, thanked the citizens for the "100 per cent cooperation" in last Tuesday's blackout.

The association met at the East Washington Heights Baptist Church, Branch and Alabama Avenues Southeast.

West End

The West End Citizens Association instructed a special committee last night to consider the advisability of using the Western Market, Twenty-first and K Streets Northwest, as a recreation center should it be discontinued as a market.

The directions were given after the committee reported the building could be used as a garage or for automobile parking.

The association, meeting at the West End Defense Area headquarters, 2027 H Street Northwest, voted to request traffic lights at Washington Circle and along Pennsylvania Avenue between the circle and Rock Creek. Several traffic accidents, two of them fatal, have occurred between the park and the circle this year, it was said.

The association's annual dinner will not be held this year because of the war, it was announced.

Burleigh

A campaign by the Burleigh Citizens Association for funds for dues and civilian defense supplies has gone over the top with more than \$500 in contributions.

Charles C. Tatum, chairman of the committee, reported the drive to collect \$1 for defense supplies along with each payment of dues.

Northeast

Establishment of a by-pass for through north-south traffic by opening Southern Avenue, the District's south boundary, and building a bridge to Alexandria, Va., was advocated last night by the Northeast Citizens Association.

The association, meeting at the Ludlow School, Sixth and G Streets Northeast, also called for a Congressional appropriation for enlargement of Washington hospitals.

Opposition to the Navy Yard's proposal to take over part of Anacostia Park was expressed in another resolution.

Suicide Verdict Given in Death Of D. C. Employee

William Gibson Forsyth, 45, a clerk since 1935 in the registrar's office of the District Water Division, was found dead yesterday at 7:30 a. m. on the Washington Monument Grounds. Both of his wrists had been slashed.

The coroner's office issued a certificate of suicide after the body had been removed to the morgue where positive identification was made by two of Forsyth's fellow workers.

No reason was advanced for his act. Forsyth, who resided at 1442 W Street Southeast, is survived by a wife living with relatives in Silver Spring, Md. Last night the body was removed to the Warner E. Humphrey funeral home, but arrangements for the funeral were not complete.

U. S. Worker Wins Class A First Prize In 'Salvage for Victory' Poster Contest



JUDGES SELECT WINNING POSTERS—Harold Allen Long, of the Arts Club; Ralph S. Allen, of National Trinitas, and Richard Lahey, principal of the Corcoran Arts School, make their selection of winning entries in the "Salvage for Victory" poster contest.

Labor Learns How Its Gift Will Be Spent

Representatives of the Central Labor Union and District civilian defense officials met yesterday in the office of Col. Lemuel L. Bolles, district civilian defense director, and laid to rest reports that local officials did not know how to spend a \$130,000 fund collected from union members.

The money was collected through union business agents from American Federation of Labor unionists living in the metropolitan area for donation to the civilian defense organization. For months, the fund mounted, but union officials were puzzled by what they believed an apparent official reluctance to spend the money. Because no announcements had been made, the business agents were hounded by their members and accused of doing all sorts of things with the money including putting it in their own pockets.

At the conference yesterday, it was disclosed that \$25,000 had been earmarked to buy equipment for the public works division of the District civilian defense organization. Since most of the members of this organization are members of unions affiliated with the C. L. U., the arrangement was thought particularly appropriate.

Additional funds have been allocated for the purchase of sixteen blood banks for metropolitan area hospitals. These blood banks have been ordered and will be paid for out of the union treasury on delivery.

The remainder will be placed in a reserve for emergency use. District civilian defense officials hope the stationery and in aid of the District Salvage Committee. The winning poster represented a soldier standing guard beside an ashcan on which was written, "Salvage for Defense."

A \$25 bond was the prize.

Judges were R. S. Allen, of National Trinitas, Inc.; Harold Long, of the Arts Club, and Richard Lahey, principal of the Corcoran Arts School. Horace Walker, executive secretary of the District Salvage Committee, said he felt the contest had been "a great success."

Parents Polled On Staggering School Hours

A poll of parents to find out whether they favor opening public, private and parochial schools 30 minutes later to relieve traffic congestion was announced yesterday by Traffic Director William A. Van Duzer.

Van Duzer explained that every available transportation vehicle was needed for the movement of war workers to and from work during rush hour periods. Under Van Duzer's proposal, schools would close at 3:30 p. m. and open at 7:30 a. m. The change would free 70 additional buses and streetcars for rush hour use.

Van Duzer requested parents to all out the following coupon and send it directly to the Public Relations Section, Department of Vehicles and Traffic, Municipal Center Building.

To Traffic Director William A. Van Duzer:

I am the parent of — (number) children in a — (number) school (indicate whether public, private, or parochial).

I favor oppose (cross out incorrect one) 9:30 a. m. opening and 3:30 p. m. closing of schools.

My children do not (cross out incorrect one) use public transportation to and from classes.

Comment

Name and address

PAY YOUR INCOME TAX WITH YOUR DISCARDED JEWELRY

Cash in your jewelry, old gold, diamonds and silver—while prices are high—for the money you need to pay Uncle Sam!

LOUIS ABRAHAMSON
Now in Our New Location
733 15th St. N.W.

One Way to Get Tires

From Bluefield, W. Va., the Associated Press came up with the latest angle in the tire situation. Dr. J. I. Davidson, of Rocky Gap, Va., found his car jacked up and all four tires gone. On the seat was an envelope containing \$50 and the message: "You can buy tires. We can't."

Rudolph Wendelin To Get \$50 Bond For His 'V' Theme

Plenty of perspiration and originality were evidently mixed with the pains used by artists in the "Salvage for Victory" poster contest sponsored by The Washington Post and the District Salvage Committee, for judges yesterday said the results "were extremely gratifying."

A red, white and blue poster showing an accumulation of salvage caught in a large "V" took first prize in Class A. It was painted by Rudolph Wendelin, of 1420 M Street Northwest, an Agriculture Department employee. His reward is a \$50 defense bond.

Second prize in this group went to Robert F. Gates, of 1800 Twenty-first Street Northwest. His poster showed a robot made of cast-off springs and in case running and yelling, "Let Me at 'Em." He received a \$25 bond.

The Class A group was large posters (14 by 20 inches). The winning posters will be reproduced and displayed in stores, at collection points for salvage and other spots about the city.

Samuel H. Traeger, of 1325 G Street Northwest, won first prize in Class B, and Sammie A. Abbott, of 6302 Eighth Street Northwest, second prize. The awards are a \$30 bond and a \$25 bond, respectively.

This size poster was designed for use in street cars and buses. Space has been donated by the Capital Transit Co. and soon one of the posters will appear in all its buses and street cars.

Class C prizewinner was Capt. Bernard C. Hibler, United States Army, of Wellington Villa, Route 1, Alexandria, Va. This poster will be used as an emblem on most of the stationery and in aid of the District Salvage Committee. The winning poster represented a soldier standing guard beside an ashcan on which was written, "Salvage for Defense."

A \$25 bond was the prize.

Judges were R. S. Allen, of National Trinitas, Inc.; Harold Long, of the Arts Club, and Richard Lahey, principal of the Corcoran Arts School. Horace Walker, executive secretary of the District Salvage Committee, said he felt the contest had been "a great success."

Art Exhibit Opens At Howard U.

More than 50 paintings, dating from 1781 to the present time, of Negro subjects done by white artists were placed on view last night in the art gallery of Howard University in commemoration of the seventy-fifth anniversary of the institution.

According to Alonzo J. Aden, curator, it is the first time this type of exhibition has ever been assembled. Most of the pictures were contributed by Eastern museums and galleries, he said, although several came from the West.

NEY DISTRIBUTING COMPANY, INC.

RETAILERS—WHOLESALE

903 PA. AVE. NA. 7951

Bottled-in-Bond 5-Yr.-Old BERKLEY CLUB DISTILLED LONDON DRY GIN

DRY GIN

CASH & CARRY \$1.59

FULL FIFTH

Tues. & Wed. Only

100 Proof

100 proof Gin is rare—but a 100 proof gin BOTTLED-IN-BOND at THIS low price is exceptional! Full strength, pale golden gin of SUPERIOR flavor, aged in the wood for 5 years. Distilled from grain. Remember... it pays to "SHOP NEY'S FOR THE LOWEST PRICES ON THE EAST COAST"



Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

Another Premiere Is Booked for the National

Paul Muni Coming in Guild Play March 30;
Walt Disney Finds Fascination in New Field;
Items of News and Gossip of the Theater

PAUL MUNI will be seen in the metropolitan premiere of the Theater Guild's production of Emyln Williams' play of "Yesterday's Magic," at the National Theater the week of Monday, March 30, according to a voluminous message hot off the wire from Joseph Heidt, the Guild's official stentor.

Following the Maurice Evans-Judith Anderson "Macbeth" on E Street and maintaining the National's unbroken succession of notable early spring bookings, "Yesterday's Magic" will be the final subscription play of the Theater Guild-American Theater Society's current season of six. Originally produced in the Apollo Theater, London, on February 21, 1940, with Godfrey Tearle in the leading role of Maddoc Thomas, actor—later taken over by the author—the piece enjoyed a run of more than 700 performances under its original title of "The Light of Heart."

Reginald Denham is directing the American production and the settings are being designed by Watson Barratt. The play will open for two days of tune-up performances as the inaugural attraction for a new Shubert Theater in New Haven, on Friday and Saturday, March 27 and 28, before coming to Washington for its full week.

This will mark Paul Muni's first appearance with the Theater Guild and his first appearance on any stage, as a matter of fact, since his stellar engagement in Maxwell Anderson's "Key Largo." He will be supported by a cast that will include Jessica Tandy, Alfred Drake, Patrick O'More, Brenda Forbes, James Monks and Margaret Douglas. "Yesterday's Magic" will make three top offerings in a row made available at bargain prices to those whose names appear on the T. G. A. T. S. subscription lists. "Without Love," with Katharine Hepburn and Elliott Nugent, following the current "My Sister Eileen," will be the first of the trilogy bringing the subscriptions season to a close.

Genius in Its Stride

For so calm and composed a fellow, Walt Disney is probably the busiest man in the motion picture industry. Too much was disclosed yesterday at the National Education Association's luncheon in his honor, at the Carlton, for recapitulation here, but it will bear noting that with "Fantasia" coming along for the first time as a general release at popular prices, "Bambi" about ready to take the screens and his regular studio activities in full swing, the creator of Mickey Mouse, "Snow White," Donald Duck and all the other cinema favorites synonymous with his name, still finds time to do a prodigious job for the Government's good neighbor policy and war effort.

Recently returned from Rio de Janeiro, Disney is perhaps more enthusiastic, at the moment, about the short-reel subjects he is making to provide "education" to the South American countries, under the guise of entertainment, than any other of his enterprises. It is a new field for him and he is finding it fascinating. The soy bean, corn, the mosquito and trees are a few of the topics with which he is currently dealing as a medium of enlightenment of our neighbors to the south. Not very much "love interest," Mr. Disney remarks, but a fine exercise of the unique talents possessed by his studio. We will be reverting to yesterday's two hours with Mr. Disney from time to time, but the luncheon, with its brief talks and lengthy felicitations, was so long that time is too short at this post-deadline point—or you may write it Post-deadline, if you wish.

Late advices from the Loew high command indicate that "To Be or Not to Be," the Ernst Lubitsch "touchy" comedy, co-starring the late Carole Lombard and Jack Benny, will be screened for the preview benefit of the guys and gals of the drama desks this morning in the luxurious new projection room in the swanky Paramount Film Exchange. Also that Marjorie Gainsworth, the Capital's favorite golden voice, will headline the stage bill at the Capitol the week of March 19, "To Be or Not to Be," of course, will follow "Son of Fury" on the screen at the Palace.

It is made known by the Community Center and Playgrounds Department of the District Government that the preliminaries of the annual D. C. One-Act Play Tournament, opening in Roosevelt High School Auditorium tonight and continuing Thursday and Saturday nights, will be judged by Gideon A. Lyon, Ralph Fowler and Mrs. Horace Torbert, all prominent in resident theatrical circles. The finals, on Wednesday night, March 18, will find the four local drama desks converting themselves, as usual, into one judicial bench.

If this thing keeps up—and no doubt it will—another record will be going by the boards, to coin a hot one. The combination of Glenn Miller and His Orchestra and "Joe Smith, American," at Loew's Capitol smashed all attendance records Thursday to Sunday, both inclusive. This means that even Mickey Rooney's personal appearance record, on the basis of the first four days of the week, has gone overboard. That, if I may say so, is really packing them in!

And-They-Call-Chicago-the-Windy City Note
Come to think of it, this must be March!

LOUELLA O. PARSONS

Funster Returns to the Films

Hollywood, March 9 (INS).—Just heard that Fred Allen will be heading for Hollywood this summer. Yep! It's a picture deal that is bringing him out our way—a contract with United Artists in which he will have his own production unit with full say as to story, direction and cast. I'll say to Fred what I said to Jack Benny. Don't play yourself but get a good comedy, for all of our top comics, including Jack, Bob Hope and Edgar Bergen, have done much better when they played fictitious characters.

Fred has a great knack at writing. I know when I was on his show with him how he wrote most of the script, and the same is true of Edgar Bergen who sees a laugh a mile away. These men are gifted and all of them should be on the screen now for we need comedy as never before.

The particular version of the Homer Lea story the studios are interested in is the one co-authored by Clare Boothe and

Bug Cobb, Irvin's daughter. Also, guess I must have been wrong about the \$105,000 planked down by Metro for "Dragon Seed" being the all-time high price for a novel. The Heyward Agency snagged \$175,000 for "Saratoga Trunk."

A gross of \$400,000 apiece on six pictures is not to be sneezed at, so it is not surprising that Bill Pine and Bill Thomas are back from New York with a new contract. Their pictures are inexpensive but the kind that people like to see and Y. Frank Freeman, head man at Paramount, was one of the first to recognize how valuable these two former press agents are to his organization. The two Bills keep their stock company in tact from picture to picture.

Jeanette MacDonald knows now how it feels to send her man to war. Gene Raymond is leaving tomorrow to join the air force. Jeanette is trying to smile, but she says the house will be a lonely place without her husband. Gene goes into the air combat division March 14, where, he isn't allowed to tell, but he is a fighting job with plenty of action. He is a first lieutenant. Jeanette told me that she starts her movie, "Shadow of a Lady," in a few weeks and then she will go wherever Gene is stationed, remaining until he is sent overseas—or Alaska—or wherever.

CLARE BOOTHE
Just heard that Fred Allen will be heading for Hollywood this summer. Yep! It's a picture deal that is bringing him out our way—a contract with United Artists in which he will have his own production unit with full say as to story, direction and cast. I'll say to Fred what I said to Jack Benny. Don't play yourself but get a good comedy, for all of our top comics, including Jack, Bob Hope and Edgar Bergen, have done much better when they played fictitious characters.

The particular version of the Homer Lea story the studios are interested in is the one co-authored by Clare Boothe and

'Glamour' Is What They Call It!



MARION MARTIN

former Ziegfeld girl and recognized as 'one of Hollywood's most beautiful blondes, is currently exercising her magnetic charms in a featured role in RKO-Radio's production of "Powder Town," with which, no doubt, she is fully acquainted. The costars of the picture are Victor McLaglen and Edmond O'Brien, whose luck in leading ladies seems to be okay!

HEDDA HOPPER

Fun at Our House!

Hollywood, Calif., March 9. Those Hollywood folks who don't meet Wendell Willkie on his trip through here when he was campaigning took time out to meet him at my house the other day. And it must have been pretty flattering to him to have beauties like Loretta Young, Myrna Loy, Joan Crawford, Norma Shearer, Mrs. Jack Warner, Mrs. Gary Cooper and scads of others hang on his every word. It was pretty flattering to me, because he had an off-the-record speech to make later on at the California Club, and was an hour late getting there.

I'll bet that speech was pithy and to the point. He doesn't waste words, and like our President, has the most ingratiating manner when being introduced. The Mike Cowles, from Des Moines, Iowa, greeted many old friends, and made new ones, including Mrs. Will Rogers, the Sam Woods, George Stevens, Ronnie Colman and Louise Fazenda.

When Louise was leaving I said, "Why don't you come back to the screen?" She said, "My husband won't let me." Then someone said, "The trouble with you, Louise, is that you don't know the right kind of people." At which her husband, Producer Hal Wallis, roared.

As soon as Edie Goetz, Mary Benny, Mrs. Gary Cooper and Marjorie Cummings arrived, they went into a corner huddle about VACS, and the wonderful canteen they've opened at Fort MacArthur, at which they take care of from 1500 to 2000 soldiers a day with food and entertainment, and do all the work themselves, including dishwashing. If those girls aren't careful, they're going to create havoc, because their husbands, while oozing with pride, are beginning to be a little jealous of their organizing ability.

I discovered that Dr. George Gallup, who knows everything, met his wife, Ophelia Miller, for the first time on a blind date. They're from Iowa, too.

District Attorney Bill O'Dwyer, of Brooklyn, told me some astounding things about Murder, Inc. They admitted to 24 murders, but there were many more. He told me of one time they were sent for by a man in a Middle Western State, but a controversy arose as to how they were going to "do in" their victim. The man of the town wanted it done a certain way; they wanted to do it during the rush hour with an ax. And because they couldn't get together on the method their victim is still alive.

Gene Buck, president of ASCAP, postponed his trip to Arizona to help out with a great deal of Irish wit. David Selznick huddled in a corner with Janet Gaynor, which probably means he'll be coming back to the screen soon. David told me he's at last succeeded in getting Robert Donat to come over and play the lead in "Keys of the Kingdom," which is wonderful news.

When Molly, of Fibber McGee and Molly, found out that Pat O'Brien and Jimmy Cagney didn't know the little girl on her air show, she left forth with that baby talk, and brought down the house. And I swear, when she does it, she doesn't look more than twelve!

With the Cecil De Mille, the J. J. Murdock, Charlie Coburn and the Will Hayes, it looked like old home week. But this was one time when the hostess had more fun than the guests.

Now that 16-year-old Dolly Loehr is going to play the second part in Ginger Rogers' new picture, they're searching for a new name for her. I wouldn't be surprised if it was something that ended with MacArthur—he being the hero of the day.

Harold Lloyd makes his first personal appearance in

Broadway Signboard

SPORTS: Tony Canzoneri, the gallant fight champion who recently made his debut as an actor, submitted to a beautifying operation. A plastic surgeon restored Canzoneri's nose and eyelids to their previous state, but prettied them up a bit. . . . Just before the operation began, Tony warned the surgeon, Dr. Luis Sunshine: "Doc, don't make me look like Clark Gable or Tyrone Power. When I walk down Broadway I still want to hear people say, 'There goes Tony, the champ.' So, doc—keep me a little ugly."

TRAVEL DEPT.: One of the Makins appearing in the new movie, "The Invaders," was to have been brought to New York for the premiere. He lives in Hudson Bay and appeared in the Paul Muni film, "Hudson Bay." After much persuasion he agreed to emerge from his home in the northland to take a bow on Broadway. . . . He didn't appear. In Montreal he was detained by a writ served upon him by a creditor.

ART DEPT.: The portrait of Lynn Fontanne, painted by Paul Meltzer, was accepted by the Children's government and now hangs in the National Museum's Palace of Fine Arts. A copy of that portrait hangs in the White House in Washington. The original and copy, however, are not alike. For in pursuance of our good-neighbor policy the artist added an extra touch to the portrait which went to Chile. To supplement Miss Fontanne's Shakespearean costume he painted a large Spanish comb and mantilla.

MOVIES: William Saroyan, working at the Metro studios, saw L. B. Mayer walking nearby and shouted to his new employer: "You gotta do something about my office. It's awful, and I don't see how anybody can work in it." . . . Mr. Mayer made no reply. He didn't want to inform the writer that Mr. Mayer himself had been the most recent occupant of that very office.

WAR DEPT.: A Hollywood producer, eager to be commissioned in the Navy, told George Jessel of his problem. He wanted a commission which would not be of lesser rank than the lieutenant colonelcy held by Darryl Zanuck. . . . "I fixed it for you," Jessel reported. . . . "You mean—I'm going to be a commander, or a captain?" asked the producer. . . . "No, bigger than that," Jessel assured. . . . "No, bigger than that," said Jessel. "You'll have the biggest rank in the Navy. You're going to be a ship."

LOCAL NEWS: Dan Golenpa, producer of "Information Please," won't renew his contract with RKO for the distribution of the movie shorts. He wants to concentrate on the air show and take a vacation from the movie outfit. . . . For the first time in his history the Pulitzer Prize committee may give its award to a radio commentator—to Cecil Brown's story of the sinking of the "Repulse." . . . Otto L. Premering, the producer-director, has been signed by Twentieth Century-Fox as an actor. . . . The War Department will settle the Hillman-Dubinsky fight, and award contracts for uniforms to Dubinsky's ILGWU.

FINANCE DEPT.: Donald Ogden Stewart left for Hollywood to arrange the movie sale of the unproduced comedy, "Hotel Splendide," on which he collaborated with Ludwig Bemelmans. Stewart's plane flight was canceled because of the weather, and he rushed to the train. He wired his wife: "The Twentieth Century waited two minutes for me while I got some money." . . . Mrs. Stewart wired back: "That's nothing. I've been waiting six years."

BOOK DEPT.: While Howard dined at Lum Fong's last night and listened to the proprietor relate stories of Broadway's most eminent hyperbolicists, "I'm one, too," Howard confessed, "and I'm writing a book about it—my autobiography." . . . "How much of it have you written?" Willie was asked. . . . "The first 11 chapters," he replied. "It consists solely of prescriptions."

BUSINESS DEPT.: Recently a New York politician came to Washington and telephoned Harry Hopkins at the White House. He asked for an appointment to see him there. "We have new rules here now," said Hopkins. "If you want to talk politics, the answer is No. If you want to talk war, the answer is Yes."

THEATER DEPT.: Paul Muni was asked whether he'd play the leading role in the movie adaptation of "Watch on the Rhine." He shook his head and insisted that Paul Lukas—who created the role on Broadway—was the best actor for the part. . . . "I have seen many good performances throughout the years," said Muni, "but Lukas' performance in 'Watch on the Rhine' was, by far, the finest of them all." . . . "Have you told that to Lukas?" Muni was asked. . . . "Of course not," he answered. "After all—we're both actors."

15 years when he goes up to Camp Gardner to do a skit with Kay Kyser and his band. Kay's trumpeter, Tommy Jones, is up there, and Kay wants to get him in solid with the boys.

Wally Beery is starting his thirty-second year in motion pictures. Congratulations, Wally!

Spencer Tracy will play Will Rogers in the picture if he can get the consent of his boss. Spencer is everybody's choice, including Mrs. Will Rogers.

AMUSEMENTS
SALVATORE
Castilian Hall, Tomorrow Eve, 8:30 P.M.
First Time in Washington
BACCALONI
World's Greatest Casino-Raffle, Met. Opera, With Supporting Company in Operatic Concert in Costume, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 P.M. (Dress) \$2.50, \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$17.50, \$20.00, \$22.50, \$25.00, \$27.50, \$30.00, \$32.50, \$35.00, \$37.50, \$40.00, \$42.50, \$45.00, \$47.50, \$50.00, \$52.50, \$55.00, \$57.50, \$60.00, \$62.50, \$65.00, \$67.50, \$70.00, \$72.50, \$75.00, \$77.50, \$80.00, \$82.50, \$85.00, \$87.50, \$90.00, \$92.50, \$95.00, \$97.50, \$100.00, \$102.50, \$105.00, \$107.50, \$110.00, \$112.50, \$115.00, \$117.50, \$120.00, \$122.50, \$125.00, \$127.50, \$130.00, \$132.50, \$135.00, \$137.50, \$140.00, \$142.50, \$145.00, \$147.50, \$150.00, \$152.50, \$155.00, \$157.50, \$160.00, \$162.50, \$165.00, \$167.50, \$170.00, \$172.50, \$175.00, \$177.50, \$180.00, \$182.50, \$185.00, \$187.50, \$190.00, \$192.50, \$195.00, \$197.50, \$200.00, \$202.50, \$205.00, \$207.50, \$210.00, \$212.50, \$215.00, \$217.50, \$220.00, \$222.50, \$225.00, \$227.50, \$230.00, \$232.50, \$235.00, \$237.50, \$240.00, \$242.50, \$245.00, \$247.50, \$250.00, \$252.50, \$255.00, \$257.50, 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This Morning

With Shirley Povich

Orlando, Fla., March 9.—Buck Newsom, who is screaming at the salary cut the Tigers have offered him, can sit out the summer at his Hartsville, S. C., eating shoppe and General Manager Jack Zeller won't be at all unhappy. Zeller is happiest when there is distance between him and Newsom, which is one of the reasons he has been trying to peddle big Buck to Washington.

To hear Zeller tell it, Newsom hasn't a chance to get a big shot's salary from the Tigers again. They paid him \$32,000 last season and Buck didn't exactly compensate the Detroit club when he won only 12 games and lost 20. During Buck's holdout siege, which he has been conducting from behind the counter of his Hartsville grill, Zeller has made nasty references to those 20 ball games Newsom lost for the Tigers.

Zeller doesn't like Newsom anyway, and whatever chance there was for a rapprochement vanished completely the other day when Newsom popped off for the press, as is his wont. "Yeah, I lost 20 games, but as a General Manager Zeller lost a hundred ball players," cracked Buck. It was an unkind reference to Zeller's unhappy experience with Judge Landis a couple of years ago when Landis took away from the Detroit club 100 players whom Zeller had signed irregularly.

Zeller makes no bones about his dislike for Newsom. "Mr. Briggs booted him out of his office last summer when he tried to go over my head," declared Zeller today, "and somebody ought to tell Buck he has lost his angel on the Detroit club. There was a time when he could walk into Mr. Briggs' office and get most anything he liked, but Mr. Briggs is slightly tired of Newsom's talk and, anyway, I'm in charge of the salary questions on the club."

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The strange angle to the proposed deal is that the Tigers are also willing to trade Rudy York and Billy Sullivan to Washington in addition to Leonard if the Nats will also give up Mickey Vernon. Now all three Detroit players, York, Newsom and Sullivan, are holdouts, and the question arises as to how the Nats could sign them to contracts if they can't come to terms with Detroit, a team that is notorious for paying high salaries. The Nats, you know, are rarely heavy in the payroll department. The answer would be, of course, that the Tigers would give Washington enough cash in the deal to enable Griffith to straighten out any salary troubles.

With an eye to New York's two million Jewish population, the Yankees are carrying Ed Levy, a first baseman, who has been in their farm system for four seasons. The fellow isn't Jewish at all. In fact, he's as Irish as the Blarney stone, but the Yankee front office likes his name, Levy. Last year, Levy suddenly changed his name to Whitner, his father's name, after being known as Levy since he was an infant, when his divorced mother married a man of that name.

Levy's decision to go by the name of Whitner resulted from his first meeting with his father in New York last summer. Thus when he signed a Yankee contract in President Ed Barrow's office at Yankee Stadium in January, Barrow was nonplussed when he saw him write the signature "Ed Whitner."

"What's the idea?" demanded Barrow. "I thought your name was Levy." "It really isn't Levy," said the ball player, and he explained that Levy was his stepfather's name. "Whitner's my real name," he said.

"Oh, no," said Barrow. "If you're going to play ball with the Yankees, your name's got to be Levy, understand? Man, that name could be worth a fortune to you in New York, if you ever become a good ball player."

Four Yankee Holdouts Sign; Two Still Out

Orlando, Fla., March 9.—The New York Yankees swept four of their holdouts into the fold today in one big swoop, leaving Joe DiMaggio and Red Rolfe still holding out till what may soon be the "bitter" end.

Within a few minutes after the world champions arrived here today for an exhibition game with the Washington Senators, Manager Joe McCarthy emerged from a telephone conference with President Edward G. Barrow, who is in New York, and announced that Red Rolfe, Bill Dickey, Joe Gordon and Charley Keller all had agreed to terms.

The suddenness of this capitulation by the holdouts was interpreted by observers as meaning that the club had made concessions to the players. The Yankees have looked anything but awesome in their exhibition games thus far, and Manager McCarthy is a man who dislikes to be embarrassed by a ridiculous looking ball club, even in the Grapefruit League. Because of this he may have asked his boss to stretch a point and get the regular Yankees in camp.

Looked Bad to Date
The present Yankee line-up has looked so bad that it was even hinted here today that Gordon might take his position at second base without any ado tomorrow, when the champions face the Boston Red Sox at Fenway Park.

This would permit Gerry Frider to move to third base and get in some of the practice he will need there if he must open the season at the hot corner.

Beyond the fact that the Yankees have presented an unsatisfactory appearance in their exhibition games is the certain desire of McCarthy to get his veterans in camp as soon as possible so that they will be in top shape for the regulation campaign.

He said today that Rolfe, Dickey and Keller were leaving their homes immediately for St. Petersburg. Rolfe, the big right-handed ace of the New York staff and winner of 15 games last season, has been working out with the Philadelphia Athletics in California.

Showdown Soon
The signing of this quartet seemed to indicate an early showdown for DiMaggio and Rolfe. Barrow said last week that he had made a final offer of \$40,000 to his star centerfielder, who last season hit in 56 consecutive games and was voted the American League's most valuable player. The Yankee president is expected to arrive in St. Petersburg Thursday and may confer personally with his No. 1 holdout, who has been vacationing at nearby Lido Beach.

Nothing has been heard here about Rolfe and there was a possibility that the Yankees might try to trade him if he does not come to terms soon.

Nats Have 'Everything' in 9-2 Drubbing of Yankees

Rice Sets New World Mark for 2 1/2-Mile Run

Dodds Before and Rice After Their Record Performances



Upper—The four-man field for the Edward Killion Memorial Mile lines up for the start in the C. U. games at Riverside. Left to right—Campbell Kane, off to a bad start; Tom Fields, Gilbert Dodds, the winner, and Tom Lockwood, Duke. Right—Greg Rice receives the Touchdown Club Trophy after winning the 2 1/2-mile run in new world indoor record time. The Rev. Patrick J. McCormick, vice-rector of Catholic University, makes the presentation

Nats Easily Capture First Exhibition

By Shirley Povich

Orlando, Fla., March 9.—The Nats were slightly wonderful today in their first exhibition game of the season. They beat the Yankees, or at least a team wearing Yankee uniforms, 9 to 2, and it was just a breeze. The Nats had power, pitching and a nice time.

Fifteen hundred fans, seeking the sun spots in Tinker Field's rickety stands on this blustery afternoon, saw Steve Sundra, Rookie Ray Scarborough and Walter Masterline hold the pseudo Yankees to four hits. Missing from the Yankee line-up were such nominally important figures as Joe DiMaggio, Red Rolfe and Joe Gordon, who, as the game commenced, weren't signed to 1942 contracts.

Sundra won the day's pitching orders. He worked three innings at the start of the game, faced only ten men, allowed no hits and no runs and retired gracefully. Meanwhile and thereafter the Nats were pounding three Yankee pitchers for 15 blows, many of the very solid variety.

The Yankees started a rookie from Kansas City named Milo Candini, and the Nats teed off on him in the second inning. Result: Four hits, four runs. They were running a 4-2 lead going into the eighth when they put on the crusher with a five-run uprising against Norman Branch, a right-hander up from Newark.

Spence Homers

The Spence was terrific—St. Louis, we mean. The supposedly weak-hitting outfielder the Nats obtained from the Red Sox during the winter, delivered the fanciest hit of the afternoon when he went to bat in the eighth. He cow-tailed one of Branch's fast balls for a tremendous home run over the right centerfield fence that was of near record proportions at Tinker Field.

Spence accounted for 3 of the Nats' 15 hits, as did Second Baseman Jimmy Fofahl, who thumped a triple in the ninth.

Rookie Bob Repass made good in his first appearance in a Washington uniform when he singled to center to open the second inning against Candini. Fofahl followed with a line drive single to left center and pretty soon the Nats came up with four runs in the inning. Second Baseman Jerry Frider followed with a single, and Vernon scored. Campbell with a lengthy triple over Henrich's head.

The business in the eighth began with Spence's home run wallop with one out and none on, and with the Nats leading 9-2.

See NATS, Page 22, Col. 7.

Leonard Signs 1942 Contract With the Nats

By a Staff Correspondent

Orlando, Fla., March 9.—Pitcher "Dutch" Leonard and Washington Club Owner Clark Griffith emerged sheepishly from a two-hour conference tonight and announced they had reached salary terms for 1942.

The agreement followed obstinate negotiations which had continued for two weeks, during which both pitcher and club owner had ridiculed the thought of a compromise. They compromised.

Neither party was willing to divulge the terms of the contract. Leonard signed, saying it was "a private matter." Griffith's last offer was known to be a flat \$13,000 salary. Leonard had been holding out for \$13,000 and a \$2500 bonus based on attendance figures. The supposition is that Leonard was given \$13,000 with a \$1,250 bonus if home attendance at Griffith Stadium in 1942 reached 425,000.

(Nats' Trade Story on Page 23.)

12 Quints Still In Line for Garden Meet

By the Associated Press

New York, March 9.—Eight teams from outside of New York and four local fives are still under consideration to fill the five remaining places in the invitation basketball tournament at Madison Square Garden, March 17-19-23 and 25.

The out-of-town schools are Western Kentucky State, winner of 26 out of 29 games; Creighton and Oklahoma Aggies, co-champions of the Missouri Valley; Indiana Central, which has chalked up 18 straight conference wins; Duke, Southern Conference champs with a record of 20 and 2; Rochester, undefeated in 16 contests; West Virginia and St. Joseph, of Philadelphia.

The New York schools are Long Island University, St. John's, C. C. N. Y. and St. Francis. The last three will wind-up the regular season Wednesday with St. John's meeting St. Francis and City College opposing New York University.

West Texas State, Toledo and Rhode Island State already have accepted invitations.

Mrs. Shahan Makes Hole in One With Brand-New Club

Mrs. Gladys Shahan bought a fast-shooting No. 4 brand-new Pro A1 Houghton at Prince Georges Golf and Country Club yesterday. The first time she swung she made her first hole in one.

The ball trickled into hole No. 5, 135 yards from the ladies' tee. Playing with Mrs. Shahan was Mrs. Douglas Mattison.

Miami Golf Favorites Are Beaten

By the Associated Press

Miami, Fla., March 9.—A couple of players who almost were left out of the invitation list knocked the favorites out of the Miami Biltmore's international four-ball golf tournament today with a startling exhibition of teamwork.

Chandler Harper, of Portsmouth, Va., and Herman Keiser, of Akron, Ohio, both of whom have been rapping at the door but still have to win their first major event, conquered Byron Nelson and Henry Picard—two of the slickest match-play specialists in the business.

The score was 1 up in a match decided on the thirty-sixth hole after Picard got his third birdie in four holes. Keiser watched Picard sink a 12-footer for a four, then stepped up to drop a tricky 2 1/2-footer.

Drops Two Long Putts

Picard's streak started with his team three down and four to go. He dropped a 15-footer for a four on the 553-yard thirty-third and then canned a 12-footer on the thirty-fourth.

Picard, lanky Oklahoma City pro and a former P. G. A. champion, almost made it three straight when his 9-footer for a birdie on the thirty-fifth slid just past the hole.

Harper, who wielded a red hot putter, and Keiser, who always came through just when he was needed, scored 68's on both rounds for a 136-under-par 132. Picard and Nelson had 68-67, 133, with the help of Picard's eagle 2 on the tenth hole, where he sank a 100-yard approach.

Harper and Keiser were among the last players invited and then were given bids because they both have finished in the money in every tournament played this year.

One Favorite

The only favored team left in the running was the 1941 winning combination of Ben Hogan and Gene Sarazen. They scored 3 and 2 over Herman Barron and Tony Penna.

The defenders had 34, 34-68 this morning, against 34, 38-70. Jack Grout, of Pittston, Pa., fired a birdie four on the thirty-sixth and a close decision in 12 rounds tonight over Kid Tunero, of Cuba.

Tunero started and finished strong, but was outboxed in the middle rounds, and lost two rounds for low blows. The decision was unanimous. Williams decided 156; Tunero, 156.

40 Kansas U. Grid Candidates Report

Lawrence, Kans., March 9 (P).—Forty players reported today for the first spring football practice at the University of Kansas. They participated in an hour and a half warm-up session.

Bethesda, W. and L. Meet in Cage Finale

Barons Take 41-39 Overtime Thriller

Little Generals Stop G. U. Prep, 38-28,

It will be Bethesda-Chevy Chase versus Washington-Lee in the championship game of the Metropolitan Scholastic Basketball Tournament tonight, the stellar cross-town rivals having pulled through a pair of thrilling engagements in semifinals last night at Tech.

The Little Generals of W.-L. started things with a 38-28 triumph over Georgetown Prep, after putting the

dampener on a torrid Prep rally in the final stanza. In the finale Bethesda, though out front most of the way, was forced into an overtime to stop St. John's, 41-39.

Setting the championship clash up a day—it was originally set for tomorrow—was thought necessary as an aid to Bethesda's Barons. They will leave Thursday for their third fling at the Duke University Tournament title in Durham, N. C., and thus would have little rest after a game Wednesday.

Phillips Is the Hero

However the Barons fare in tonight's important meeting, listed for Tech again at 8 p. m., they will nevertheless boast their most satisfying triumph of the season after last night. It came over a Johnnie crew that had twice won 3-point decisions earlier in the year.

At the end it was Harry Phillips, a first-line reserve, who stole the hero role. With two minutes of the extra period gone, the lanky center broke into the clear as Bethesda roused the ball down court, grabbed a bounce pass from Tom Kirby and dropped a perfect snowbird.

That effort came after big George Hughes, of the Cadets, had knotted the count in the last five seconds of regulation time, and the Johnnies had overcome a 6-point deficit in the final 3 minutes of play.

To the slender pair of players on the floor Bethesda's Carl Jullien and St. John's "Sleepy" Thompson, See HIGH, Page 22, Column 8.

Williams Sores Over Tunero

Baltimore, March 9 (P).—Holman Williams, Detroit Negro, won a close decision in 12 rounds tonight over Kid Tunero, of Cuba.

Tunero started and finished strong, but was outboxed in the middle rounds, and lost two rounds for low blows. The decision was unanimous. Williams decided 156; Tunero, 156.

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McCluskey Beaten by 100 Yards

Gil Dodds Hangs Up New C. U. Games Mile Run Record; Blozis Breaks Meet Mark

By Jack Munhall

Barrelled-chested Greg Rice last night forged another link in the greatest victory chain in track's history by pounding to a new world's indoor 2 1/2-mile record in the Touchdown Club invitation race, feature of the ninth annual Catholic University Games in Riverside Stadium.

While a near-capacity crowd of 4000 fans cheered him on, Rice finished in 11 minutes 32.8 seconds to clip almost seven full seconds off his own record of 11:39.5 which he established en route to a 3-mile triumph last year.

There were four starters in the race which Rice dominated from start to finish, relinquishing the lead only once. Joe McCluskey, the veteran N. Y. C. A. war horse passed Rice on the twenty-third lap of the 30-lap event, only to be overtaken a few steps later. McCluskey finished second, beaten more than 100 yards. Another 100 yards back came Dave Williams, the Georgetown freshman star, who ran a surprisingly strong race in keeping up with the leaders for 29 laps. The fourth starter, Hank Profenius of Duke, runner-up for the Southern Conference 2-mile title, was lapped three times by Rice and twice by McCluskey.

Rice's last year amazed the track world by setting world marks at 2 miles (8:56.2) and 3 miles (13:52.3) has not lost a race—other than a steeplechase—since Walter Mehl beat him at 2 miles in May of last year. The exact number of races he's won in succession eludes him, he says, but it is more than 40.

Dodds Wins Easily

Overshadowed by Rice's masterful performance which commander a five-minute ovation was an extraordinary 4:15.7 mile turned in by Gil Dodds, the Boston Divinity student who made a shambles of the Edward J. Killion Memorial.

Dodds, who recently cracked Les MacMillen's streak at 19 consecutive mile triumphs, got little competition from Tommy Fields, former University of Maryland star who tried gamely, and Campbell Klader, Big Ten in 880 and mile champion, from University of Indiana, who didn't even seem to try.

By the margin of 50 yards the slight, ash-white Dodds galloped home far ahead of the existing meet and District Indoor record of 4:18.5, hung up last by "Miller of the Year," Walter Mehl.

Fields, who holds the District record of 2:12.1 for the 1000 yards, was making his first competitive start of the season and he did it well. He was admitted, however, that Dodds' opening quarter of 50 seconds flat upset his pre-

See TRACK, Page 22, Col. 6.

Team Standings In Track Meet

Here are the final team standings in the annual Catholic University Indoor Games last night at Riverside Stadium:

Inter-Collegiate Division
Navy, 46; Villanova, 19; Georgetown, 15; Maryland, 11 1/2; Georgetown, 8; Virginia Poly, 7; Richmond, 6; Duke, 3; Temple, 2; Galaudet, 1 1/2.

Scholastic Division
West Catholic, 16; Roosevelt, 11; Eastern, 7.

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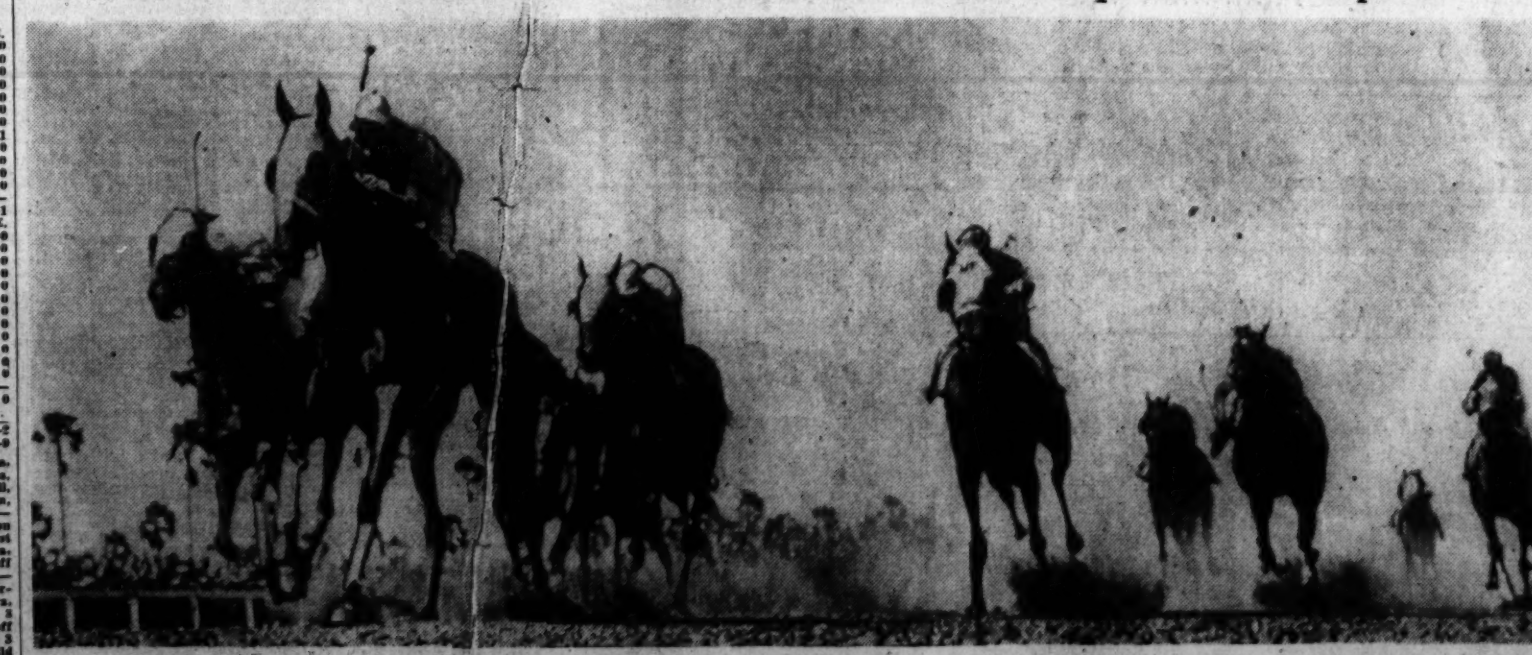
... and these New Spring Slacks to go with the Coats!

New Spring Sport Slacks in gliders, coveralls, gardeners, every one nicely tailored.

(MAIN FLOOR) \$7.50 TO \$15 (Downstairs Store) \$4.99 TO \$7.99

Charge Accounts Invited The Young Men's Shop 1219 F STREET

Saku Is Almost Over Your Head as He Wins Tropical Park Opener



Eight thousand turned out yesterday at Tropical Park, near Miami, opened its spring meeting. Mrs. Vera S. Bragg's Saku won the fifth race. Second was Bomar Stable's Cal Pet (far left) and third came Marshall Field's Mersa Martuh (initials on hood). (Story on next Page.)

Scotch Trap Takes Inaugural Feature at Tropical Park

Peak Entry Wins by Head, Pays \$28.60

Track Officials Face Problem of Too Many Horses for Programs; Purses Are Hiked

By the Associated Press
Miami, Fla., March 9.—The final 29 days of winter racing opened at Tropical Park today, and the big problem was what to do with all the horses.

With California tracks closed because of the war, stables were jammed. Officials worried about how to let as many owners as possible get a share of the limited purse money.

On the eight-race inaugural card, 382 were entered. The racing secretary had to exclude 251 of them, 139 out of one race.

There was no stake race on the opening day card, but the \$1200 Spring Inaugural provided an exciting finish, as G. W. Peak's 6-year-old gelding, Scotch Trap, won by a head at the good odds of \$28.60, \$11.60 and \$7.10 for \$2.

Halcyon Boy Nosed Out
Scotch Trap barely nosed out Halcyon Boy, who paid \$5.40 for \$2 to place, who in turn was half a length ahead of Displayer with show tickets worth \$5.70.

Mr. Alice F. Sherman's Grey Wolf, the favorite, was fourth, five lengths behind the winner.

The program drew a crowd of 8814, a drop of 3110 under the equivalent day of last year. There was evidence that Tropical's spring meeting, like its opening early-winter session, would feel the effects of wartime in both attendance and mutual play.

Nevertheless, the Gables Racing Association offered six stake races for the meeting, several of them with increased added money. The spring stake of greatest importance is the \$10,000 Tropical Handicap on closing day, April 10.

Tropical Entries

By the Associated Press
FIRST RACE—Four furlongs, purse \$1000, special weights, for maiden 2-year-olds.

No.	Horse	Jockey	Wt.	odds
1	Scotch Trap	Thompson	116	28.60
2	Halcyon Boy	Thompson	116	5.40
3	Displayer	Thompson	116	5.70
4	Grey Wolf	Thompson	116	1.10
5	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
6	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
7	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
8	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
9	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
10	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs (chute), purse \$1000, claiming, for 4-year-olds and upward.

No.	Horse	Jockey	Wt.	odds
1	Ballast Reef	Thompson	116	3.50
2	Stimuli	Thompson	116	4.80
3	Well Allright	Thompson	116	4.80
4	Well Allright	Thompson	116	4.80
5	Well Allright	Thompson	116	4.80
6	Well Allright	Thompson	116	4.80
7	Well Allright	Thompson	116	4.80
8	Well Allright	Thompson	116	4.80
9	Well Allright	Thompson	116	4.80
10	Well Allright	Thompson	116	4.80

THIRD RACE—One mile and 70 yards, purse \$1000, claiming, for 3-year-olds.

No.	Horse	Jockey	Wt.	odds
1	Grenadier	Thompson	116	3.50
2	Miss Militant	Thompson	116	4.10
3	Pralseworthy	Thompson	116	4.00
4	Pralseworthy	Thompson	116	4.00
5	Pralseworthy	Thompson	116	4.00
6	Pralseworthy	Thompson	116	4.00
7	Pralseworthy	Thompson	116	4.00
8	Pralseworthy	Thompson	116	4.00
9	Pralseworthy	Thompson	116	4.00
10	Pralseworthy	Thompson	116	4.00

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs (chute), purse \$1000, claiming, for 4-year-olds and upward.

No.	Horse	Jockey	Wt.	odds
1	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
2	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
3	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
4	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
5	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
6	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
7	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
8	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
9	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10
10	Alibi Babe	Thompson	116	1.10

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs (chute), purse \$1000, allowance, for 3-year-olds.

No.	Horse	Jockey	Wt.	odds
1	Saku	Thompson	116	3.50
2	Cal's Pet	Thompson	116	13.70
3	Mersa Matruh	Thompson	116	8.50
4	Mersa Matruh	Thompson	116	8.50
5	Mersa Matruh	Thompson	116	8.50
6	Mersa Matruh	Thompson	116	8.50
7	Mersa Matruh	Thompson	116	8.50
8	Mersa Matruh	Thompson	116	8.50
9	Mersa Matruh	Thompson	116	8.50
10	Mersa Matruh	Thompson	116	8.50

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs (chute), purse \$1200, Spring Inaugural Handicap, for 4-year-olds and upward.

No.	Horse	Jockey	Wt.	odds
1	Scotch Trap	Thompson	116	28.60
2	Halcyon Boy	Thompson	116	5.40
3	Displayer	Thompson	116	5.70
4	Displayer	Thompson	116	5.70
5	Displayer	Thompson	116	5.70
6	Displayer	Thompson	116	5.70
7	Displayer	Thompson	116	5.70
8	Displayer	Thompson	116	5.70
9	Displayer	Thompson	116	5.70
10	Displayer	Thompson	116	5.70

SEVENTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards, purse \$1000, claiming, for 4-year-olds and upward.

No.	Horse	Jockey	Wt.	odds
1	Haut Mond	Thompson	116	13.90
2	Coffeman	Thompson	116	6.50
3	Coffeman	Thompson	116	6.50
4	Coffeman	Thompson	116	6.50
5	Coffeman	Thompson	116	6.50
6	Coffeman	Thompson	116	6.50
7	Coffeman	Thompson	116	6.50
8	Coffeman	Thompson	116	6.50
9	Coffeman	Thompson	116	6.50
10	Coffeman	Thompson	116	6.50

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles, purse \$1000, claiming, for 4-year-olds and upward.

No.	Horse	Jockey	Wt.	odds
1	Catch-Me-Not	Thompson	116	65.90
2	Leonardtown	Thompson	116	29.50
3	Nico	Thompson	116	12.08
4	Nico	Thompson	116	12.08
5	Nico	Thompson	116	12.08
6	Nico	Thompson	116	12.08
7	Nico	Thompson	116	12.08
8	Nico	Thompson	116	12.08
9	Nico	Thompson	116	12.08
10	Nico	Thompson	116	12.08

You Figure Out Who's Being Led



Wide World Photo

Tropical Racing Results

FIRST RACE—Four furlongs. Purses, \$1000; special weights. For maiden 2-year-olds.

La Riche, 116 (Wholey)	6.80	4.50	3.10
Nice Enough, 116 (De Delara)	4.90	3.10	
Betty Lane, 116 (Howell)	3.80		

Second Race—Six furlongs (chute). Purses, \$1000; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward.

Ballast Reef, 116 (Young)	8.30	4.80	3.50
Stimuli, 116 (Durando)	6.90	4.80	
Well Allright, 109 (Campbell)	4.90		

Third Race—One mile and 70 yards. Purses, \$1000; claiming. For 3-year-olds.

Grenadier, 113 (Meade)	5.50	3.60	3.00
Miss Militant, 111 (MacAndrews)	4.10	3.60	
Pralseworthy, 111 (Strickler)	4.00		

Fourth Race—Six furlongs (chute). Purses, \$1000; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward.

Alibi Babe, 109 (Young)	1.10	1.10	1.10
Alibi Babe, 109 (Young)	1.10	1.10	1.10
Alibi Babe, 109 (Young)	1.10	1.10	1.10

Fifth Race—Six furlongs (chute). Purses, \$1000; allowance. For 3-year-olds.

Saku, 116 (Arcaro)	5.30	3.90	3.30
Cal's Pet, 111 (Rogers)	13.70	8.10	
Mersa Matruh, 108 (McCreary)	8.50		

Sixth Race—Six furlongs (chute). Purses, \$1200. Spring Inaugural Handicap. For 4-year-olds and upward.

Scotch Trap, 115 (Haskell)	28.60	11.60	7.10
Halcyon Boy, 112 (McCombs)	5.40	4.00	
Displayer, 115 (Scurlock)	5.70		

Seventh Race—One mile and 70 yards. Purses, \$1000; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward.

Haut Mond, 109 (Brunelle)	13.90	7.20	5.80
Coffeman, 114 (Gilbert)	6.50	4.90	
Curwen, 111 (Wielander)	6.30		

Eighth Race—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purses, \$1000; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward.

Catch-Me-Not, 103 (Mullen)	65.90	29.50	13.70
Leonardtown, 105 (McCreary)	12.08	7.70	
Nico, 111 (Arcaro)	4.30		

Mack's Arrow, French Trap, Buckboard, War Emblem, Breeze, Miss Pittypat, Indian Penny, Alley, Ardour also ran. Time, 1:46.

Les Conklin Picks

TROPICAL PARK
1—Light Chase, Piccadilly, Good Luck.
2—Patrol Flight, La Jacenta, Singing Heels.
3—Layaway, Billy O. Road High.
4—Shortstop, Rock Maker, Down Sit.
5—Miser, Eric Knight, Tower Hall.
6—Wood Robin, More Than Few, K. White.
7—Tin Pan Alley, Kansas, Joe Just.
8—Moose, Doodle, All Even, Best-Moose.
9—Patrol Flight, La Jacenta, Singing Heels.
10—Layaway, Billy O. Road High.
11—Shortstop, Rock Maker, Down Sit.
12—Miser, Eric Knight, Tower Hall.
13—Wood Robin, More Than Few, K. White.
14—Tin Pan Alley, Kansas, Joe Just.
15—Moose, Doodle, All Even, Best-Moose.

OAKLAWN
1—Burton Manor, Flierd, Grand Lad.
2—King Quinn, Dinner Jacket, Canine.
3—Valinda Bishop, Get On, Little Bole.
4—Alleg, With Regards, Bold Chance.
5—Mad Crusader, Ducky Darn, Mean-Lad.
6—Fervor, Venus Justice, Swain.
7—Fervor, Venus Justice, Swain.
8—Fervor, Venus Justice, Swain.
9—Fervor, Venus Justice, Swain.
10—Fervor, Venus Justice, Swain.
11—Fervor, Venus Justice, Swain.
12—Fervor, Venus Justice, Swain.
13—Fervor, Venus Justice, Swain.
14—Fervor, Venus Justice, Swain.
15—Fervor, Venus Justice, Swain.

Post's Consensus at Leading Tracks
(Compiled from the selections of the nation's top handicappers)

Tropical Park (A.P.)

First Race. Second Race. Third Race. Fourth Race. Fifth Race. Sixth Race. Seventh Race. Eighth Race.

Best bet—DUEDE.

Tropical Park (Louisville Times)

Six. Patrol Flight. Time Peace. Signal Tower. Best bet—WOOD ROBIN.

Oaklawn Park (Louisville Times)

Burton Manor. King Cotton. Little Bole. Little Bole. Little Bole. Little Bole. Little Bole. Little Bole.

Best bet—FERNIE.

Bill Bennings

At The Post

Selections at Tropical Park

Dear Al:

In answer to inquiry: The only stake race Walter Haight, the colt, has been nominated for is the Inaugural Handicap at Charles Town. The Kirk family of Silver Spring, Md., is about to send its third jockey to the races. Woodrow and Carson Kirk have been riding for several years and now their 16-year-old kid brother will get a chance, probably at Bowie. Ralph is under contract to E. Roy Root and has been galloping horses for a long time. Jockey Danny Socca, who has been training some 2-year-olds at Timonium, is turning them over to Harry Baker and will move over to Bowie to ride at the meeting. Dunlap, which ran in the Redland Hunt, is the first horse that ever ran in the colors of the Bennings Stables. Eddie Wielander, the 15-year-old youth from Cicero, Ill., close by the Hawthorne and Sportsman's Park tracks, and someone a great rider. This lightweight apprentice was practically unknown a few weeks back but in recent competition he displayed ability sufficient to cause the purchase of his contract by Joseph E. Widener. The first score for Wielander was at Washington Park, in home territory on August 15, 1941, when he booted the pater, Fabens, trained by his contract employer, Roy Selden, to victory in a 6-furlong sprint. Moving to the Far West he displayed steadily increasing skill, winning 49 races out of 297 chances during 1941. Early in the winter he was active at Agua Caliente with fair success, but with his California racing in the spring he was sent to Florida.

The demand for Wielander was slight at first but now he is the most sought after "bug" rider in the country. With Willie Day and Coule heading North, he should have things much his own way in the apprentice division during the weeks directly ahead. Strickler, Rogers, Brunelle and Berger seem the most prominent of the other lads in this classification. There's only 21 days to Bowie and only 66 days to Charles Town. See you on the rail.

Bill Bennings

First race—GOOD LOOKING and EXETER appear ready to battle it out for the championship in this sprint for juveniles. I prefer them in the order named. LIGHT CHASER to take care of the minor money.

Second race—LA JOCONDE gets in light in this sprint and probably will lead the field home. SINGING HEELS is a fair sort and belongs close. PATROL FLIGHT to fill out the money bracket.

Third race—LAYAWAY appears to have found the right spot in this sprint. Needs only a share of the rail to beat out the place and show positions.

Fourth race—ROCK MAKER promises to do a lot of running in this company and I believe this one can take it all. ROCKSTON has good speed and is a dangerous. DRUGGER is an up-set possibility.

Fifth race—ERIC KNIGHT carries 116 pounds but is sharp enough to carry the assignment and turn back this time. LIT UP is in light enough to be a threat. PORTABLE to take care of the others.

Sixth race—HORN found her racing legs to win last out and may come right back with another victory in this field. WOOD ROBIN is fit and ready for the best. NOTES for the minor money.

Seventh race—POMVA may improve with the change of tracks and should save ground from the No. 1 position. KANSAS and RONCAT to account for the other cash places.

Eighth race—DUEDE and OBISBO are right at it in the day's sprint. I believe the top one will take the main money, however. MENTAL GIANT belongs somewhere in the payoff parade.

Best bet—ERIC KNIGHT.

Oaklawn Park

Results

FIRST—Six furlongs (chute), purse \$1000, claiming, for 4-year-olds and upward.

Down Patrol, 106 (Gustin)	5.30	3.70	2.30
Patrol, 115 (Young)	2.30	2.30	
Valinda Bishop, 116 (Westwood)	2.40		

SECOND—Six furlongs (chute), purse \$1000, claiming, for 4-year-olds and upward.

Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	
Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	
Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	

THIRD—Six furlongs (chute), purse \$1000, claiming, for 4-year-olds and upward.

Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	
Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	
Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	

FOURTH—Six furlongs (chute), purse \$1000, claiming, for 4-year-olds and upward.

Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	
Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	
Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	

FIFTH—Six furlongs (chute), purse \$1000, allowance, for 3-year-olds.

Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	
Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	
Shasta Man, 110 (Westwood)	4.90	4.00	

SIXTH—Six furlongs (chute), purse \$1200, Spring Inaugural Handicap, for 4-year-olds and upward.

Scotch Trap, 115 (Haskell)	28.60	11.60	7.10
Halcyon Boy, 112 (McCombs)	5.40	4.00	
Displayer, 115 (Scurlock)	5.70		

SEVENTH—One mile and 70 yards, purse \$1000, claiming, for 4-year-olds and upward.

Haut Mond, 109 (Brunelle)	13.90	7.20	5.80
Coffeman, 114 (Gilbert)	6.50	4.90	
Curwen, 111 (Wielander)	6.30		

EIGHTH—One and one-sixteenth miles, purse \$1000, claiming, for 4-year-olds and upward.

Catch-Me-Not, 103 (Mullen)	65.90	29.50	13.70
Leonardtown, 105 (McCreary)	12.08	7.70	
Nico, 111 (Arcaro)	4.30		

On the Line

With CONSIDINE

New York, March 9.—Grab bag: Most mothers shrink from the thought of having their sons become fighters. But not the mom of James Harry Webb, who gets his chance this Friday night at Madison Square Garden to fight for the light heavyweight championship of the world.

Jimmy Webb's mother commanded him to take up boxing for his health's sake. That was when Jimmy was 14. He was 5 feet 6 at the time, but so lean that his mother thought it might fill out his frame.

He drifted into amateur boxing, around St. Louis, won the Mississippi Valley and mid-Western welterweight championship, and finally turned pro in 1935. But he had no real appetite for the sport, so in 1937, after winning seven out of eight fights as a pro, he quit the game and went to work as a paint sprayer in an auto factory in St. Louis.

The job ran out on him and he hit the road, finally winding up working in the Texas oil fields. But one day he fell into a pit of scalding water and spent six weeks in a hospital, badly burned. He came out finally with his boxing career far behind him and through the good offices of a Texas movie theater man, Robert J. O'Donnell, started to learn the trade of movie operator.

O'Donnell recommended that he try boxing again, at least for the exercise. He did, and the latent fire in him began to burn again. Soon he was in New York once more, fighting under the aegis of Christoffer Dundee.

He started at the Garden, went into a terrible slump, fought his way back, and now he's going to meet tough Johnny Colan for the right to fight for one of the choice titles in a profession in which he still has no overpowering interest. If he becomes champion, he'll be about the first fighter in history to be telling the truth when he burlesquely says into the microphone, "I owe it all to you, Mom. I'll be right home."

That was a good crack of Eddie Arco's, just before being boosted up on the Rymer, before the start of the Widener Handicap. No one, including The Rymer's owner, Mrs. Payne Whitney, thought The Rymer had a chance. Certainly Arco didn't. The only reason he was up on the 4-year-old was that his scheduled mount, Col. Bradley's War Relic, was hurt several days ago and was scratched.

Here's one time I hope the best horse don't win. Eddie cracked as he settled on his little saddle with a grin.

P. S.—The best horse didn't.

Remember the old, old Celtics? There's an interesting piece on this fabulous basketball team in the current issue of "The Holy Name Journal," written by Joe Lapchick, coach of St. John's of Brooklyn, and Sportswriter Arthur Daley.

In these days of big basketball squads, it is arresting to remember, through this article, that the Celtics never carried more than six men, and that they played 123 games a year.

Through their great years, from 1920 until about 1928, they averaged 117 victories and seven defeats a year. They never beat a team badly, either. It was bad business for them. They tried to win by three points, and often did, so that the home-town fans of the beaten team would say, "Well, our boys nearly took 'em. Let's get 'em back for a return game and really lick 'em this time." So the Celtics would come back—and win by three points again.

"Defensive basketball was a fetish with us," Lapchick writes. "If we had a three-point margin with ten minutes to go we always figured we were in. The other club would be lucky to get its hands on the ball."

The Celtics were composed of Nat Holman, Johnny Beckman, Chris Leonard, Dutch Dehnert and Lapchick. Pete Barry was the spare. Barry was the only Celt on the team.

"Anyway," Lapchick says, "our three Germans, Leonard, Beckman, and Dehnert, our Jewish forward, Holman, and our Bohemian, myself, played like Irishmen. We even brought great delight to one man in Chattanooga who insisted on breaking into our dressing room after a game."

"The man was filled with spirits and a spiritual glow."

"Sure, it's great to see a shamrock," he said, as he gazed at the shamrock emblem on our shirts.

The quick-witted Barry helped along the illusion. Holman was introduced as 'O'Shaughnessy'; Dehnert was 'Callahan'; I was 'O'Toole', and so on, right down the line. The Irishman was positively beyond himself with delight.

"And the champions, too," he gushed.

"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."

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"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."

"I guess we were."



OFF ON A BRISK RUN GO CANDIDATES FOR AMERICAN U.'S FIRST SPRING FOOTBALL PRACTICE. COACH STAFF CASSELL WELCOMED NEARLY 20 ASPIRANTS YESTERDAY

Griffith Spurns Offer for Leonard, Vernon

Rudy York, Newsom and Sullivan Bait

Washington Owner's Interest in Detroit Proposition, However Kindles Rivals' Hope

By a Staff Correspondent

Orlando, Fla., March 9.—A five-player deal broached by the Detroit Tigers today ran smack into the cold shoulder of President Clark Griffith of the Nats.

General Manager Jack Zeller of the Tigers spent the lunch hour with Griffith and suggested the following deal:

Pitcher Dutch Leonard and First Baseman Mickey Vernon to go to the Tigers in exchange for Pitcher Buck Newsom, First Baseman Rudy York and Catcher Bill Sullivan.

Zeller, at the conclusion of his talk with Griffith, expressed his hope that the deal would be made, but later in the day the Nats' owner shrugged it off.

"I ain't a-going to trade Leonard and Vernon for anything like they offered me," said Griffith. "They want my two best ball players for three fellows I don't have any use for."

Griffith shows keen interest.

Zeller's optimism, however, may not be entirely unfounded. He talked as if Griffith was giving the deal favorable consideration, and one report had it that the Tigers had offered to throw an undivided amount of cash into the trade.

Griffith declared that he would consider no trade as long as Leonard and Vernon were in the deal, but the big pitcher meanwhile drifted into the Nats' camp this afternoon and after dinner talk with the Nats' owner, signed his 1942 contract. Terms of the agreement were not divulged by either.

All three of the Detroit players involved in the proposed deal, Newsom, York and Sullivan, are holdovers. York is training with the Tigers, although unsigned. Newsom threatens to remain at his Hartsville (S. C.) home where he operates a restaurant, and Sullivan is hinting that his construction business at Sarasota may keep him out of baseball.

Originally, Zeller had attempted to deal only for Leonard, but with a brilliant stroke he brought Vernon's name into the transaction. With Griffith declaring that there was no place on the Washington team for York, inasmuch as he was satisfied with Vernon as his first baseman, Zeller is trying to create a need for York on the Washington club by including Vernon in the deal. Tiger cash would swing it, he believed.

Tigers willing to gamble.

"Vernon has an uncertain draft status, anyway," said Zeller. "and the Detroit club is willing to take the chance that he might go into the Army."

"The Washington club will also take the chance of Vernon going into the Army," said Griffith. "He's a major league player. A rat and I don't see how they can take him."

Zeller tried to sell Griffith on the deal by pointing out that Newsom's record compared favorably with Leonard's during the past three years.

"Whatever you say about Newsom, you've got to admit he's got a lot of color," said Zeller. "He'll help the Washington club at the gate."

Griffith, however, has minimized Newsom's value throughout his holdout siege with the Tigers. "He's probably hog fat by this time," he said. "The best thing he does is an in and out anyway, and I'd have to get him cheap if I took him."

Griffith laughs off Sullivan.

Zeller pointed out to Griffith also that Sullivan would be a likely third base candidate with the Nats, but Griffith laughed that down. "I've seen Sullivan try to play third base," he said. "The best thing he does is catch and in Jake Early we've got a better catcher than Sullivan."

The Tigers, in attempting to make the deal, are playing on the Washington ball club's lack of power. Zeller pointed out to the Nats, but Griffith countered with the angle that Vernon was a .299 hitter for the Nats last season and is at present the No. 1 batter on the Washington club.

Zeller departed for the Tigers' camp at Lakeland this afternoon. He is expected to renew trade dealings with Griffith after Dutch Leonard is signed to a Washington contract.

Junior Legion Nine To Be Feted Tonight

Costello Post, No. 15, American Legion, will fete its Junior American Legion diamonders tonight at 8 p. m. at the clubhouse, 2437 Fifteenth Street Northwest.

Turk Edwards, assistant coach of the Redskins, and Bill Young, veteran line man, will be honored guests at the annual dinner.

The Costello Post nine was the first District team to get to the finals of the North Carolina regional playoffs.

Punters Help Launch A. U. Spring Grid Drills



Mac Potter, Fred Sharrah and Bob Lanzillotti (left to right) get away spiraling kicks as a score of candidates launch spring football practice at American University—the first in its history

Navy All-Star Six Will Face Penn Staters

Navy Department All-Stars, credited with a rousing stand against undefeated Georgetown University's hockey team recently, tonight is to play host to Penn State's ice men at Riverside Stadium, 8:30 o'clock.

Penn State and Georgetown attracted 4000 persons, the largest turnout ever recorded for a hockey game at Riverside, in a previous meeting which resulted in a hard-fought decision for Georgetown.

Both the Navy Stars and Nittany Lions will be represented by outstanding players, and will be at full strength.

This marks the final 1942 appearance here of popular Penn State, which has established itself as far and away the best collegiate oxc-off attraction ever to appear on local ice.

Ceryance Named Most Valuable In Hockey League

By the Associated Press

Atlantic City, N. J., March 9.—Frank Ceryance, 26, of Evelett, Minn., goal tender for the Johnstown (Pa.) Blue Birds, was today officially declared the most valuable player in the Eastern Amateur Hockey League.

Ceryance allowed only 200 goals to be scored against him this season, and caused three shutouts.

League officials named Tommy Burlington, 21, of Owen Sound, Ont., center for the Atlantic City Sea Gulls, the outstanding rookie of the season. He scored 124 points—63 goals and 61 assists—in 57 games.

By the Associated Press

Chicago, March 9.—Towering in stature and prowess—that's a nutshell description of the Western Conference All-Star basketball team, selected annually by the coaches for the Associated Press.

It's a big team, averaging 6 feet 3 inches in height. Milton Kuhl, Iowa center and the pivot choice on the honorary five, is the tallest at 6 feet 6 inches. Forrest (Frosty) Sprowl, of Purdue, a forward, is the midge of the crowd at 6 feet even.

Between those levels were the other first team choices—Forward John Kotz, of Wisconsin, and a pair of "Kandy Andy's" in the guard positions, Andy Zimmer, of Indiana, and Andy Phillip, of Illinois.

The average weight of the coaches' team is 187 pounds.

Five conference schools are represented. Two seniors, a mid-semester senior, a junior and a sophomore were selected. Phillip, the sophomore, was the only unanimous first-team choice.

Kotz, who set a new league scoring record with 242 points and now only a junior, was the only repeater from last year's all-star. If Kotz should have a good season in 1942-1943, he might take his place as one of the select few who have been represented on three honorary teams. Sprowl was awarded an honorable mention in 1941.

Vic Wukovits, the Illinois senior, who steadied his sophomore team-mates as the Illini won the conference championship, was placed at guard on the second team, although center is his normal position.

The Costello Post nine was the first District team to get to the finals of the North Carolina regional playoffs.

Big Jim Mandler, of Michigan, who received four first-team votes

D. C. Boxing Group Ranks Local Talent

The District Boxing Commission issued the first of a monthly list of rankings on local boxers yesterday which it hopes will develop local boxing talent and stimulate interest in the game.

Seven weight classes are represented headed by Jabbo Kenner, ranked No. 1 in the heavyweight division. The only other name in that class is Jimmy DeChard, former Golden Glove champion.

Jackie Cranford, another Gloves product, tops the lightweights with Ken Overlin, former titleholder, heading the middleweight class. Other No. 1 boxers are Frankie Williams (welterweight); Oscar Wright (lightweight); Carroll Alexander (featherweight); and Norman Fleming, who has the bantamweight class sewed up. He's the only fighter listed.

Conspicuous by its absence is the name of Phil Furr in the welterweight division. It was only three months ago he gave Fritz Zivic a battle before losing by a shade.

Also missing, although he is making his home in Washington, is Claudio Villar, the good-looking Spanish heavyweight who battled Bob Pastor a few months ago in one of the best heavyweight scraps ever witnessed here.

The ranking of Billy Banks behind Oscar Wright in the light-weight class apparently calls for a match to determine the best fighter. Banks has indicated he's willing. How about Wright?

Power Squadron Members to Meet

The Potomac River branch of the U. S. Power Squadron will meet tonight at the Corinthian Yacht Club at 8. More than 250 members and guests are expected.

Georgia Tainter, Dot Kirby Head Florida Golf Field

By the United Press

St. Augustine, Fla., March 9.—Two of the younger stars of women's golf—Georgia Tainter and Dorothy Kirby—were installed today as favorites to fight it out in the finals of the Florida East Coast women's golf championship, which starts tomorrow.

Miss Tainter, from Fargo, N. Dak., is defending champion in the tournament while Kirby, from Atlanta, Ga., is making her debut in this tournament's competition.

The North Dakota girl has been playing fine golf in Florida this winter, taking U. S. Palm Beach tournament and the Miami-Biltmore championship. She was also medalist in the South Atlantic championship at Omond Beach.

Other favorites for the East Coast championship are Miss Louise Suggs, Lethia Springs, Ga.; Nancy McClave Maplewood, N. J.; Mrs. Maurice Glick, Baltimore, Md.; and Mrs. F. W. Zimmerman, Sheboygan Falls, Wis.

First Team

F. Sprowl... Forward... Wisconsin
John Kotz... Forward... Wisconsin
Milton Kuhl... Center... Iowa
A. Phillip... Guard... Illinois
A. Zimmer... Guard... Indiana

Second Team

Don Smith, Minnesota, and Otto Graham, Northwestern, forwards; Jim Mandler, Michigan, center; Vic Wukovits, Illinois, and Vic Siegel, Iowa, guards.

Honorable Mention

Forward: Ken Menke, Illinois; Warren Ajax, Minnesota; Jim Chapman, Iowa; Jack Smiley, Illinois.
Guards: Don Blanken, Purdue; Gene Vance, Illinois; Max Crawford, Ohio State; Russ W. Crawford, Northwestern; Cecil Polk, Purdue; Fred Rehm, Wisconsin.

Bill Buckner, Brown, Win Pin Honors

The Georgia Avenue Bowling League at Silver Spring was led last night by Toby Brown, Valdenar Landspers, and Bill Buckner.

Carlton-Lambert, who had a record of 147 and 371 with the former's score aiding his team to honors after a 624 game and 1735 set, the boys also winning three from E. C. Keys. Cor's Spay's whitewashed Coffman Realty and Takoma Engineers did likewise with Steve's Barbers.

NAVY

The pinmen of the Navy Department League at Arcadia found that Mike Vitale and Jim Falck, teammates on the Navigation team, were high men for the night with respective totals of 155 and 337, which piloted their mates to team highs after a 641 game and 1790 set.

ODD FELLOWS

A 147 single game by Golden Ruler Art Custer was best in the Odd Fellows meet at Brookland and helped his team win three from Metropolis with highs of 631-1717.

Walt Humphrey, Columbia No. 2, came close with 146 and won some of the honors with his 389 top set although Wally Donaldson and Perce Elliott came close with respective totals of 381 and 379. Amity No. 1 leads the league by a four-game margin.

NAVY YARD

A Bennett's 156 for Optical No. 1 and a 386 set by C. Bucco, Planning Division, topped the Navy Yard boys at Fort Davis with Miscellaneous and West No. 2 sharing the team highs after pinfalls of 611 and 1726, respectively. Abe Beavers, with 300 set, took high league average honors away from Hugh Crawley.

Mrs. Vare's 85 Ties For Belleair Medal

Belleair, Fla., March 9 (AP).—Mrs. Glenna Collett Vare, of Merion, Pa., and Mrs. Dorothy Campbell Howe, of Belleair, were medalists today in the annual Belleair Women's Tourney with cards of 85.

Mrs. Robert E. Barbour, Paterson, N. J., the former Bernice Wall, Western Open champion, was only a stroke behind with an 88.

Mrs. Betty Hicks Newell, Pasadena, Calif., now a pro, won the championship last year.

The championship flight pairings tomorrow include Mrs. Vare vs. Mrs. Alex Dick, Clearwater; Miss Dorothy Low, Belleair, vs. Mrs. Robert F. Reid, Lakewood, Ohio; Mrs. Walter Walker, Clearwater, vs. Mrs. J. Kenneth Elsmann, Gladwyn, Pa.

Globe Trotters Enter Pro Cage Semifinals

Chicago, March 9 (AP).—The Harlem Globe Trotters tonight joined the defending champion Detroit Eagles in the semifinals of the world's professional basketball tournament.

The Trotters defeated the Sheboygan (Wis.) Redskins, 37 to 32, in tonight's contest. Rosie Hudson scored 12 points for the winners and Paul Sokody got 9 for the losers.

Indians' Five Runs in Ninth Beat Cards

By the Associated Press

St. Petersburg, Fla., March 9.—After two were out in the ninth today, Cleveland scored five runs to defeat the St. Louis Cardinals in an exhibition game, 5 to 3.

Rookie Red Edwards, outfielder up from Cedar Rapids of the Three-I League, doubled in the tying and winning runs in that big inning.

Went to third on an error and then scored an extra run for the Indians as Fabian Gaffke singled. His fifth-inning triple, driving two runs home tied up the score after St. Louis had taken an early lead.

Bud Blattner and Erv Dusak hit home runs for the Cards.

Cleveland (A)... 000 020 005—5 11 4
St. Louis (N)... 001 101 200—3 10 1

A. Smith, Gromek (4), Kennedy (7), and DeSautels, Hegas (7); Surkont, Beasley (4), Lohman (7), Hutchison (9), and W. Cooper, O'Dea (9).

Castiglia Stars

Anaheim, Calif., March 9 (AP).—The Philadelphia Athletics dropped their fourth straight exhibition baseball game today, falling 6 to 3 before Los Angeles of the Pacific Coast League.

An impostor in the A's line-up, Jim Castiglia, former Georgetown football star who was hired as batting practice catcher, got a triple and a single and scored two of the American League's runs.

Los Angeles... 025 101 000—4 13 3
Philadelphia... 000 000 102—3 10 5

Davis, Hennessey (4), Mallory (7) and Hottel, Campbell; Abernathy, Fowler (8) and Castiglia.

7 Brownies Out

Deland, Fla., March 9 (AP).—Regular Third Baseman Harland Clift Rookie Outfielder Glenn McQuillen were the latest players to report to the St. Louis Browns' training camp today.

Seven players remained unsigned—Rich Farrell, George McGuinn, George Caster, Jack Kramer, Roy Cullenbine, Johnny Lucadello and Don Heffner.

Sanford, Fla., March 9 (AP).—Shortstop Eddie Miller had until midnight tonight to sign his 1942 contract before becoming the official and only holdout of the Boston Braves.

Where's Ted?

Saratoga, Fla., March 9 (AP).—The Boston Red Sox were back at their home base today awaiting the arrival of Ted Williams and resumption of their campaign against the New York Yankees tomorrow.

It was feared infielder Jim Tabor may have chipped his ankle and an X-ray was taken of it today.

Phillies Great

Miami Beach, Fla., March 9 (AP).—Manager Hans Lobert and President Gerry Nugent, of the Philadelphia Phils, were jubilant today over the showings of the team in practice sessions. Both Lobert and Nugent said the squad looked good in the first intracamp game which ended in a 3-3 tie yesterday. Lobert said the second-base position was still wide open, with five players battling for the permanent job, and that he is having a hard time choosing one of three candidates for the right-field post.

Hard-Luck Lee Handley's Career Again Threatened

By the Associated Press

San Bernardino, Calif., March 9.—An injured right shou... suffered in an automobile smashup last December, is threatening the major league career of Lee (Jeep) Handley.

The scrappy third baseman found he was unable to throw a ball across the diamond and was sent to Los Angeles for a thorough examination to determine whether the trouble can be cured.

Manager Frankie Frisch had worried about Handley's condition since the accident. It was one of the reasons he shifted Bob Elliott from the outfield to third base, recognizing he must fill that gap, as well as the one left vacant at shortstop when Arky Vaughan was traded to Brooklyn.

For the popular "Jeep" it was another of a series of hard luck breaks. He was paid \$20,000 in 1937 for signing a Pittsburgh contract, after having been declared a free agent by High Commissioner K. M. Landis and looked like one of the best prospects in years.

In 1937 he hurt his leg. Then, after a brilliant season in 1938, he was almost fatally beamed by Pitcher Johnny Allen, of Cleveland, in an exhibition game in New Orleans. He lost almost 30 pounds and before the campaign ended, caught the whooping cough.

In 1940 he regained his weight, had the league in stolen bases and batted .285. But last year he had to go home early after Pitcher Johnny Gee spiked his foot while both were chasing a foul.

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DON'T LET THIS HAPPEN TO YOUR TIRES AND WHEELS!

Reprinted from Times-Herald February 19th

Thieves Take Tires, Wheels

Rubber thiefs made another haul last night and the victim was John Lipton, 1206 block N. St. NW. Lipton told police the thieves took up his car, parked in the 1200 block Twenty-fifth St. NW, and stole two wheels and two tires.

Rich, 30, of first block N. St. NW, was robbed of \$100 the first block N. St. NW, was robbed of \$100 the first block N. St. NW, was robbed of \$100 the first block N. St. NW, was robbed of \$100 the first block N. St. NW,

Applications for Marriage Licenses

100	Net	Samuel Brodsky, 23, 1108 Jefferson Street, Westchester, N.Y. 10804.	HARKIN, Robert husband of Mary M. Harkins, father of George Harkins, 140 W. 11th St., New York, N.Y. 10011. Remains retained at his residence, 804 16th st. n.w. Services 88, Constantine and Helen Church, Westchester, N.Y. 11, at 2 p.m.
100	Chas	Brookshire, 23, 1501 S. 3rd St., Birmingham, Ala. 35203.	Services at friends' residence, Intervale Glenwood Cemetery, Intervale, N.H.
100		George Elsworth Doodria, 23, 1528 D Street Northwest, and Milda Anna Doodria, 401, 15th St. Northwest, Washington, D.C. 20004.	Services 88, Constantine and Helen Church, Westchester, N.Y. 11, at 2 p.m.
100		Dr. Frederick Harris.	Services 88, Constantine and Helen Church, Westchester, N.Y. 11, at 2 p.m.
100		Edward Adam Glyndy, 26, Camden, N.J. 3 and Emma Nevada, 26, same city.	Services 88, Constantine and Helen Church, Westchester, N.Y. 11, at 2 p.m.
100			HARTMAN, HAROLD ELSWORTH, 1940

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 100 Franklin Street
 Jay Weinstein, is same city. The Rev.
 J. A. Metts
 Jules Alfred Yurashuk, 26, Farrington,
 Cambridge, Mass.
 Flora, L. The Rev. B. B. James
 William W. Williams, 100 Woodmont
 Place Northwest, and Mary Jane O'Donnell,
 1815 Madison Avenue Northwest, The Rev.
 J. H. Denham
 Aileen Hall, Jr., is 3711
 Avenue North West, near Elizabeth
 Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C.
 Location at

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girl.
C. Kayworth, Florence Hoffman, Kate
C. Thorne, and Mary Ann. The
Case. Services at his late resi-
dence, 1001 N. 10th St., will be
Wednesday, March 1, at 8:30 a.
m. by Rev. Martin J. O'Connell,
North Capitol st. where mass will
be said at 9 a. m. Burial will
be at St. Ann's, Arlington. Monday
CATHOLIC ELDERSIDE, on Wednes-
day, March 9, 1945, at his residence, near
Merriell, died Mrs. Mary Ann
CATCH, beloved husband of Emma Ca-
tch, who was born in Ireland and
has three daughters and three sons.
Remains resting at Pease & Sons
funeral home, East Pauls Church,
St. Paul, Minn.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

On Sunday, March 10, at 10 a. m., the funeral home of J. C. Brownlee and Son, 1500 12th St. S. E., will hold a funeral home. Burial will be in the Central National Cemetery, March 10, at 10 a. m.

Interment: Kanawha, Iowa.

FORBES WILLIAM G. On Monday, March 9, 1942, WILLIAM G. FORBES, husband of Augusta McConney Forbes, of Silver Spring, Md., brother of Dr. J. Howell Forbes, Mr. Forster reside at the Parkside Funeral Home, 8134 Georgia ave., Silver Spring, Md., Tuesday, March 10, at 4 p. m. Interment private.

POPE, JAMES EARNEST. On Tuesday, March 9, 1942, at his home, near village Md., JAMES EARNEST POPE, beloved husband of Hazel M. Pope, reside at the Western Springs funeral home, 8434 Co. Ave., Chicago, Ill., will have a funeral home be held on Wednesday, March 11, at 11 a. m. Interment private.

Continued on Following Page

SITUATIONS MEN 22

(Continued from Preceding Column)

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SITUATIONS, DOMESTIC 24

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GIRL (colored) wants day's work at home. No car. References. Phone 3672.

GIRL (colored) wishes day's work of Monday through Saturday; excellent; cleaner; light laundry. Mr. 8112.

GIRL (colored) wishes part-time work; wants work any kind. R.R. 3055.

GIRL (colored) wishes part-time work in cleaning, cleaning or light laundry. ROBERT 5419.

GIRL colored, wants morning part-time work or cleaning up; expert cleaner. Good pay. DU 5117.

GIRL (colored) wants part-time work. Michigan 7635.

PART-TIME cleaning. Can furnish references. ROBERT 1092.

ARLINGTON preferred: employer leaving city, recommends excellent maid, fine home, car, furniture, laundry, fire, etc. Minimum wage, \$11 per week. Ofcbe 2093.

COLORADO GIRL wants day work or morning part-time work. RO 3707.

COLORADO GIRL pantry help or waitress or theater cleaning. MO. 7357.

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ON diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, etc. No car, addresses from Lowest interest rate. ROSSBY LOAN CO. ROSSBY VA.

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| \$100—Pay \$6 | \$250—Pay \$14 |
| \$150—Pay \$9 | \$320—Pay \$18 |
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| \$1300—Pay \$78 | \$1930—Pay \$110 |
| \$1350—Pay \$81 | \$2000—Pay \$114 |
| \$1400—Pay \$84 | \$2070—Pay \$118 |
| \$1450—Pay \$87 | \$2140—Pay \$122 |
| \$1500—Pay \$90 | \$2210—Pay \$126 |
| \$1550—Pay \$93 | \$2280—Pay \$130 |
| \$1600—Pay \$96 | \$2350—Pay \$134 |
| \$1650—Pay \$99 | \$2420—Pay \$138 |
| \$1700—Pay \$102 | \$2490—Pay \$142 |
| \$1750—Pay \$105 | \$2560—Pay \$146 |
| \$1800—Pay \$108 | \$2630—Pay \$150 |
| \$1850—Pay \$111 | \$2700—Pay \$154 |
| \$1900—Pay \$114 | \$2770—Pay \$158 |
| \$1950—Pay \$117 | \$2840—Pay \$162 |
| \$2000—Pay \$120 | \$2910—Pay \$166 |
| \$2050—Pay \$123 | \$2980—Pay \$170 |
| \$2100—Pay \$126 | \$3050—Pay \$174 |
| \$2150—Pay \$129 | \$3120—Pay \$178 |
| \$2200—Pay \$132 | \$3190—Pay \$182 |
| \$2250—Pay \$135 | \$3260—Pay \$186 |
| \$2300—Pay \$138 | \$3330—Pay \$190 |
| \$2350—Pay \$141 | \$3400—Pay \$194 |
| \$2400—Pay \$144 | \$3470—Pay \$198 |
| \$2450—Pay \$147 | \$3540—Pay \$202 |
| \$2500—Pay \$150 | \$3610—Pay \$206 |
| \$2550—Pay \$153 | \$3680—Pay \$210 |
| \$2600—Pay \$156 | \$3750—Pay \$214 |
| \$2650—Pay \$159 | \$3820—Pay \$218 |
| \$2700—Pay \$162 | \$3890—Pay \$222 |
| \$2750—Pay \$165 | \$3960—Pay \$226 |
| \$2800—Pay \$168 | \$4030—Pay \$230 |
| \$2850—Pay \$171 | \$4100—Pay \$234 |
| \$2900—Pay \$174 | \$4170—Pay \$238 |
| \$2950—Pay \$177 | \$4240—Pay \$242 |
| \$3000—Pay \$180 | \$4310—Pay \$246 |
| \$3050—Pay \$183 | \$4380—Pay \$250 |
| \$3100—Pay \$186 | \$4450—Pay \$254 |
| \$3150—Pay \$189 | \$4520—Pay \$258 |
| \$3200—Pay \$192 | \$4590—Pay \$262 |
| \$3250—Pay \$195 | \$4660—Pay \$266 |
| \$3300—Pay \$198 | \$4730—Pay \$270 |
| \$3350—Pay \$201 | \$4800—Pay \$274 |
| \$3400—Pay \$204 | \$4870—Pay \$278 |
| \$3450—Pay \$207 | \$4940—Pay \$282 |
| \$3500—Pay \$210 | \$5010—Pay \$286 |
| \$3550—Pay \$213 | \$5080—Pay \$290 |
| \$3600—Pay \$216 | \$5150—Pay \$294 |
| \$3650—Pay \$219 | \$5220—Pay \$298 |
| \$3700—Pay \$222 | \$5290—Pay \$302 |
| \$3750—Pay \$225 | \$5360—Pay \$306 |
| \$3800—Pay \$228 | \$5430—Pay \$310 |
| \$3850—Pay \$231 | \$5500—Pay \$314 |
| \$3900—Pay \$234 | \$5570—Pay \$318 |
| \$3950—Pay \$237 | \$5640—Pay \$322 |
| \$4000—Pay \$240 | \$5710—Pay \$326 |
| \$4050—Pay \$243 | \$5780—Pay \$330 |
| \$4100—Pay \$246 | \$5850—Pay \$334 |
| \$4150—Pay \$249 | \$5920—Pay \$338 |
| \$4200—Pay \$252 | \$5990—Pay \$342 |
| \$4250—Pay \$255 | \$6060—Pay \$346 |
| \$4300—Pay \$258 | \$6130—Pay \$350 |
| \$4350—Pay \$261 | \$6200—Pay \$354 |
| \$4400—Pay \$264 | \$6270—Pay \$358 |
| \$4450—Pay \$267 | \$6340—Pay \$362 |
| \$4500—Pay \$270 | \$6410—Pay \$366 |
| \$4550—Pay \$273 | \$6480—Pay \$370 |
| \$4600—Pay \$276 | \$6550—Pay \$374 |
| \$4650—Pay \$279 | \$6620—Pay \$378 |
| \$4700—Pay \$282 | \$6690—Pay \$382 |
| \$4750—Pay \$285 | \$6760—Pay \$386 |
| \$4800—Pay \$288 | \$6830—Pay \$390 |
| \$4850—Pay \$291 | \$6900—Pay \$394 |
| \$4900—Pay \$294 | \$6970—Pay \$398 |
| \$4950—Pay \$297 | \$7040—Pay \$402 |
| \$5000—Pay \$300 | \$7110—Pay \$406 |
| \$5050—Pay \$303 | \$7180—Pay \$410 |
| \$5100—Pay \$306 | \$7250—Pay \$414 |
| \$5150—Pay \$309 | \$7320—Pay \$418 |
| \$5200—Pay \$312 | \$7390—Pay \$422 |
| \$5250—Pay \$315 | \$7460—Pay \$426 |
| \$5300—Pay \$318 | \$7530—Pay \$430 |
| \$5350—Pay \$321 | \$7600—Pay \$434 |
| \$540 | |

\$140—Pay \$8 \$500—Pay \$17
AND INTEREST

PHONE OR SEE US TODAY
2 CONVENIENT LOCATIONS

CONSUMERS
LOAN SERVICE, Inc.

8513 Georgia Ave. 8513 Georgia Ave.
31327 Rhodes Island Ave. 31327 Rhodes Island Ave.

TAXES

Here is an unusual opportunity to benefit from an Income Tax Financing Plan which: (1) Pays your tax when due. (2) Is com-

pletely private and will be well within your ability to repay.

a convenient monthly basis.
 We have established a special
 Tax Financing Department to
 serve you. It is strictly private
 and economical as well. The
 financing cost shown below in-
 cludes EVERYTHING—NOTHING
 IS ADDED AND NOTHING
 IS DEDUCTED IN ADVANCE

| If Your Total
Tax Is: | The Total Financing
Cost Will Be: |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| \$ 50..... | \$ 3.52 |
| 100..... | 7.04 |
| 200..... | 13.80 |
| 300..... | 20.56 |
| 400..... | 27.32 |
| 600..... | 42.00 |
| 800..... | 56.08 |
| 1000..... | 70.08 |
| 1200..... | 84.00 |

* Other amounts in proportion.

You don't need any co-maker
 or bankable security to use this

Telephone us now or come to

for a private discussion. Or, if you prefer, we will be glad to send a representative to explain the plan to you at your convenience.

PUBLIC SMALL LOAN CO.
3028 North Moore St., Rossmore, Va.
TELEPHONE CHESTNUT 2444

**PEOPLES
PERSONAL BANKERS**
3310 R. I. Ave., Mt. Rainier, Md.
TELEPHONE DECATUR 1241

Plenty of free parking. Freehold

last bus and street car service.

REAL ESTATE LOANS 29

MONEY ON BROODING STOCK
We will loan money on brood stock of all breeds. National Mortgage & Investment Co., 1115 W. Washington St., N.W., D.C. 20004.

CONSTRUCTION LOANS
We have money to loan for the construction of new homes. National Mortgage & Investment Co., 1115 W. Washington St., N.W., D.C. 20004.

TERM LOANS
We have money to loan for the purchase of new homes. National Mortgage & Investment Co., 1115 W. Washington St., N.W., D.C. 20004.

RENTAL LOANS
We have money to loan for the purchase of new homes. National Mortgage & Investment Co., 1115 W. Washington St., N.W., D.C. 20004.

BUSINESS OPPS. 33

ARMY TAILOR SHOP—Business guaranteed. Real opportunity. Owner, Col. 1915.

BOARDING OR ROOMING HOUSE—Plenty of buyers. EDWIN L. LEE, 1010 Vermont ave., Room 217. RE. 4110.

BOARDING AND ROOMING HOUSE—Plenty of buyers. EDWIN L. LEE, 1010 Vermont ave., Room 217. RE. 4110.

JOHN L. LEE, 1010 Vermont ave., Room 217. RE. 4110.

KITCHEN CONCESSION

ROOMS

WANTED

for male students

ROOMS, FURNISHED 37

ROOMS, SUBURBAN 41

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 45

ROOMS, FURNISHED 49

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 53

ROOMS, FURNISHED 57

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 61

ROOMS, FURNISHED 65

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 69

ROOMS, FURNISHED 73

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 77

ROOMS, FURNISHED 81

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 85

ROOMS, FURNISHED 89

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 93

ROOMS, FURNISHED 97

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 101

ROOMS, FURNISHED 105

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 109

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ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 213

ROOMS, FURNISHED 217

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 221

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ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 381

ROOMS, FURNISHED 385

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 389

ROOMS, FURNISHED 393

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 397

ROOMS, SUBURBAN 41

TAKOMA PARK—Very comfortable room on first floor, central heat, central air conditioning. 1215 W. Washington St., N.W., D.C. 20004.

NEARBY MD.—Unusually large studio room for 2 adults or employed couple; near D.C. bus. 1215 W. Washington St., N.W., D.C. 20004.

COMMUNICATING—Two rms., bath, and living rm. with large fireplace. 1215 W. Washington St., N.W., D.C. 20004.

ROOMS WANTED 42

ROOMS WITH BOARD 43

ROOMS, FURNISHED 45

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 49

ROOMS, FURNISHED 53

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 57

ROOMS, FURNISHED 61

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 65

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ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 73

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ROOMS, FURNISHED 397

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 401

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ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 449

ROOMS, FURNISHED 453

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 457

ROOMS, FURNISHED 461

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED 465

Out-of-Town UNF. APTS. 64A

NEW YORK CITY
RIVERSIDE DRIVE WEST, 50-70-90
New Apartment Building, 1215 W. Washington St., N.W., D.C. 20004.

AIR RAID SHELTER
Garage on premises.
1215 W. Washington St., N.W., D.C. 20004.

OFFICES, RENT 66

BUSINESS PROP., SALE 77

BUSINESS PROP., RENT 78

SALE INVESTMENT PROP. 81

SALE INVESTMENT PROP. 82

SALE INVESTMENT PROP. 83

SALE INVESTMENT PROP. 84

SALE INVESTMENT PROP. 85

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SALE INVESTMENT PROP. 143

SALE INVESTMENT PROP. 144

THE HECHT CO.

JUNIOR MISS*
"BOX" COAT
22.95

Soft pastel plaid, with a little collar of inset velvet. Thru-button "box" coat in blue, beige and brown plaid. Sizes 9 to 15.

Young Washingtonian Shop, Third Floor
*Junior Miss is a size . . . not an age!

SOFT FLEECE "BOX"
COAT
19.95

A wider lapel, and a gently rounded shoulder. News in the set-in patch pockets. Red or camel color. Sizes 12 to 18. Properly labeled as to wool content.

Better Coats, Third Floor

THE "GENTLE TOUCH"
IN YOUR CASUAL HATS

Your "Pedro Sailor"—its crisp lines enveloped by gossamer veiling and a soft feather trim! The brim of your smart-tilt "Profile Hat" softly gathered-up, then gently sweeping down to shade your face with flattery. Dark shades . . . 5.95
(Same styles in light colors) . . . 6.95

Millinery, Third Floor

Stay as Sweet as You Are....

DON'T LET A THING EVER CHANGE YOU!"

Fashion gives you a theme song! "Stay As Sweet As You Are" . . . in spite of a world fraught with trouble! Be a shining light—more feminine than ever! . . . even with your shoulder to the wheel! And as you bend your gentle, womanly grace to the hard tasks ahead . . . so does Fashion answer the call for Femininity Above All, with a new "Gentle Touch" in the casual clothes you'll live in—and work in! Your hats . . . your coats . . . your shoes . . . now softly styled to bring out the woman in you—all blending color, fabric, line and detail into a new look that adds a beautiful liveliness to their casual practicability!

THE "GENTLE TOUCH"
IN YOUR CASUAL SHOESRED CROSS
CASUAL SHOES

6.95

Lovelier-than-ever Red Cross Shoes, now styled to keep you on the "go" in a luxury of comfort! Pumps, ties, straps and a wealth of other types . . . all with a new casualness that adds pretty feminine touches to their trim, tailored look. Choose them in black or tan calf and navy, polished to a satiny glow! Sizes 3½ to 9.

Women's Shoes, Main Floor, F St. Building



JUNIOR MISS* "BOY" COAT

22.95

Dry-Manhattan weather-proofed boy "Boy" coat, with a little girl look in the big, shiny buttons of simulated pearl laced up the front. Vent back. Sizes 9 to 15 in pastel wool.

Young Washingtonian Shop, Third Floor, F St. Building

*Junior Miss is a size . . . not an age!

THE "GENTLE TOUCH"
IN YOUR CASUAL COAT

SHADOW PLAID "BOX" COAT

\$35

Down-soft Tweed in a muted plaid. Fluid lines, gracefully collarless, with new detail in the inset front panel. Buttons high or ripples open. Sizes 14 to 20.

Better Coats, Third Floor, E St. Building

HARRIS TWEED
"BOX" COAT

29.95

A rugged hand-woven Harris weave turned gentle by muted coloring. Softly blended shades of brown, beige and navy in a box coat with rounded lapel and soft detail on the sleeves. Sizes 12 to 20.

Better Coats, Third Floor, E St. Building

The Hecht Co.

F ST., 7th ST., E ST.